



BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE
MAYOR AND COUNCIL
MEETING AGENDA & MATERIALS
THURSDAY,
SEPTEMBER 4, 2025
7:00 P.M.

AGENDA
BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE
MAYOR AND COUNCIL
COMBINED WORK AND REGULAR SESSION
SEPTEMBER 4, 2025 AT 7:00 P.M.

[MEETING LINK: JOIN LIVE](#)

Meeting ID: 270 364 207 997 5

Passcode: Jj2rs6oN

A combined Work and Regular Session of the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Allendale will be held in-person on September 4, 2025 beginning at 7:00 pm in the Mayor & Council Chambers at the Allendale Municipal Building, 500 West Crescent Avenue, Allendale, New Jersey 07401.

CALL TO ORDER:

OPEN PUBLIC MEETINGS ACT ANNOUNCEMENT:

ROLL CALL:

SALUTE TO FLAG:

PRESENTATIONS:

- A. Honoring the life and service of Charles “Charley” Kolasa.

AGENDA REVIEW:

PUBLIC COMMENT ON AGENDA ITEMS ONLY:

SECOND READING AND PUBLIC HEARING OF ORDINANCES:

[ORDINANCE #25-14](#): AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND, SUPPLEMENT AND REVISE THE CODE OF THE BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE, ZONING, CHAPTER 270-31, FENCES

[ORDINANCE #25-15](#): AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND CHAPTER 53 OF THE CODE OF THE BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE, “OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES”, TO FIX THE SALARIES, WAGES AND COMPENSATION OF THE OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE FOR THE YEAR 2025.

[ORDINANCE #25-16](#): AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND AND SUPPLEMENT CHAPTER 123, “FILMING” OF THE CODE OF THE BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE.

CONSENT AGENDA:

Matters listed below are considered routine and will be enacted by one motion of the Council and one roll call vote. There will be no separate discussion of these items unless a Council member requests an item be removed for consideration.

<u>RES 25-202:</u>	Adoption of Updated Personnel Policies & Procedures Manual and Employee Handbook.
<u>RES 25-203:</u>	Approval of 2025/2026 Agreement concerning the hiring and placement of two Class III Special Law Enforcement Officers for the Allendale School District.
<u>RES 25-204:</u>	Resolution authorizing hiring of a Special Law Enforcement Officer (SLEO III) – Craig Simko.
<u>RES 25-205:</u>	Approval of Payment No. 4 and Final for NJ MA-22 & MA-23 Allendale Streetscape Project Phase V & VI - A.A. Berms LLC.
<u>RES 25-206:</u>	RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING CHANGE ORDER N° 1 & FINAL FOR Reduction of Unused Quantities for Streetscape.
<u>RES 25-207:</u>	Authorization of 2025 Crestwood Lake Salaries Supplement Six.
<u>RES 25-208:</u>	Approval of September 4, 2025 List of Bills.
<u>RES 25-209:</u>	Tax Overpayments.
<u>RES 25-210:</u>	Authorizing the execution of a contract with Leckington Advisors LLC to provide Affordable Housing Administrative Agent Services.

ADMINISTRATION:

- A. Council Report
- B. Staff Reports
- C. Mayor's Report

UNFINISHED BUSINESS:

NEW BUSINESS:

PUBLIC COMMENTS ON ANY MATTER:

Those wishing to speak will have a three (3) minute time limit to address the governing body. Large groups are asked to have a spokesperson represent them.

ADJOURNMENT:

This agenda was prepared as of 09/03/2025 with all available information as of this date. Additional items may be added to this agenda. Final action may be taken on all matters listed or added to this agenda.

**BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE
COUNTY OF BERGEN
STATE OF NEW JERSEY**

ORDINANCE # 25-14

**AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND, SUPPLEMENT AND REVISE THE CODE OF THE
BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE, ZONING, CHAPTER 270-31, FENCES**

Ch 270-31 FENCES

A. FENCING for Residential Homes

Permit Requirements

1. Before any fence may be erected, altered or reconstructed, an application for a zoning permit must be made to the Building Dept online on the Boroughs website.
2. The application shall include a plot plan showing the location of the fence, a description of the type of fence including any decorative features to be erected and the height of the fence, the adjacent street or streets to the property and include a general indication of the topographic conditions where the fence is to be constructed. The application must be accompanied by a fee according to Borough ordinance.

Specifications:

- a) Fences shall be permitted in front, side and rear yards with height requirements listed below in section f (measurements).
- b) In the event that both sides of a fence are not identical, the finished or preferred side shall be required to face the street and/or abutting properties, as applicable. The finished or preferred side shall be that side which best conceals the fence posts, rails, and other supporting parts and/or which is painted, stained or otherwise treated when only one such side is so treated.
- c) The following fences and fencing materials are specifically prohibited in any location: barbed-wire fences, razor -wire fences, canvas cloth, electrified/charged fences and fences that may cause a danger or hazard to the public.
- d) Corner properties are subject to Allendale police department review and approval
- e) Opaque fences to a height of not more than eight feet may be permitted on exterior lot lines, solely for the purpose of meeting the light trespass requirements of § [270-32.1](#).

[Added 3-2-2017^{[1](#)}]

f) Measurements

Front Yard: Fencing within 15 feet of lot lines may be erected to a height of not more than 5 feet. Beyond 15 feet from the lot line, fences can be erected to a height of not exceeding 6 feet. These fences must be open and not opaque.

Rear and Side Yard: Fencing in rear and side yards may be erected to a height not to exceed 6 feet

Exceptions to these limits may be granted by the appropriate board upon notice and finding of hardship. *Farms will be exempt*

B. DEER FENCING

Open fencing designed for the purpose of repelling or preventing the travel or entry of deer may be installed in **rear and side yards only**, as those terms are defined below. The control of deer by the construction of deer fencing shall be subject to the following regulations:

- An application for a zoning permit must be made to the Building Dept online on the Boroughs website.
 - The application shall include a plot plan showing the location of the fence, a sample of the proposed fencing and the height of the fence.
 - The application must be accompanied by a fee according to Borough ordinance.
- a. Deer fencing is a square mesh or hexagonal mesh fence with a mesh size of approximately eight square inches or less used to protect gardens, vegetation, and yards from deer or other wildlife. Permitted deer fences shall only be constructed of a black polypropylene material or a metal core covered by a black polypropylene material only.
 - b. Deer fencing is permitted on rear and side yards only and is permitted on property lot lines.
 - c. No deer fence shall be erected, constructed or installed which is over eight feet in height.
 - d. Deer fencing may not be attached to trees and must be securely supported by posts or attached to existing fencing and shall be installed in accordance with manufacturing specifications.
 - e. Deer fencing must be safely staked or secured at ground level and may not have caps or rails or other decorative or non-fencing material at its top edge.
 - f. Deer fencing that is visible from the street must be accompanied by adjacent landscaping.
 - g. Deer fencing shall be maintained in good condition and be subject to periodic inspection by our Property Maintenance Officer to assure that it has not deteriorated, come loose or otherwise become a visual or safety nuisance or hazard.

h. Enforcement and penalties for violations shall be in accordance with the Borough Code

Exceptions to these limits may be granted by the appropriate board upon notice and finding of hardship. *Farms will be exempt*

	Motion	Second	Yes	No	Abstain	Absent
Councilman Yaccarino						
Councilman O'Toole						
Councilwoman Homan						
Councilwoman Lovisolo						
Councilman Daloisio						
Councilman O'Connell						
Mayor Wilczynski	-----	-----				

I hereby certify the above to be a true copy of an Ordinance adopted by the Governing Body of the Borough of Allendale on September 4, 2025.

Linda Louise Cervino, RMC
Municipal Clerk

Amy Wilczynski
Mayor

**BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE
COUNTY OF BERGEN
STATE OF NEW JERSEY**

ORDINANCE # 25-15

AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND CHAPTER 53 OF THE CODE OF THE BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE, "OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES", TO FIX THE SALARIES, WAGES AND COMPENSATION OF THE OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE FOR THE YEAR 2025.

BE IT ORDAINED, by the Governing Body of the Borough of Allendale that the salaries of the following officers and employees of the Borough of Allendale shall be paid bi-weekly and fixed in the amounts as set forth below, effective January 1, 2025.

TITLE	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM
Borough Administrator	20,000	75,000
Chief Financial Officer	65,000	135,000
Qualified Purchasing Agent	3,000	6,000
Municipal Clerk	60,000	97,000
Deputy Municipal Clerk	48,000	68,000
Department of Public Works Superintendent	110,000	120,000
Tax Collector	63,000	78,000
Tax Assessor, Part-time	30,000	55,000
Director of Communications	5,000	15,000
Board of Health Secretary	2,500	4,000
Certified Recycling Professional	1,500	3,000
Construction Code Official	25,000	95,000
CCO Inspector	4,000	7,000
Electrical Sub Code Official, Part-time	12,000	28,000
Building Sub Code Official	13,000	17,500
Plumbing Sub Code Official, Part-time	12,000	30,000
Zoning Official	13,000	17,500
Property Maintenance Official	38,000	45,000
Fire Sub Code Official, Part-time	10,000	17,000
Fire Prevention Official, Part-time	3,800	20,000
Fire Inspectors, Hourly	14.00	22.00
Bookkeeper	50,000	65,000
Administrative Assistant	35,000	53,000
Administrative Assistant, Part-time/hourly	16.00	23.00
Land Use Administrative Assistant	58,000	65,000
Summer Interns, Hourly	14.00	17.00

Crestwood Lake Staff – Seasonal	500	20,000
Crestwood Lake Employees – Seasonal, Hourly	12.70	19.00
Building Monitor, Hourly	15.00	17.00
Chief of Police	170,000	200,000
Police Patrolman	43,000	160,000
Sergeant	152,000	165,000
Lieutenant	156,000	170,000
Detective Lieutenant	165,000	170,000
Patrolman Detective Stipend	1,500	1,800
Municipal Magistrate	10,000	18,000
Municipal Prosecutor	4,000	8,000
Radio Police Dispatcher, Full-time	35,000	45,000
Radio Police Dispatcher, Part-time-hourly	16.00	22.00
Crossing Guards, P/T Hourly	14.00	30.00
Emergency Management Official	2,500	4,500
Laborer, DPW	40,000	90,000
Standby, DPW, Per Week	425	450
Crew Chief, DPW	3,000	5,000
Laborer, DPW, Part-time/hourly	16.00	21.00

	Motion	Second	Yes	No	Abstain	Absent
Councilman Yaccarino						
Councilman O'Toole						
Councilwoman Homan						
Councilwoman Lovisolo						
Councilman Daloisio						
Councilman O'Connell						
Mayor Wilczynski	-----	-----				

I hereby certify the above to be a true copy of an Ordinance adopted by the Governing Body of the Borough of Allendale on September 4, 2025.

Linda Louise Cervino, RMC
Municipal Clerk

Amy Wilczynski
Mayor

BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE
COUNTY OF BERGEN
STATE OF NEW JERSEY

ORDINANCE # 25-16

AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND AND SUPPLEMENT CHAPTER 123, "FILMING"
OF THE CODE OF THE BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE

123-1. Definitions.

As used in this chapter, the following terms shall have the meanings indicated:

FILMING — The taking of still or motion pictures, either on film, videotape, or similar recording medium, for commercial or educational purposes intended for viewing on video receivers, television or in theaters or for institutional use. The provisions of this chapter shall not be deemed to include the "filming" of news stories within the municipality.

MAJOR MOTION PICTURE/TELEVISION SERIES — Any film which is financed and/or distributed by a major motion picture studio, including but not limited to the following:

- A. Universal Pictures.
- B. Warner Brothers, including New Line Cinema, Castle Rock Cinema, Village Road Show and Bel-Aire.
- C. Paramount, including MTV films and Nickelodeon Movie.
- D. 20th Century Fox, including Fox Searchlight.
- E. Sony/Columbia.
- F. Disney/Miramax.
- G. MGM — United Artists.
- H. Dreamworks.
- I. Any major streaming service, such as Netflix, Hulu, or Amazon Prime Video
- J. Any film for which the budget is at least \$5,000,000.
- K. Recurrent weekly television series programming.

PUBLIC LANDS — Any and every public street, highway, sidewalk, square, public park, playground or any other public place within the Borough which is within the jurisdiction and control of the Borough of Allendale.

123-2. Permits.

- A. No person or organization shall film or permit filming on public or on private property where such filming involves the use of public property for the operation, placement or temporary storage of vehicles or equipment utilized in such filming, including, but not limited to, any temporary structure, barricade or device intended to restrict or block off pedestrian or vehicular traffic, without first having obtained a permit from the office of the Municipal Clerk, which permit shall set forth the approved location of such filming and the approved duration of such filming by specific reference to day or dates. Said permit must be readily available for inspection by Borough officials at all times at the site of filming.
- B. Permits shall be obtained in the office of the Borough Clerk during normal business hours. Applications for such permits shall be in a form approved by the Municipal Clerk and shall be accompanied by a permit fee in the amount established herein.
- C. One permit shall be required for each location.
- D. If a permit is issued and, due to inclement weather or other good cause, filming does not in fact take place on the dates specified, the Borough Clerk may, at the request of the applicant, issue a new permit for filming on other dates subject to full compliance with all other provisions of this chapter. No additional fee shall be paid for this permit.

123-3. Rules and regulations.

- A. No permit will be issued by the Municipal Clerk unless applied for prior to five days before the requested shooting date; provided, however, that the Borough Clerk may waive the five-day period if, in his/her judgment, the applicant has obtained all related approvals and adjacent property owners or tenants do not need to be notified.
- B. No permit shall be issued for filming upon public lands within the Borough of Allendale unless the applicant for such permit:
 - (1) Provides proof of insurance coverage for bodily injury for any one person in the amount of \$1,000,000, for any aggregate occurrence in the amount of \$3,000,000 and for property damage for each occurrence in the aggregate amount of \$500,000. The Borough of Allendale shall be named as an additional insured on the policy and a certificate of insurance shall be delivered to the Borough at the time that the permit is issued.
 - (2) Agrees in writing to indemnify and save harmless the Borough of Allendale from any and all liability or damages resulting from the use of such public lands.

- (3) Posts a cash or maintenance bond of \$1,000 in favor of the Borough and protecting and insuring that the location utilized will be left after filming in a satisfactory condition, free of debris, rubbish and equipment, and that due observation of all Borough ordinances, laws and regulations will be followed. If no claim is made upon the bond, the bond shall be returned to the permittee within 30 days of the completion of the filming.
 - (4) The hiring of an off-duty police officer for the times indicated on the permit at the discretion of the Police chief and Public Safety Committee.
- C. The holder of a permit shall take all reasonable steps to minimize interference with the free passage of pedestrians and traffic over public lands and shall comply with all lawful directives issued by the Borough Police Department with respect thereto.
- D. The holder of a permit shall conduct filming in such a manner as to minimize the inconvenience or discomfort to adjoining property owners attributable to such filming and shall, to the extent practicable, abate noise and park vehicles associated with such filming off the public streets. The holder shall avoid any interference with previously scheduled activities upon public lands and limit to the extent possible any interference with normal public activity on such public lands.
- E. The holder of a permit shall take all reasonable steps to minimize the creation and spread of debris and rubbish during filming and shall be responsible for removing all equipment, debris and other rubbish from the filming location upon the completion of filming or the expiration of the permit, whichever comes first.
- F. Filming shall be permitted only Monday through Friday between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m. or sundown, whichever is earlier, provided that all requests for night scenes shall be approved in the permit to be granted in accordance with these regulations when not in conflict with the Borough of Allendale's noise ordinance or state laws, i.e. Blue Law. The setup, production and breakdown required by all filming shall be included in the hours as set forth herein.
- G. Where the applicant's production activity, by reason of location or otherwise, will directly involve and/or effect any businesses, merchants or residents, these parties shall be given written notice of the filming at least three days prior to the requested shooting date and be informed, and any objections may be filed with the Municipal Clerk, said objections to form a part of applicant's application and be considered in the review of the same. Proof of service of notification to adjacent owners shall be submitted to the Municipal Clerk within two days of the requested shooting date.

- H. The Borough reserves the right to require one or more on-site patrolmen in situations where the proposed production may impede the proper flow of traffic; the cost of said patrolmen to be borne by the applicant as a cost of production. Where existing electrical power lines are to be utilized by the production, an on-site licensed electrician may be similarly required if the production company does not have a licensed electrician on staff.
- I. The Municipal Clerk may authorize a waiver of any of the requirements or limitations of this chapter and may authorize filming on other public property not defined as "public lands" and may authorize filming other than during the hours herein described or may waive any other limitation or requirement of this chapter whenever he determines that strict compliance with such limitations will pose an unreasonable burden upon the applicant and that such a permit may be issued without endangering the public's health, safety and welfare.
- J. Copies of the approved permit will be sent to the Police and Fire Departments before filming takes place and to the New Jersey Film Commission. The applicant shall notify the Fire Department and the Police Department 24 hours before filming takes place and permit the Fire Department and the Police Department to inspect the site and the equipment to be used. The applicant shall comply with all fire and safety instructions issued by the Fire Department and the Police Department.

123-4. Fees.

The schedule of fees for the issuance of permits authorized herein are as follows:

- A. Basic filming permit: \$500. Where an applicant requests an expedited processing of the permit application, the basic filming fee shall be \$600.
- B. Daily filming fee in addition to the basic filming permit: \$750 per day.
- C. Daily filming fee payable for major motion picture: \$2,500 per day.
- D. Filming permit for nonprofit applicants filming for educational purposes, including student films, (no daily rate required): \$50 (requires proof of 501c3).
- E. Use of Public Buildings \$500.
- F. Use of Park or Beach \$500.
- G. Filming on private property: \$100 Basic Permit Fee. No daily filming fee will be imposed.

123-5. Exemptions.

The provisions of this chapter shall not apply to the filming of news stories within the Borough of Allendale.

123-6. Violations and penalties.

Where the owner of the premises is not the applicant for a permit required by this chapter, both the owner and the applicant shall each be liable for violations hereof. Any person, firm, or corporation violating this chapter or these rules and regulations, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding \$2,000 per day or by imprisonment for a term not exceeding 90 days, or both. A separate offense shall be deemed committed on each day during or on which a violation occurs or continues.

This Ordinance shall take effect after passage and publication in the manner provided by law.

	Motion	Second	Yes	No	Abstain	Absent
Councilman Yaccarino						
Councilman O'Toole						
Councilwoman Homan						
Councilwoman Lovisolo						
Councilman Daloisio						
Councilman O'Connell						
Mayor Wilczynski	-----	-----				

I hereby certify the above to be a true copy of an Ordinance adopted by the Governing Body of the Borough of Allendale on September 4, 2025.

Linda Louise Cervino, RMC
Municipal Clerk

Amy Wilczynski
Mayor

**RESOLUTION
BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE
BERGEN COUNTY, NJ**

DATE: 09/04/2025

RESOLUTION# 25-202

Council	Motion	Second	Yes	No	Abstain	Absent
Yaccarino						
O'Toole						
Homan						
Lovisolo						
Daloisio						
O'Connell						
Mayor Wilczynski	-----	-----				

☐ Carried
☐ Defeated
☐ Tabled
☐ Approved on Consent
Agenda

**ADOPTION OF UPDATED PERSONNEL POLICIES & PROCEDURES MANUAL AND
EMPLOYEE HANDBOOK**

WHEREAS, it is the policy of the Borough of Allendale to treat employees and prospective employees in a manner consistent with all applicable employment laws and regulations including, but not limited to Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended by the Equal Opportunity Act of 1972, the Age Discrimination in Employment Act, the Equal Pay for Equal Work Act, the Fair Labor Standards Act, the New Jersey Law Against Discrimination, the Americans with Disabilities Act, the Family and Medical Leave Act, the Conscientious Employee Protection Act, the Public Employee Occupational Safety and Health Act, the New Jersey Attorney General's guidelines with respect to Police Department personnel matters, the New Jersey Workers Compensation Act, the Federal Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA) and the Open Public Meeting Act; and

WHEREAS, the Mayor and Council has determined that there is a need for personnel policies and procedures to ensure that employees and prospective employees are treated in a manner consistent with these laws and regulations; and

WHEREAS, the Employee Handbook of the Borough of Allendale serves as a purpose to acquaint employees with his/her employment for the Borough of Allendale (the "Employer").

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Allendale that the Personnel Policies and Procedures Manual and Employee Handbook are hereby adopted; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that these personnel policies and procedures shall apply to all Borough of Allendale officials, appointees, employees, volunteers and independent contractors. In the event there is a conflict between these rules and any collective bargaining

**RESOLUTION
BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE
BERGEN COUNTY, NJ**

DATE: 09/04/2025

RESOLUTION# 25-202

agreement, personnel services contract or Federal or State law, the terms and conditions of that contract or law shall prevail. In all other cases, these policies and procedures shall prevail.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that this manual is intended to provide guidelines covering public service by Borough of Allendale employees and is not a contract. The provisions of this manual may be amended and supplemented from time to time without notice and at the sole discretion of the Mayor and Council.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that to the maximum extent permitted by law, employment practices for the Borough of Allendale shall operate under the legal doctrine known as “employment at will.”

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Administration, Finance and HR Committee and all managerial/supervisory personnel are responsible for these employment practices. The Administrative Officer and the Municipal/Labor Attorney shall assist the Administration, Finance and HR Committee in the implementation of the policies and procedures in the manual.

I hereby certify the above to be a true copy of a Resolution adopted by the Governing Body of the Borough of Allendale on September 4, 2025.

Linda Louise Cervino, RMC
Municipal Clerk

BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE PERSONNEL POLICIES & PROCEDURES MANUAL

Non-Civil Service Jurisdiction

December 7, 2023

Revised September 4, 2025



AT-WILL STATEMENT & DISCLAIMER

The contents of this Personnel Policies and Procedures manual (“the Manual”) summarize the current benefits and guidelines within the Borough of Allendale (“the Employer”) and are intended as guidelines only.

The Employer reserves the right to change, delete, suspend, or discontinue any part or parts of this Manual at any time, without prior notice, and any such action shall apply to existing as well as future employees. You should be aware that these benefits and guidelines may be changed at any time, and that depending upon the circumstances of a given situation, the Employer’s actions may vary from the provisions of this Manual. **As such, the contents of the Manual DO NOT CONSTITUTE THE TERMS OF A CONTRACT OF EMPLOYMENT.**

It should be noted that nothing contained in this Manual should be construed as a guarantee of continued employment; but rather, EMPLOYMENT WITH THE EMPLOYER IS ON AN AT-WILL BASIS. This means that either the employee or the Employer, with or without cause, may terminate the employment relationship at any time with or without notice, for any reason not expressly prohibited by law. Any exception must be expressly authorized and signed by the Employer.

This Manual supersedes and replaces all prior personnel policy and benefit statements, whether oral or in writing. While some of the provisions contained herein refer specifically only to federal law, employees should be aware that the Employer will comply with all federal, state and local laws. Should any provision in this Manual be found to be unenforceable and/or invalid, such finding does not invalidate the entire Manual, but only the subject provision. Many of the policies in this handbook shall also apply in equal force to volunteers of the Employer. [NOTE: the definition of volunteers should be based on the individual municipality’s structure as it relates to volunteers, including volunteer fire departments]

When changes are made to this Manual, the Employer will make any corresponding changes to the Employee Handbook that are necessary so that the Manual and Handbook do not conflict.

All employees will be notified when any material changes are made to the policies contained in this Manual.

This Manual has been written so as not to conflict with the collective bargaining agreements between the Employer and its unionized employees. If there is a conflict between this Manual and any collective bargaining agreement, the provisions of the collective bargaining agreement will prevail for represented employees. This Manual has been written so as not to conflict with the provisions and mandates of the laws and regulations governing employment in the State of New Jersey. If there is a conflict between this Manual and any such mandate pursuant to law, such law will prevail for covered employees.

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SECTION ONE: GENERAL PERSONNEL POLICIES

EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY POLICY

The Employer is committed to the principle of equal employment opportunity and anti-discrimination pursuant to Title VII of the 1964 Civil Rights Act as amended by the Equal Opportunity Act of 1972 and the New Jersey Law Against Discrimination (LAD) and all other applicable state or federal laws. Under no circumstances will the Employer discriminate on the basis of sex, race, creed, color, religion, national origin, ancestry, age, marital status, affectional or sexual orientation, domestic partnership status, civil union status, atypical heredity, cellular or blood trait, genetic information, disability (including AIDS or HIV infection), pregnancy, breastfeeding, childbirth, liability for service in the United States Armed Forces, gender identity or expression, and/or any other characteristic protected by state or federal law. Accordingly, decisions regarding hiring, promotion, transfer, demotion or termination are based solely on the qualifications and performance of the employee or prospective employee. If any employee or prospective employee feels they have been treated unfairly, they have the right to address their concern with their supervisor, or the Borough Administrator, or any other supervisor with whom they feel comfortable, using the complaint procedure set forth in the Policy Against Harassment set forth in this Manual.

Any employees with questions or concerns about any type of discrimination or harassment in the workplace are encouraged to bring these issues to the attention of management through the complaint procedure set forth in the Policy Against Harassment set forth in this Manual.

AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES AND PREGNANT WORKERS FAIRNESS

The Employer complies with the New Jersey Law Against Discrimination, the Americans with Disabilities Act and the federal Pregnant Workers Fairness Act (“PWFA”). The Employer will not discriminate against any qualified employee or job applicant with respect to any terms, privileges, or conditions of employment because of a person's physical or mental disability, pregnancy, pregnancy-related medical condition, breastfeeding or childbirth. The Employer also will make reasonable accommodations wherever necessary for all employees or applicants with disabilities or with known limitations related to pregnancy, childbirth or related medical conditions, provided that the individual is otherwise qualified to safely perform the essential duties and assignments connected with the job and provided that accommodations do not require significant difficulty or expense. The Employer's nondiscrimination policy applies to all aspects of the employer-employee relationship, including recruitment, hiring, upgrading, training, promotion, transfer, discipline, layoff, recall, and termination.

Definitions. The Americans with Disabilities Act defines an individual with a disability as any person who:

- (1) has a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities, such as caring for oneself, walking, seeing, hearing, or speaking;
- (2) has a record of such an impairment; or
- (3) is regarded as having such an impairment.

An individual must satisfy at least one of the three prongs of the above definition to be considered an individual with a disability under the ADA. Temporary conditions, such as a broken leg, are not disabilities, nor are minor impairments, such as vision problems that are correctable with glasses.

The New Jersey Law Against Discrimination defines disability as a physical disability, infirmity, malformation or disfigurement which is caused by bodily injury, birth defect or illness including epilepsy and other seizure disorders, and which shall include, but not be limited to, any degree of paralysis, amputation, lack of physical coordination, blindness or visual impediment, deafness or hearing impediment, muteness or speech impediment or physical reliance on a service or guide dog, wheelchair, or other remedial appliance or device, or any mental, psychological or developmental disability resulting from anatomical, psychological, physiological or neurological conditions which prevents the normal exercise of any bodily or mental functions or is demonstrable, medically or psychologically, by accepted clinical or laboratory diagnostic techniques. Disability shall also mean AIDS or HIV infection.

A qualified individual is an individual with a disability who, with or without reasonable accommodation, can perform the essential functions of the employment position held or sought. An individual who poses a threat to the health and safety of oneself or to others is not qualified. Reasonable accommodation means

any change or adjustment to a job or work environment that does not impose an undue hardship on the Employer, or that permits a qualified applicant or employee with a disability to participate in the job application process, perform the essential functions of the job, or enjoy benefits and privileges of employment equal to those enjoyed by employees without disabilities.

The Pregnancy Workers Fairness Act (“PWFA”) defines “pregnancy and childbirth” as meaning the pregnancy or childbirth of the specific employee in question and includes, but is not limited to, current pregnancy; past pregnancy; potential or intended pregnancy (which can include infertility, fertility treatment, and the use of contraception); labor; and childbirth.

Requesting Accommodation. Qualified employees or prospective employees with disabilities, or who need accommodations due to pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical conditions, may request accommodations to perform the essential functions of their job or gain access to the hiring process. Employees or prospective employees should direct their written request to the Employer. In the written request, the employee or prospective employee should identify themselves as a person with a disability, eligible for protection, or include an explanation of the pregnancy-related limitation and identify the nature of the accommodation or consideration desired.

The Employer may require the employee to provide adequate medical or other appropriate documentation of the disability or pregnancy or childbirth-related condition and the need for the desired accommodation. The Employer will reasonably accommodate the known physical or mental limitation of an otherwise qualified applicant or employee with a disability or employee affected by pregnancy or childbirth unless the accommodation would impose an undue hardship on the Employer’s business operation.

To further the Employer’s nondiscrimination policy, the Employer will:

- Identify the essential functions of a job;
- Determine whether a person with a disability, with or without accommodation, is qualified to perform the duties; and
- Determine whether a reasonable accommodation can be made for a qualified individual.

Reasonable accommodations that the Employer may provide in connection with modifications to the work environment or adjustments in how and when a job is performed may include the following:

- Making existing facilities accessible and usable;
- Job restructuring;
- Part-time or modified work schedules;
- Acquiring or modifying equipment or devices;
- Appropriate adjustment or modifications of testing materials, training materials, and/or policies;
- Reassignment to a vacant position.

In the case of an employee needing accommodations for pregnancy or childbirth, a reasonable accommodation may include the temporary suspension of essential functions and/or modifications or adjustments that permit the temporary suspension of essential functions.

In the case of an employee breastfeeding her infant child, the accommodation shall include reasonable break time each day to the employee and a suitable room or other location with privacy, other than a toilet stall, in close proximity to work area for the employee to express breast milk for the child.

The Employer is also committed to not discriminating against any qualified employee or applicant because he or she is related to or associated with a person with a disability. If any applicant or employee has questions concerning the Employer's equal employment opportunity policy, he or she should contact the Employer.

POLICY AGAINST HARASSMENT

The Employer is committed to providing a work environment that is free of discrimination. The Employer will not tolerate harassment of or by employees towards anyone, including any supervisor, co-worker, or non-employee, including vendors and citizens.

Applicability. This policy applies to all people employed by the Employer, as well as volunteers working on behalf of the Employer, and prohibits such conduct by or towards all such employees/volunteers. Independent contractors, vendors and all other parties, engaged in a professional business relationship with the Employer are also expected to abide by the policy. In addition, no employee shall be required to withstand behavior from the public which violates this policy.

Purpose. This policy is designed to ensure all employees a work environment free of any type of discrimination based upon a protected status, including freedom from sexual harassment. The purpose of this policy is to inform employees that harassment based upon a protected status is prohibited, to educate employees about harassment based upon a protected status and to provide employees with a procedure to bring complaints to management's attention.

Provisions. All employees are expected to avoid any behavior or conduct of a harassing or discriminatory nature. The Employer prohibits any form of harassment or discrimination related to an employee's protected group status, including race, creed, color, national origin, ancestry, religion, age, marital status, civil union status, domestic partnership status, affectional or sexual orientation, familial status, genetic information, sex, gender identity or expression, disability (including perceived disability, physical, mental, and/or intellectual disabilities), atypical hereditary cellular or blood trait, or because of the liability for service in the Armed Forces of the United States, veteran status, citizenship status, or any other group status protected by law. Harassment includes, but is not limited to:

- A. Treating an individual less favorably based on a person's protected group status;
- B. Using derogatory or demeaning slurs to refer to a person's protected group status;
- C. Calling another by an unwanted nickname which refers to one or more protected group statuses, or telling ethnic jokes that harass an employee or create a hostile work environment;
- D. Using derogatory references regarding a protected group status in any job-related communication;
- E. Engaging in threatening, intimidating, or hostile acts, in the workplace, based on a protected group status; or
- F. Displaying or distributing material in the workplace that contains language or derogatory or demeaning images, based on any protected group status.

Any form of harassment or discrimination related to an employee's protected group status violates this policy. A hostile work environment can arise not only from conduct at the workplace, but can also arise

from conduct occurring in a work-related context outside of the workplace (i.e., virtually or off-site) and conduct occurring in a non-work related context (i.e., through private phones, computers, or social media accounts) when that conduct impacts the workplace.

This policy applies to all employment practices such as recruitment, selection, hiring, training, promotion, transfer, assignment, layoff, return from layoff, termination, compensation, fringe benefits, working conditions and career development.

Violations of this policy will result in appropriate disciplinary action up to and including termination of employment.

Sexual Harassment. The Employer prohibits sexual harassment of its employees in any form. Such conduct shall result in appropriate disciplinary action up to and including dismissal from employment.

A. Sexual harassment consists of unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, sexually motivated physical conduct or other verbal or physical conduct, gestures or communications, expressed or implied, of a sexual nature when:

- (1) Submission to that conduct or communication is made a term or condition, either explicitly or implicitly, of obtaining or retaining employment; or
- (2) Submission to or rejection of that conduct or communication by an individual is used as a factor in decisions affecting that individual's employment, or
- (3) That conduct or communication has the purpose or effect of substantially or unreasonably interfering with an individual's employment, or creating an intimidating hostile or offensive employment environment.

B. Prohibited Conduct: No supervisory employee shall threaten or insinuate either directly or indirectly, that an employee's refusal to submit to sexual advances will adversely affect the employee's continued employment, evaluation, compensation, assignment, advancement, or any other condition of employment. Similarly, no supervisory employee shall promise or suggest either directly or indirectly, that an employee's submission to sexual advances will result in any improvement in any term or condition of employment for the employee.

Other sexually harassing conduct in the workplace, whether committed by supervisory or non-supervisory personnel is also prohibited. This includes, but shall not be limited to:

- (1) Sexual flirtations, advances, propositions, subtle pressure for sexual activity, flirtatious whistling, discussing sexual activities;
- (2) Verbal abuse of a sexual nature including sexually oriented "kidding" or "teasing," "practical jokes," jokes about gender-specific traits, and foul or obscene language or gestures;
- (3) The display of sexually graphic pictures or pictures of an offensive nature, or objects in the workplace, including sexually suggestive written material such as letters, notes, facsimiles, text messages and e-mails;

(4) Any unwelcome sexually motivated touching, including, for example, patting, pinching, hugging, cornering, blocking or impeding movement and repeated brushing against another employee's body.

Sexual harassment also occurs when one person harasses another solely because of the victim's gender. This type of sexual harassment may involve unwelcome sexual demands or overtures, but it may also take the form of other harassing conduct not necessarily sexual in nature. For example, this would include gender stereotyping such as comments about the lesser abilities, capacities, or the "proper role" of females. It also includes subjecting a woman or a man to non-sexual harassment solely because of her or his gender. Sexual harassment is prohibited whether the harasser is male or female, and whether the harassment is opposite sex or same-sex harassment.

Complaint Procedure. Any employee who feels he or she has been subject to harassment should report the incident directly to the designated Affirmative Action Officer. The designated Affirmative Action Officer will ask the employee to complete a Harassment Complaint Form. Employees, however, are not required to complete the complaint form to initiate a harassment complaint under this policy.

Alternatively, any employee who feels he or she has been subject to harassment should report the incident directly to the Borough Administrator. The Borough Administrator will ask the employee to complete a Harassment Complaint Form. Employees, however, are not required to complete the complaint form to initiate a harassment complaint under this policy.

Any individual uncomfortable reporting an incident to the designated Affirmative Action Officer and/or Borough Administrator should feel free to go to any management representative which he or she feels most comfortable to relay the problem. When any management representative learns of a violation of this policy, the management representative shall assist the victim in reporting the alleged incident(s) of harassment.

All Employer employees should notify the alleged harasser that the behavior in question is thought to be offensive and unwelcome. However, failure to inform the alleged harasser that the behavior is unwelcome does not prevent the victim from filing a complaint pursuant to this policy. The harassment or discrimination does not have to occur on the Employer's property during regular work hours for an employee to file a complaint under this policy.

The Employer strongly encourages employees who witness conduct which they believe violates the Employer's Policy Against Harassment to report the violation pursuant to this complaint procedure. The Employer encourages the prompt reporting of complaints so that rapid response and appropriate action may be taken. Any complaint should be reported within sixty (60) days to be considered current. Nevertheless, due to the sensitive nature of these problems, all complaints will be investigated, regardless of when they are filed.

Investigation Procedure. The Employer shall conduct an investigation into the harassment complaint to determine the merits of the allegations. The designated Affirmative Action Officer and/or Borough Administrator shall designate an objective investigator to determine the validity of any complaint. The objective investigator may include any third party deemed appropriate.

The investigation shall be completed in a reasonable time to resolve the issue and minimize the effects of such investigation on the parties involved. The investigation will, at a minimum, include an interview with the employee bringing the complaint and the accused.

If the Employer determines that the complaint has merit, the accused shall face appropriate disciplinary action based upon the severity of the complaint and any prior history of past charges against the individual. Disciplinary action may include a written warning, suspension, demotion, and/or termination of employment. Any disciplinary action shall be consistent with applicable collective bargaining agreements, regulations and applicable due process safeguards. Upon completion of the investigation, the entire file shall be maintained in a secure location with the Employer.

In the event that the Employer determines the complaint to be intentionally dishonest, appropriate disciplinary action may be taken against the employee who caused the complaint to be filed.

Privacy. To the extent possible, all persons involved in a harassment complaint will be given the utmost protection of privacy. Specifically, the Employer will strive, both during and after the investigation, to maintain confidentiality to the fullest extent possible, including confidentiality of the identities of all persons involved or alleged to be involved in the incident, revealing only those particulars of the matter to the extent necessary for a thorough investigation. Any employee who unnecessarily compromises the confidentiality of an investigation will be subject to appropriate discipline.

Responsibility of Supervisory Personnel. Supervisors are to monitor the work environment to ensure that all subordinates comply with this Policy Against Harassment. When a supervisor learns of a violation of this policy, the supervisor shall assist the victim in reporting the alleged incident(s) of harassment.

Alternatively, the supervisor shall report the matter to the designated Affirmative Action Officer and/or Borough Administrator for resolution.

Retaliation Prohibited. The Employer encourages victims of harassment to bring their complaints to management by ensuring that no reprisals or retaliation will result from the good faith reporting of harassment. The filing of a complaint, in good faith, shall not, under any circumstances provide cause for discipline. Additionally, it is a violation of this policy for any personnel to retaliate against another because he or she filed a complaint or otherwise participated in the complaint procedure.

Any supervisor who receives a harassment complaint from any employee must bring it to the attention of the designated Affirmative Action Officer and/or Borough Administrator for resolution. Supervisors shall closely monitor the work environment for any forms of retaliation once an allegation has been made. This will include but not be limited to verbal remarks, irregular assignments or any other activity that may contribute to a hostile work environment.

Legal Effect. This Policy Against Harassment is to be construed as a unilateral expression of the policy of the Employer concerning harassment in the workplace. It is not intended to create any contractual rights or duties and any such intention or effect is hereby disclaimed. This policy may be amended, supplemented, modified and/or revised at any time. Any employee with questions regarding the

Employer's Policy Against Harassment should contact the designated Affirmative Action Officer and/or Borough Administrator.

Training. The Employer recognizes the need to reinforce its policies with effective training. Training is to be provided to all supervisory and non-supervisory employees. Ultimately, the goal of effective training is to build a culture in which all employees feel safe. Training may be conducted in person or through electronic means. To the extent economically and operationally feasible, training should be conducted live whenever possible. Training should empower participants to intervene appropriately when they witness harassment or discrimination. This means not only training participants on the requirements of the policy prohibiting harassment and discrimination, but also training participants on tools for response and lodging complaints. Training should emphasize the negative impact of harassment and discrimination on employees, workplace productivity, workplace culture, and encouraging those employees who either experience harassment/discrimination or witness it to report it.

Monitor for Compliance. The Employer acknowledges the importance of ensuring that employers' policies and procedures are actually working as intended to prevent sexual harassment and other forms of discrimination from occurring in the workplace. It is the expectation of the Employer that all supervisors shall enforce anti-harassment policies and that setting the proper example is part of their job description and part of the evaluation of their job performance. The Employer will engage in proactive efforts to monitor and ensure compliance with its policies within their workplaces.

Harassment Complaint Form

THIS INVESTIGATION IS CONFIDENTIAL AND INFORMATION OBTAINED DURING THE COURSE OF THIS INVESTIGATION MUST NOT BE DISCLOSED

Name: _____

Department: _____

Job Title: _____

Supervisor: _____

Union Representative *(if any)*: _____

Time Period Covered by Complaint: _____

Individuals Who Allegedly Committed Harassment:

	Name	Department	Job Title
1.	_____	_____	_____
	_____	_____	_____
2.	_____	_____	_____
	_____	_____	_____
3.	_____	_____	_____
	_____	_____	_____
4.	_____	_____	_____
	_____	_____	_____
5.	_____	_____	_____
	_____	_____	_____

Describe the dates and the nature of the harassment allegedly committed by each identified individual:

Identify all employees or others with knowledge of the complained of conduct:

Are there any documents which contain information supporting the occurrences described above?

Is there any physical evidence which supports your complaint? If so, please describe:

Have you missed any work time as a result of the alleged harassment? If “yes,” identify the occasions.

Have you incurred any unreimbursed medical expenses as a result of the alleged harassment?

If you previously complained about this or related acts of general harassment to an Employer supervisor or official, please identify the individual to whom you complained, the date of the complaint, and the resolution of your complaint:

(Attach Additional Sheets if Necessary)

Are you afraid that someone may retaliate against you because you filed this complaint? If so, please identify the person(s) and indicate the reasons why you feel the person(s) may retaliate against you.

What is your requested remedy in this complaint?

Acknowledgement:

The information provided above is true and correct.

Signature of Complainant: _____ Date: _____

To investigate your complaint, it will be necessary to interview you, the alleged harasser(s), and any witnesses with knowledge of the allegations or defenses. The Employer will notify all persons involved in the investigation that it is confidential and that unauthorized disclosures of information concerning the investigation could result in disciplinary action up to and including termination.

I am willing to cooperate fully in the investigation of my complaint and to provide whatever evidence the Employer deems relevant.

Signature of Complainant: _____ Date: _____

Witness Statement Form

***THIS INVESTIGATION IS CONFIDENTIAL AND INFORMATION OBTAINED DURING THE
COURSE OF THIS INVESTIGATION MUST NOT BE DISCLOSED***

Name: _____

Department: _____

Job Title: _____

Union Representative (*if any*): _____

Length of Time Known: Complainant _____ Respondent _____

Individuals Who Allegedly Committed Harassment:

	Name	Department	Job Title
1.	_____	_____	_____
	_____	_____	_____
2.	_____	_____	_____
	_____	_____	_____
3.	_____	_____	_____
	_____	_____	_____
4.	_____	_____	_____
	_____	_____	_____
5.	_____	_____	_____
	_____	_____	_____

Identities of other persons with knowledge of facts relevant to this investigation:

(Attach Additional Sheets if Necessary)

Witness Statement Form (cont'd)

Please provide a detailed description of the events you witnessed. Include the date, time, location and individuals present.

Any other information which should be considered in evaluating the validity of the complaint in this case:

Acknowledgment:

I, _____, affirm that the information I have provided is true and correct. I acknowledge that the investigation is confidential and that I am not to disclose information obtained by me during the course of this investigation. I understand that unauthorized disclosures could result in disciplinary action up to and including termination.

Signature of Witness: _____ Date: _____

POLICY PROHIBITING WORKPLACE VIOLENCE

The Employer has adopted this Zero Tolerance Policy for workplace violence because it recognizes that workplace violence is a growing problem nationally that needs to be addressed by all employers. Consistent with this policy, acts or threats of physical violence, including intimidation, harassment, and/or coercion which involve or affect the Employer, its employees or which occur on the Employer's property will not be tolerated.

Threats or Acts of Violence Defined. "Threats or acts of violence" include conduct against persons or property that is sufficiently severe, offensive, or intimidating to alter the employment conditions with the Employer, or to create a hostile, abusive, or intimidating work environment for one or more employees.

Examples of Workplace Violence. General examples of prohibited workplace violence include, but are not limited to, the following:

All threats or acts of violence occurring on Employer property, regardless of the relationship between the Employer and the parties involved in the incident.

All threats or acts of violence not occurring on Employer property but involving someone who is acting in the capacity of a representative of the Employer.

All threats and acts of violence not occurring on Employer property involving an employee of the Employer if the threats or acts of violence affect the legitimate interest of the Employer.

Any threats or acts resulting in the conviction of an employee or agent of the Employer, or of an individual performing services on the Employer's behalf on a contract or temporary basis, under any criminal code provision relating to threats or acts of violence that adversely affect the legitimate interests and goals of the Employer.

Specific Examples of Prohibited Conduct. Specific examples of conduct which may be considered "threats or acts of violence" prohibited under this policy include, but are not limited to:

Hitting, fighting, pushing, or shoving an individual or throwing objects;

Threatening to harm an individual or his/her family, friends, associates, or their property;

The intentional destruction or threat of destruction of property owned, operated, or controlled by the Employer;

Making harassing or threatening telephone calls, letters or other forms of written or electronic communications;

Intimidating or attempting to coerce an employee to do wrongful acts that would affect the business interests of the Employer;

Harassing surveillance, also known as “stalking,” the willful, malicious and repeated following of another person and making a credible threat with intent to place the other person in reasonable fear of his or her safety;

Making a suggestion or otherwise intimating that an act to injure persons or property is “appropriate,” without regard to the location where such suggestion or intimation occurs;

Unauthorized possession or inappropriate use of firearms, weapons, or any other dangerous devices on Employer property.

While employees of the Employer may be required as a condition of their work assignment to possess firearms, weapons or other dangerous devices, or permitted to carry them as authorized by law, employees are to use them only in accordance with departmental operating procedures and all applicable State and Federal laws.

Application of Prohibition. The Employer’s prohibition against threats and acts of violence applies to all persons involved in the Employer’s operation, including but not limited to Employer personnel, volunteer, contract and temporary workers, and anyone else on Employer property. Violation of this policy by any individual on Employer property, by any individual acting as a representative of the Employer while not on Employer property, or any individual acting off of the Employer property when his or her actions affect the public interest or the Employer’s business interests will be followed by legal action, as appropriate. Violation by an employee of any provision of this policy may lead to disciplinary action up to and including termination.

Warning Signs, Symptoms and Risk Factors. The following are examples of warning signs, symptoms, and risk factors which MAY indicate an employee’s potential for workplace violence:

Dropping hints about a knowledge of firearms;

Making intimidating statements like: “You know what happened at the Post Office,” “I’ll get even,” or “You haven’t heard the last from me”;

Possessing reading material with themes of violence, revenge and harassment;

Physical signs of hard breathing, reddening of complexion, menacing stare, loudness, fast profane speech;

Acting out either verbally or physically;

Disgruntled employee or ex-employee who is excessively bitter;

Being a loner;

Having a romantic obsession with a co-worker who does not share that interest;

History of interpersonal conflict;

Intense anger, lack of empathy;

Domestic problems, unstable/dysfunctional family;

Brooding, depressed strange behavior, “time bomb ready to go off.”

Supervisors should be alerted to and aware of these indicators. If an employee exhibits such behavior, the employee should be monitored and such behavior should be documented.

Procedures for Dealing with Acts of Workplace Violence. When a violent act occurs in the workplace: If a violent act or altercation constitutes an emergency, call 9-1-1 or the local police department. In instances that are not emergency situations, contact your Department Head, Supervisor or the Borough Administrator. If possible, separate the parties involved in the violent altercation. If the parties cannot be separated, or if it would be too dangerous for the employee to separate the parties, call 9-1-1 or the local police department, and contact your Department Head or the Borough Administrator. The Department Head will contact the Borough Administrator, who will take responsibility for coordinating a response to the incident.

In instances that involve criminal situations, the designated human resources official will contact the appropriate local police department for assessment, and if necessary, a criminal investigation.

Employee Reporting Obligations and Procedure. Each employee and every person on Employer property is encouraged to report incidents or threats or acts of physical violence of which he or she is aware. In cases where the reporting individual is not an employee, the report should be made to the local police department. In cases where the reporting individual is an employee, the report should be made to the employee’s Department Head or the Borough Administrator. Each Department Head shall promptly refer any such incident to the Borough Administrator.

The Employer will promptly and thoroughly investigate all reports of threats of (or actual) violence and/or suspicious individuals or activities. Any individual determined to be responsible for conduct in violation of this policy will be subjected to disciplinary action up to and including termination of employment, arrest and prosecution.

Nothing in the policy alters any other reporting obligation established in the Employer’s policies or in state, federal or other applicable law.

Confidentiality and Retaliation. This policy prohibits retaliation against any employee who, in good faith, reports a violation of this policy. Every effort to the extent practicable will be made to protect the safety and identity of anyone who comes forward with concerns about a threat or act of violence. Employees shall refer any questions regarding his or her rights and obligations under the policy to the Borough Administrator.

WHISTLEBLOWER POLICY

As a matter of policy, the Employer abides by all federal, state, and local laws, rules, and regulations applicable to it and has all its employees do the same. Every employee is responsible for assisting the Employer to implement this policy.

In the ordinary course, a violation of this policy should be reported to an employee's Department Head or the Borough Administrator in writing, signed by the employee. If that is not practical or if that action is taken but does not prevent or correct the perceived violations, the employee is to deliver a written statement, signed and dated to the designated human resources official. The written statement should detail the specific information the employee possesses so that the Employer may undertake an investigation.

The Employer or any of its employees will not retaliate against any employee who makes a good faith report pursuant to this policy, even if an investigation reveals that no violation occurred. More specifically, neither the Employer nor any of its employees will take any retaliatory action or tolerate any reprisal against an employee who:

Discloses, or threatens to disclose, to a supervisor or to a public body an activity, policy or practice of the Employer or another employer, with whom there is a business relationship, that the employee reasonably believes is in violation of a law, or a rule or regulation issued under the law, or, in the case of an employee who is a licensed or certified health care professional, reasonably believes constitutes improper quality of patient care;

Provides information to, or testifies before, any public body conducting an investigation, hearing or inquiry into any violation of law, or a rule or regulation issued under the law by the Employer or another employer, with whom there is a business relationship, or, in the case of an employee who is a licensed or certified health care professional, provides information to, or testifies before, any public body conducting an investigation, hearing or inquiry into quality of patient care;

Provides information involving deception of, or misrepresentation to, any shareholder, investor, client, patient, customer, employee, former employee, retiree or pensioner of the employer or any government entity;

Provides information regarding any perceived criminal or fraudulent activity, policy or practice of deception or misrepresentation which the employee reasonably believes may defraud any shareholder, investor, client, patient, customer, employee, former employee, retiree or pensioner of the Employer or any governmental entity.

Objects to, or refuses to participate in, any activity, policy or practice which the employee reasonably believes: (1) is in violation of a law, or a rule or regulation issued under the law or, if the employee is a licensed or certified health care professional, constitutes improper quality of patient care; (2) is fraudulent

or criminal; or (3) is incompatible with a clear mandate of public policy concerning the public health, safety or welfare or protection of the environment. See N.J.S.A. 34:19-3.

Disclosure to the Employer first, however, is not required where (1) the employee is reasonably certain that the violation is known to one or more officials; (2) where the employee reasonably fears physical harm; or (3) the situation is emergent in nature. The employee must give the Employer a reasonable opportunity to correct the activity, policy or practice. It is the Employer's responsibility to correct or prevent such violations. This is a legal obligation and a practical necessity. A violation can taint the credibility of the Employer and cause the Employer and its employees to be subjected to adverse publicity leading to public distrust.

This policy is important to the Employer. Each employee should seek to resolve any problem within Employer channels before reporting it to any outside person or entity.

SECTION TWO: EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

COMPENSATION

The Borough of Allendale will pay its employees in accordance with the provisions of applicable collective bargaining agreements, ordinances, and in compliance with the Fair Labor Standards Act (“FLSA”) and the New Jersey Wage and Hour Law.

Unless otherwise specified by collective bargaining agreement, the Employer pay period begins Sunday, and ends Saturday. Paychecks are issued on Fridays, biweekly. Paychecks are issued via direct deposit to salaried employees unless otherwise agreed to by the Borough and employee.

No paychecks may be issued in advance of the normal payday, except if approved by the Department Head and Borough Administrator for special reasons, such as an upcoming vacation.

Employees must cash their paychecks on personal time, not during official Employer working hours. Compensation for all employees will be in concert with the recognized bargaining agents of the employees, where applicable.

Employees are not entitled to retroactive pay increases if an employee separates employment, voluntarily or involuntarily, from the employ of the Employer prior to the retroactive payment, unless otherwise stated in the applicable collective bargaining agreement.

The Borough’s Chief Financial Officer will not accept responsibility for any employee’s personal finances. The Borough will acknowledge judgments against an employee’s pay, but will not act as a mediator between the employee and creditors.

OVERTIME

The Borough of Allendale complies with all applicable federal and state laws with regard to payment of overtime work, including the New Jersey Wage and Hour Law and the federal Fair Labor Standards Act.

Under the Fair Labor Standards Act, certain employees in managerial, supervisory, administrative, computer or professional positions are exempt from the provisions of the Act. There are also employees who may be exempt because their compensation exceeds \$107,432 per year depending upon their job duties. The Borough Administrator shall notify all Exempt employees of their status under the Act. Exempt employees are not eligible to receive overtime compensation and are required to work the normal workweek and any additional hours needed to fulfill their responsibilities. Time off consideration for large amounts of additional hours may be provided with the Borough Administrator's prior approval and at the sole discretion of the Borough Administrator.

Depending on work needs, employees may be required to work overtime. Employees are not permitted to work overtime unless the overtime is budgeted and approved by the Department Head and the Borough Administrator. Employees working overtime without prior approval will be subject to disciplinary action.

Non-exempt employees are paid overtime at the rate of one and one-half times the regular rate of pay for all hours worked over forty (40) in a workweek. Employees may choose overtime compensation in the form of overtime pay or compensating time off. Compensatory time cannot be accumulated and must be utilized within two-weeks. When an employee is unable to utilize their time within two weeks, a written notification must be sent to the Borough Administrator advising them of the time accumulated and approval must be granted to continue to carry the time.

Employees engaged in police and fire protection work may accrue up to 480 hours of compensatory time.

Accrued and taken overtime compensating hours must be noted on the employee's time sheet. Only time actually worked is considered for purposes of determining overtime compensation. Previously scheduled vacation time and holiday time are considered time worked for purposes of determining overtime compensation, but sick time and personal time are not.

MEDICAL BENEFITS

PLEASE NOTE: FULL DETAILS OF EMPLOYEE'S HEALTH, MEDICAL AND HOSPITALIZATION PLANS CAN BE FOUND IN THE OFFICIAL INSURANCE PLAN DOCUMENTS. IF THERE IS ANY CONFLICT OR INCONSISTENCY BETWEEN THE INFORMATION IN THE POLICY AND PROCEDURES MANUAL AND THE OFFICIAL DOCUMENTS, THE OFFICIAL DOCUMENTS WILL GOVERN. THE EMPLOYER RESERVES THE RIGHT TO MODIFY, REVOKE, SUSPEND, TERMINATE OR CHANGE ANY OR ALL SUCH PLANS, IN WHOLE OR IN PART, AT ANY TIME WITH OR WITHOUT NOTICE IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE LAW. THE EMPLOYER ALSO RESERVES THE RIGHT TO CHANGE INSURANCE CARRIERS IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE LAW.

Part-time and full-time temporary or seasonal employees are not entitled to medical insurance benefits. Failure to complete all necessary paperwork in accordance with the time frames advised by the Employer will result in a delay of coverage. Additionally, failure to enroll dependents or to make other changes or corrections in coverage may jeopardize available benefits. All employees must notify the Employer of any change in status (i.e., marriage, divorce, birth, adoption, death) within the time frame designed by the health benefit plan that would affect any employer-provided health insurance. The Employer reserves the right to conduct a coverage audit to verify proper coverage for employees and eligible dependents.

Dependent Defined. The Employer defines “dependents” as used in this policy as it is defined under the State Health Benefits Program. Dependents means an employee’s spouse and the employee’s unmarried children under the age of twenty-six (26) years who live with the employee in a regular parent-child relationship.

“Children” includes stepchildren, legally adopted children and foster children provided that they are reported for coverage and are wholly dependent upon the employee for support and maintenance. See N.J.S.A. § 52:14-17.26. A spouse or child enlisting or inducted into military service shall not be considered a dependent during the military service.

The term “dependents” does not include spouses of retired persons who are otherwise eligible for benefits under the State Health Benefits Program (N.J.S.A. § 52:14-17.25 et seq.) but who, although they meet the age eligibility requirement of Medicare, are not covered by the complete federal program.

Medical/Hospitalization Coverage. The Employer provides major medical and hospitalization insurance for the employee. The Employer may provide major medical and hospitalization coverage for the employee’s eligible dependents.

Full-time employees working on average thirty (30) hours per week or more and, if applicable, their eligible dependents become eligible to participate in the Employer’s major medical and hospitalization

insurance plans in accordance with current health plan documents. [NOTE: Municipalities may have hours' requirements lower than thirty (30) depending on their specific health insurance plans.]

Payments of such premiums by the Employer will terminate upon the employee's separation from service. Upon separation, the employee may, if eligible, purchase continuation health benefit coverage to the extent, and for the period, provided by federal law.

Prescription Drug Coverage. The Employer provides prescription drug insurance for the employee. The Employer may provide prescription drug coverage for the employee's eligible dependents.

Employees will be responsible to pay a co-pay on prescriptions. Full-time employees and their eligible dependents become eligible to participate in the Employer's prescription insurance plan in accordance with current plan documents.

Payments of such premiums by the Employer will terminate upon the employee's separation from service. Upon separation, the employee may, if eligible, purchase continuation health benefit coverage to the extent, and for the period, provided by federal law.

Dental Coverage. Full-time employees and, if applicable, their eligible dependents become eligible to participate in the Employer's dental plan in accordance with current plan documents. All full-time employees, and, if applicable, their eligible dependents, shall be eligible for enrollment in the Employer's dental plan in accordance with the specific requirements of the insurance plan carried by the Employer.

The Employer provides dental insurance for the employee. Unionized employees receive dental coverage in accordance with applicable collective bargaining agreements. The Employer may provide dental coverage for the employee's eligible dependents.

Payments of such premiums by the Employer will terminate upon the employee's separation from service. Upon separation, the employee may, if eligible, purchase continuation health benefit coverage to the extent, and for the period, provided by federal law.

Retiree Health Insurance. The Employer provides post-retirement medical health insurance benefits and prescription benefits, provided the employee qualifies for and has retired through the New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits under the Police and Fireman's Retirement System ("PFRS") or the Public Employees Retirement System ("PERS") and meets at least one of the following requirements:

- (a) Retirement on a disability pension; or
- (b) Retirement with twenty-five (25) years or more of service credit in a state or locally-administered retirement system and at least fifteen (15) years of service with the Employer; or
- (c) Retirement at age sixty-two (62) or older with at least fifteen (15) years of service with the Employer; or

(d) Retirement with twenty-five (25) years or more of service credit in a state or locally-administered retirement system, provided the retiring employee was employed by the Employer as of August 1, 1991.

The Employer reserves its right to change eligibility requirements for retiree health benefits at any time in accordance with legal requirements.

Continuation Coverage. An employee and his/her family, if covered by the Employer's group health care package, shall have the right to temporarily continue their coverage due under the plan, paying the group rate themselves, should they lose coverage due to the death of the enrolled employee or termination for reasons other than gross misconduct on the employee's part, pursuant to the federal Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA). For additional information, contact the designated human resources official.

HIPAA COMPLIANCE

The Employer is committed to upholding both the letter and the spirit of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (“HIPAA”) regarding the use, maintenance, transfer, and disposition of personal health care information. To the extent that the Employer maintains such information about its employees and others, its elected officials and employees are committed to protecting the privacy and confidentiality of that information.

WORKERS' COMPENSATION

Employees who suffer job-related injuries and illnesses may be entitled to medical expenses, lost income and other compensation under the New Jersey Workers' Compensation Act. Any occupational injury or illness must be immediately reported to the supervisor or Department Head. All required medical treatment must be performed by a workers' compensation physician appointed by the Employer or workers' compensation carrier. Workers' Compensation is not a leave entitlement but only a wage replacement arrangement.

Payment for unauthorized medical treatment may not be covered. No temporary Workers' Compensation benefits other than the payment of medical bills shall be paid until the employee has been disabled for a period of seven (7) calendar days from the work-related injury, unless otherwise required by law.

While receiving workers' compensation benefits, the pension portion of an employee's benefits will still be paid by the Employer. If, however, an employee is receiving workers' compensation with pay, (which is defined as one hundred (100%) percent compensation of salary) the employee is responsible for all deductions, including pension.

The Employer will not tolerate retaliation or discrimination against an individual because the individual has filed a claim for workers' compensation benefits. This prohibition includes denying or limiting any request for leave because an individual asserted a claim for workers' compensation benefits.

Workers' Compensation Light Duty Policy. The Employer will endeavor to bring employees with temporary work-related injuries or illnesses back on the job as soon as possible. The Employer may recognize a special obligation arising out of the employment relationship and create a temporary light duty position for an employee when s/he has been injured while performing work for the Employer and, as a consequence, is unable to perform his/her regular job duties.

The Employer will not treat an employee with a disability less favorably than an individual without a disability or screen out an individual on the basis of disability in granting such requests for light duty. The Employer will grant such request, at its sole discretion, and on a case-by case basis in consideration of the medical report submitted by the workers' compensation physician, the recommendation of the insuring entity, and staffing needs and requirements. The Employer reserves the right to grant, refuse or terminate a light duty assignment at any time without cause unless it is in conflict with the mandates of the ADA, FMLA, or NJFLA or other state or federal leave laws, where applicable.

The employee and/or the Third Party Administrator ("TPA") are obligated to inform the Employer of the employee's medical progress and the Employer shall have the right to review same periodically. Light duty assignments may be in any department and not just the employee's normal department. Employees on light duty will receive their regular salaries. If light duty is approved, the employee or

TPA must keep the Borough Administrator informed of the medical progress. If, at the end of light duty period the employee is not able to return to work without restrictions, the employee should contact the Borough Administrator official to discuss his or her options under state or federal law.

This policy does not affect an employee's rights under the Americans with Disabilities Act, the Family and Medical Leave Act, the Fair Labor Standards Act, the Contagious or Life Threatening Illnesses Policy, or other Federal or State law.

Investigation Policy Form

REPORT FORM – PART 1 Electrical incidents, water leaks, bodily fluids

Employee: complete part 1 and provide to your Supervisor IMMEDIATELY		
Supervisor: Incident? <u>No</u> first aid or higher treatment, <u>no</u> property damage, <u>no</u> public involvement. Circle “incident” and forward completed part 1 to Department Head.	O R	Supervisor: Accident/illness? Circle <u>yes</u> event. Upon safely securing scene, IMMEDIATELY forward the completed Part 1 to the Borough Clerk and Borough Administrator.

Section A: PERSONAL and EVENT DETAILS (Circle or complete responses)

Title:	Last Name:	First Name:
Date of Birth:	Are you: Employee Public visitor	
Sex: M/F	Department	Employee ID No:
Home address:		
Email address:		Phone: (w) Phone: (h)
Date and time of event:		Location:
What was the event and how did it happen?		
Witness Name(s), address, telephone:		
Signed (employee, public visitor):		Date:
Signed (Supervisor):		Date:

Section B: INJURY/ILLNESS DETAILS (If applicable) Use this section to also report workplace disease

Type of injury or disease (EG burn):	Part(s) of the body affected:
Needle stick injury/sharps injury/exposure to body fluid: Contact details of source patient (if applicable):	
Name:	Address: Phone:
Date and time when symptoms noticed:	
Was medical treatment given?	No / First Aid / Nurse / Doctor / Hospital
Name of person giving initial treatment:	
Date and time initial treatment given:	
If an Employer employee, does the injured person intend to lodge a claim for workers’ compensation? Yes / No / Unknown	
If an Employer employee, will time be lost as a result of this injury? Yes / No	How many hours/days?
If a public visitor or, does injured person intend to lodge a claim? Yes / No / Unknown	

INVESTIGATION CHECKLIST – PART 2

Department Heads are required to investigate all incidents/injuries to conclude what happened, how it happened, why it happened, and what should be done to prevent further occurrences. Department Heads may request through their respective Freeholder Committee specific assistance from trained investigators and inspectors.

PART 2 Instructions: Department Heads Complete Part 2 within FIVE (5) WORKING DAYS of event and forward to the Borough Clerk and Borough Administrator.

Who is involved in completing this investigation?

Department Head:	Department Supervisor:
Assisting:	Assisting:
Assisting:	Assisting:

Section 1: INVESTIGATION CHECKLIST: (Questions to ask the person involved with the incident. Modify the “you” in the questions for use by witnesses).

Event/Injury: How do you think the event / injury happened and what were you doing at the time?

How long had you been working prior to the event / injury? _____

How long had you been working on this task? _____

Is this task part of your normal duties? ☐ Yes ☐ No

Have you been instructed / trained in this task? ☐ Yes ☐ No

What were you doing prior to the event / injury?

Are there any other factors involved (management, the environment, equipment, maintenance, individuals)?

What do you think could have been done to prevent this event from occurring?

Any other comments or observations?

Please circle the most appropriate response(s):

What sort of incident/injury occurred? Manual Handling / Occupational Overuse Syndromes (OOS) / cuts / bruises / burns / falls / slips / trips / vehicles / bicycles / chemicals / insects / animals / foreign body / plant / stress / other...
Location where incident occurred?
Type of injury: sting / bite / kick / puncture / strain / sprain / chemical / slip / trip / fall / other...
Standard operating procedures followed? Yes / No / N/A
Identification of equipment/object/insect involved:
Equipment in good condition? Yes / No / N/A

Date of last service of equipment:	
Appropriate safety equipment (PPE) used?	Yes / No / N/A
Lighting adequate?	Yes / No / N/A
Housekeeping issues contributed?	Yes / No / N/A
Confined Space?	Yes / No / N/A
Surface type: cement / tile / grass / dry / wet / damaged / torn / sand / footpath / carpet / gravel / rocks / road / other...	
Type of shoes worn: open / closed / boots / high heels / sandals / none / other...	
Workload excessive?	Yes / No / N/A
Workload boring and repetitive?	Yes / No / N/A
<u>If it was a slip or trip:</u> Height of fall / slip / trip?	
Were you running / walking / turning a corner / jumping / other?	
If stairs: going up / going down?	
Did you fall on your front / back / side?	
What were you carrying (if anything) at the time?	
<u>If the incident involved chemicals:</u> Was an MSDS (Material Safety Data Sheet) available?	Yes / No / N/A
Disposal / handling / storage of chemical product adequate?	Yes / No / N/A
<u>If the incident involved manual handling:</u> Were work items within easy reach?	Yes / No / N/A
Ergonomic equipment available?	Yes / No / N/A
Was the equipment being used correctly?	Yes / No / N/A
Repetitive and/or forceful movements used?	Yes / No / N/A
Action involved reaching / bending / stooping / sitting / kneeling / twisting / pushing / pulling / lifting / catching / lowering / carrying	
Weight of object?	
Distance carried / position of object moved from/to?	
Height of load?	
<u>If the incident involves a vehicle or bicycle:</u> traffic conditions:	
Weather conditions:	dry / wet / foggy / night / day
Intersection / turning right or left / driveway / straight road	
Speed prior to incident?	
Traveling to work / lunch time / after work / to home / work related travel	
Any other factors involved?	

Investigator's comments and observations: _____

ACTION REPORT SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS FORM – PART 3

PART 3 Instructions: Department Heads complete Part 3 within TEN (10) WORKING DAYS of event and forward to the Borough Clerk and Borough Administrator.

A hierarchy of control should be used to assist with the prevention of future similar injuries. The ‘hierarchy of control’ depicts the most to the least effective methods, as shown in the table below. This is the most important part of the investigation process! Do not leave blank.

Risk Control Options	Action Required	By Whom	By When
Elimination – do you have to do the task?			
Substitution – is there another way you can do the task?			
Engineering – can you engineer a way to make the job safer? (Job Safety Analysis sheets may give clues)			
Administration – can you improve work practices? E.g. limit time of exposure			
Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)			
Date feedback provided to person reporting the event:			
Signed:	Print Name:	Ph:	
Position:		Date:	

Safety Committee Recommendations			
Date Part 1 received:	Date Part 2 received:	Date Part 3 received:	Date Completed:

Witness Report

Your Name: _____ Home Phone: _____
Address: _____ Work Phone: _____
City: _____ State: _____ Zip: _____
Social Security No.: _____ Date Form Completed: _____

Date of Incident/Accident: _____ Approximate Time: _____

Location: _____

Did You See this Incident/Accident? ☐ Yes ☐ No

If Yes, Please Give a Description of What Happened: _____

Was Anyone Injured? ☐ Yes ☐ No

If Yes, Please List: Name: _____

Type of Injury: _____

Was Injured Person Taken, Or Go, To Medical Care?: ☐ Yes ☐ No

Were There Any Other Witnesses?: ☐ Yes ☐ No

If Yes, Please List Names: _____

I certify that this Witness Report has been read and completed to the best of my ability and that all information submitted is true.

Signature of Witness: _____ Date: _____

PAID HOLIDAYS POLICY

Employees are entitled to the following paid holidays:

- New Year's Day
- Martin Luther King's Birthday
- Lincoln's Birthday
- President's Day
- Good Friday
- Memorial Day
- Independence Day
- Labor Day
- Columbus Day
- Veterans Day
- Thanksgiving Day
- Day after Thanksgiving
- Christmas Day

The Employer reserves the right to change or delete the holidays set forth above.

This policy is not intended to conflict with the collective bargaining agreement between the Employer and its unionized employees and Library employees. If there is a conflict between this Manual and any collective bargaining agreement, the provisions of the collective bargaining agreement will prevail for represented employees.

Weekend Holidays. If a paid holiday falls on a Sunday, it will be observed on the following Monday. If a paid holiday falls on a Saturday, it will be observed on the preceding Friday. Employees who work on weekends will observe the holiday on the actual day.

Eligibility for Holiday Pay. To qualify for holiday pay, employees must be in pay status the scheduled workday immediately preceding and immediately following the holiday. Any employee who is absent without Borough approval on the day before or the day after a holiday shall not receive holiday pay unless the absence was approved in advance. If a paid holiday occurs while an employee is on approved vacation or sick leave, the employee shall not have that holiday charged as sick or vacation time.

Religious Holidays. Employees who wish to observe religious holidays not designated as a holiday by the Employer may do so without loss of pay by using available personal or vacation days, but only to the extent that the employee has not already used up his or her available personal or vacation days.

SECTION THREE: LEAVES OF ABSENCE

VACATION LEAVE POLICY

Unless otherwise stipulated in any other employment agreement, union contracts or collective bargaining agreement vacation is an accrued benefit based on the following schedule:

Regular employees earn vacation time based on calendar years of continuous service. Vacation time may be taken as of January 1st of each year. See paragraph h of this section below for pro rata details.

Each full-time* employee shall be granted vacation time by the following schedule:

Vacation schedule for employees hired prior to June 1, 2010

(Length of Continuous Service)

2 nd through 5 th Year	10 days
6 th and 7 th Year	16 days
8 th and 9 th Year	17 days
10 th and 11 th Year	18 days
12 th and 13 th Year	19 days
14 th through 24 th Year	20 days
25 Years or more	25 days

Vacation Schedule for Employees hired on or after June 1, 2010

(Length of continuous service)

2 nd through 9 th year	10 days
--	---------

Effective January 1, 2021, each full-time employee hired on or after June 1, 2010 and shall receive 15 days of vacation each year for their 2nd through 9th year.

10 th through 15 th year	15 days
16 th year	16 days
17 th year	17 days
18 th year	18 days
19 th year	19 days
20 th year	20 days
21 st year plus	20 days

Vacation Schedule for Employees hired on or after June 1, 2017

(Length of continuous service)

Effective January 1, 2024, each full-time employee hired on or after June 1, 2017 and shall receive 15 days of vacation each year for their 2nd through 5th year.

6 th through 7 th year	16 days
8 th through 9 th year	17 days
10 th through 11 th year	18 days
12 th through 13 th year	19 days
14 th through 15 th year	20 days
16 th year plus	20 days

*Hourly employees are not entitled to vacation.

During the first calendar year with the Borough, vacation time is calculated at the rate of .83 days for each full month of service from date of hire to a maximum of ten (10) days. Employees may not take vacation until the completion of their probationary period. Employees hired after September 30th are not entitled to vacation in the calendar year in which they are hired.

- a. Employees covered under interlocal agreements or shared services shall receive vacation pursuant to individual contracts and/or agreements.
- b. Regular part-time salaried employees working 20 or more hours a week will receive a pro-rated vacation: From 1-5 years, 5 days. More than 5 years, 10 days
- c. Members of collective bargaining units and contractual employees shall be granted vacation leave in accordance with the provisions of current contracts.
- d. Vacation time must be taken by the end of the year. An employee may request in writing from his or her Department Head and Administrative Officer to take the unused portion by June 30th of the following year except as set forth in Union contracts.
- e. An employee who voluntarily leaves borough employment will be entitled to payment for unused accrued vacation time for each full month of completed service.
- f. Vacation schedules shall be approved in advance by each department supervisor on the basis of seniority and department needs.

- g. In the event of employee retirement, resignation, termination or workforce reduction, an employee is entitled to vacation earned on a pro-rata basis. For example, an employee who leaves June 30 will be entitled to 50% of his vacation allotment. If an employee has used more than the amount of earned vacation, he will need to reimburse the Borough.

Approval of Vacation Leave. An employee's supervisor or Department Head must approve the use of vacation time, in advance. While approval of vacation leave shall not be unreasonably withheld, the use of vacation leave shall be subject to staffing levels as solely determined by the supervisor or Department Head. Employees should submit vacation requests as early as possible to ensure adequate staffing. Absent emergent circumstances, a request to use vacation leave submitted less than three (3) days prior to the day(s) off requested shall be granted only at the discretion of the Department Head.

Vacation leave must be taken in the year that it is earned, except that employees who do not take vacation leave that accrues in a given year because of business demands shall be granted that accrued leave only during the next succeeding year, with written approval of the Employer. However, vacation leave not taken in a given year because of duties directly related to a state of emergency declared by the Governor may accumulate at the discretion of the Employer until, pursuant to a plan established by the Employer, the leave is used or the employee or officer is compensated for that leave, which shall not be subject to collective negotiation or collective bargaining.

Employees who have an approved vacation/benefit time scheduled who call in sick the day before or day following a vacation, holiday and/or leave, and/or any other authorized day of absence may be required to submit a physician's statement.

PERSONAL DAY POLICY

Upon completing a ninety (90) day probationary period, employees are entitled to three (3) personal days per year. One (1) personal day shall accrue on the first day of January, May, and September of each year.

During an employee's first year of service, personal days accrue at the rate of one (1) day per four (4) months of service.

Part-time employees receive pro-rated personal leave benefits. Temporary and seasonal employees are not eligible for personal leave benefits.

An employee must apply for personal leave to his/her supervisor, in writing. The employee must apply for it as far in advance as possible, but not less than seventy-two (72) hours prior to the leave. An employee may take personal leave only if his/her supervisor or designee approves and grants the leave. No personal leave will be applied for, approved, or granted immediately before or after any vacation period, holiday period, or weekend, except under extraordinary circumstances.

Employees must take personal leave in the calendar year in which it is earned. Any unused personal days are forfeited at the end of each calendar year. Any employee who exhausts all of his or her personal leave in any one (1) year shall not be credited with additional paid personal leave until the beginning of the next calendar year. An employee who has resigned, was dismissed or has otherwise been separated from employment will not be paid for any unused personal time.

SICK LEAVE POLICY

The Employer permits an employee, pursuant to N.J.S.A. § 34:11D-3(a), to use the earned sick leave accrued for any of the following instances:

- (1) Time needed for diagnosis, care, or treatment of, or recovery from, the employee's own mental or physical illness, injury or other adverse health condition, or for preventive medical care for the employee;
- (2) To aid or care for a family member during diagnosis, care, or treatment of, or recovery from, the family member's mental or physical illness, injury or other adverse health condition, or during preventive medical care for the family member;
- (3) If an employee or a family member are a victim of domestic or sexual violence, and are obtaining services from a designated domestic violence agency or other victim services organization, medical attention, legal services, counseling, or are relocating due to the domestic or sexual violence;
- (4) Closure of an employee's workplace, or of the school or place of care of an employee's child, due to an epidemic or public health emergency, or because of the issuance by a public health authority of a determination that the presence of the employee or their family member in the community would jeopardize the health of others;
- (5) During a state of emergency declared by the Governor, or upon the recommendation, direction, or order of a healthcare provider or the Commissioner of Health or other authorized public official, the employee undergoes isolation or quarantine, or cares for a family member in quarantine, as a result of suspected exposure to a communicable disease and a finding by the provider or authority that the presence in the community of the employee or family member would jeopardize the health of others; or
- (6) If an employee needs to attend a school-related conference, meeting, function or other event requested or required by an administrator, teacher, or other professional school staff member responsible for the education of the employee's child, or to attend a meeting regarding care provided to the child in connection with the child's health conditions or disability.

In regard to the above, the Employer requires three (3) days' notice for any foreseeable use of leave. If the use of leave is unforeseeable, the employee should notify the Employer as soon as practicable of their need to use same. Should an employee need to use three (3) or more consecutive days of leave, said employee must provide the Employer with reasonable documentation that the leave is being taken for one of the purposes permitted above. Reasonable documentation shall be as defined in N.J.S.A. § 34:11D-3(b).

For new hires, an employee is eligible to use the earned sick leave beginning on the 120th calendar day after the employee starts work. The employee may subsequently use earned sick leave as soon as it is accrued. Employees will not be paid for any unused sick leave, except as expressly required by federal or State laws, or an applicable collective negotiations agreement.

Salaried Employees. Regular salaried employees who have satisfactorily completed their probationary period are entitled to ten (10) working days of sick leave per calendar year. New employees earn .83 sick days per month in the first calendar year of employment. Sick leave is prorated whether you start employment after the first of the year or leave employment before the end of a year. Unused sick days cannot be carried over to subsequent years nor is an employee paid for any days of sick leave that have not been used. Sick leave allowance that is exceeded must be reimbursed to the Borough. A paid work day is the standard work day for each department. Use of sick leave may be reported in fifteen (15) minute increments. Sick leave is to be used only in cases where the employee is ill and unable to work, or in cases of the serious illness of a family member. Employees absent on sick leave for five or more consecutive working days must submit a doctor's verification of illness or injury. If an employee is attending to an immediate family member, including civil union partner, a doctor's verification of that individual's illness is required. After the tenth day of absence on sick leave in one calendar year, the Borough Administrator may require a doctor's verification to be submitted for all sick leave absences, regardless of duration. Prior to the return to work, the Municipality may require an employee to be examined by a physician designated by the municipality to verify fitness to return to normal duties. An employee will not be permitted to return to work until the verification is received.

Part Time Employees. This policy is drafted in accordance with New Jersey's Earned Sick Leave Law and shall apply only to employees who do not receive paid sick leave with full pay pursuant to any other law, rule, or regulation of this State, or who are covered under an applicable collective negotiations agreement. The Borough will comply with all provisions of the NJ Paid Leave Act for all part-time and hourly employees. For every 30 hours worked, an employee shall accrue one hour of sick leave. An employee may accrue or use in any year, or carry forward from one year to the next, no more than 40 hours of earned sick leave.

In the event of employee retirement, resignation, termination or workforce reduction, an employee is entitled to sick time earned on a pro-rata basis. If an employee has used more than the amount of earned sick leave, he will need to reimburse the Borough.

Employees Covered under a Collective Bargaining Agreement – The employment details set out in this policy work in conjunction with, and do not replace, amend or supplement any terms or conditions of employment stated in any collective bargaining agreement that a union has with the Employer or any other employee agreement. Wherever employment details in this policy differ from the terms expressed in a collective bargaining agreement with the Employer, the specific terms of the collective bargaining agreement or employee agreement will control.

Paid Leave

Request for Time Off

Name of Employee: _____

Title: _____ Department: _____

Type of Leave Requested:

☐ Vacation ☐ Sick ☐ Compensatory ☐ Bereavement

I request leave on the following dates:

Signature of Employee: _____ Date: _____

NOTE: Approval of vacation leave is subject to scheduling needs and seniority provisions.
Employees must submit requests for administrative leave in writing to the Borough
Administrator at least forty-eight (48) hours in advance of the requested leave day.

Approval of Request for Time Off

Your request for ☐ Vacation ☐ Sick ☐ Compensatory ☐ Bereavement time off on the
following dates has been approved:

Your request for ☐ Vacation ☐ Sick ☐ Compensatory ☐ Bereavement time off on the
following dates has not been approved:

Signature of Borough Administrator: _____ Date: _____

cc: Department Head

FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE

In accordance with the federal Family and Medical Leave Act (“FMLA”), the Employer provides eligible employees with up to twelve (12) weeks of unpaid medical and family leave during any twelve (12) month period and up to twenty-six (26) workweeks to care for a Covered Service member. At the conclusion of the leave, subject to some exceptions, an employee generally has a right to return to the same or an equivalent position. The following outlines employees’ rights and obligations under the FMLA and the Employer’s policies implementing the FMLA.

Leave Available. Eligible employees may take up to a total of twelve (12) weeks of unpaid leave during any twelve (12) month period for any one or more of the following reasons:

- The birth, adoption or placement for foster care of the son or daughter of an employee, and to care for such child;
- A serious health condition of a spouse, son, daughter or parent of an employee if the employee is needed to care for such family member; or
- A serious health condition of an employee that makes an employee unable to work. Generally, the incapacity must result in the employee’s inability to work for more than three (3) consecutive days (although there are certain exceptions to this rule);
- Any qualifying exigency arising out of the fact that the spouse, son, daughter, or parent of the employee is a member of the Regular Armed forces, National Guard or Reserves on active-duty status during the deployment to a foreign country, and or has been notified of an impending call to active duty status as such in support of a contingency operation.

In addition, eligible employees who are either spouse, son, daughter, parent or next of kin of a Covered Servicemember shall be entitled to a total of twenty-six (26) workweeks of unpaid leave during a single twelve (12) month period to care for the Covered Servicemember. During this single twelve (12) month period, an eligible employee who qualifies for leave to provide care for the Covered Servicemember shall be entitled to no more than a combined total of twenty-six (26) workweeks of leave.

Definitions.

“Covered Servicemember” means a member of the Armed Forces, including a member of the National Guard or Reserves, or a recent veteran who has been discharged, other than dishonorably, within the five years preceding the family member’s initial request for leave, who has a serious injury or illness who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy, is otherwise in outpatient status, or is otherwise on the temporary disability retired list, for a serious injury or illness.

“Eligible Employee” means an individual who has been employed by the Employer for at least twelve (12) months, has worked at least 1,250 hours during the preceding twelve (12) month period, and is employed at a worksite with at least fifty (50) employees within seventy-five (75) miles of that worksite.

“Next of kin” means the nearest blood relative of the individual.

“Qualifying Exigency” covers a number of broad categories of reasons and activities, including short-notice deployment to a foreign country, military events and related activities, child care and school activities, financial and legal arrangements, counseling, rest and recuperation, post-deployment activities, and additional activities agreed to by the employer and the employee.

“Serious Health Condition” means an illness, injury, impairment or physical or mental condition that involves either inpatient care or continuing treatment by a health care provider. It generally includes a period of incapacity due to pregnancy, prenatal care, a chronic health condition, a permanent or long-term health condition, or restorative or preventive treatment.

“Serious Injury or Illness” means an injury or illness incurred by a Covered Service member in the line of duty or on active duty in the Armed Forces, National Guard of Reserves, incurred in the line of duty on active duty or whose pre-existing condition has been aggravated by his/her active duty service, that may render the service member medically unfit to perform the duties of the member’s office, grade, rank or rating.

Eligibility. Any employee who has been employed by the Employer for twelve (12) months or more and worked 1,250 hours or more in the twelve (12) month period preceding the first day of the requested leave may be eligible for an unpaid leave of absence of up to twelve (12) weeks during any twelve (12) month period.

The twelve (12) month period shall be determined by using a rolling twelve (12) month period that commences with the first day of leave taken.

Leave to care for a child after birth, adoption, or foster care must conclude within twelve (12) months of the child's birth or placement. If both spouses work for the Employer, they may only take a total of twelve (12) weeks between them during the twelve (12) month period in order to care for a child after birth, adoption, or foster care or to care for a parent with a serious health condition and a combined twenty-six (26) weeks in a single twelve (12) month period for military caregiver leave or a combination of military caregiver leave and other FMLA qualifying reasons. Each spouse may be entitled to additional leave for other qualifying reasons under the FMLA, such as the employee’s own illness or for the serious illness of the employee’s child.

Notice. When the leave is foreseeable, at least thirty (30) days’ advance notice to the Employer, in writing, is required. If thirty (30) days’ notice cannot be provided, as much notice as is practical should be provided. Failure to give reasonable notice may delay the availability of the leave.

Certification. Where leave is taken to care for a family member with a serious health condition or because of the employee’s own serious health condition, medical certification is required and periodic recertification may be required. In addition, where the leave is taken because of the employee’s own serious health condition, a certification of fitness to return to work will be required.

The Employer, at its expense, may require an examination by a second healthcare provider designated by the Employer. If the second healthcare provider's opinion conflicts with the original medical certification, the Employer, at its expense, may require a third, mutually agreeable, healthcare provider to conduct an examination and provide a final and binding opinion.

For military exigency leave, an employee may be required to provide certification that the covered military member is a member of the regular Armed Forces, National Guard or Reserves who is on active duty or called to active duty in support of a contingency operation, as well as certification from the employee about the nature and details of the specific exigency, the amount of leave needed, and the employee's relationship to the military member. For military caregiver leave, the employee may be required to provide information from the health care provider and employee and/or Covered Service member to support such leave.

Absent unusual circumstances, medical certifications must be provided within fifteen (15) days. The Employer will also require periodic status reports from employees concerning their intended return date.

Failure to provide requested documentation may result in denial of leave. The Employer may attempt to clarify or authenticate the certification or may require additional certifications to support the need for leave. When leave is taken to care for a family member, the Employer may require the employee to provide documentation or a statement of family relationship (e.g., birth certificate or court document) and proof of the need to care for the family member.

Utilization of Paid Leave. Generally, FMLA leave is unpaid. However, depending upon the circumstances, employees may be entitled to receive short-term disability, workers' compensation benefits, paid family leave benefits, or other state-sponsored wage replacement benefits which pay a portion of normal compensation. These benefits will run concurrently with the employee's unpaid leave. An employee who is eligible for these benefits may also choose to use accumulated paid leave during their approved unpaid leave. Employees may not receive more than 100% of salary at any time. *[municipality should include one of the following provisions: An employee will be required to use any available accumulated paid leave concurrently with the employee's FMLA leave. OR An employee may choose to use any available accumulated paid leave concurrently with the employee's FMLA leave.]*

Coordination with other Leave Policies. The period of time attributable to the employee's absence due to any workers' compensation, disability, or sick leave, will be counted against available leave under this policy to the extent permitted by law. In the event that additional family, medical or sick leave is available pursuant to state laws, this leave will also run concurrently with FMLA leave to the extent permitted by law.

Intermittent Leave. When medically necessary, leave taken because of a serious health condition of an employee or family member or to care for a Covered Service member may be taken on an intermittent or reduced work schedule basis. The employee and employer shall attempt to work out a schedule for such leave that meets the employee's needs without unduly disrupting the employer's operations, subject to the approval of the employee's health care provider. The Employer may require an employee taking

intermittent or reduced work schedule leave to transfer temporarily to an alternative position with equivalent pay and benefits that is better suited to the leave schedule.

Employment and Benefits Protection. During the leave, health benefits will continue for up to twelve (12) weeks in each rolling twelve (12) month period under the same conditions as if the employee continued to work. Employees must, however, pay the same amount for any benefits continued as they do prior to the leave. Other benefits, if any, will continue during the leave under the same conditions as if the employee continued to work.

If paid leave is substituted for unpaid FMLA leave, the Employer will deduct the employee's portion of the health plan premium as a regular payroll deduction. If the employee's FMLA leave is unpaid, the employee must pay his/her portion of the premium in accordance with a payment method that is devised and mutually agreed upon between the employee and the Employer.

Employees should consult with their Department Head and human resources official prior to taking an approved leave. If you fail to return to work after your FMLA leave for any reason except for circumstances beyond your control, you must pay back all unpaid health insurance premiums. With regard to the employee's contribution portion of his/her health benefits pursuant to Chapter 78, P.L. 2011 and any voluntary supplemental benefits that the employee may have, the employee is solely responsible for making payment arrangements with the Employer or for any voluntary benefits, to the respective insurance company. Your healthcare coverage may cease if your premium payment is more than thirty (30) days late. With regard to any pension contribution that you may have, you must contact the human resources official to make payment arrangements concerning contributions or credits paid toward your pension benefits. If you fail to return to work after your FMLA leave for any reason except for circumstances beyond your control, you must pay back all unpaid health insurance premiums.

Before returning to work following a medical leave (except for intermittent or reduced schedule leave) due to the employee's own serious health condition, the employee will be required to present a fitness for duty certification from his/her health care provider that he/she is medically able to resume work. If the date on which the employee is scheduled to return to work from FMLA leave changes, the employee is required to give notice of the change, if foreseeable, to the Employer within two (2) business days of the change.

Subject to some exceptions, most employees will be returned to the position they left or to a position equivalent in pay, benefits and other terms of employment. Individuals identified as "key employees" (the highest paid 10% of salaried employees at the work site or within a seventy-five (75) mile radius of that work site) at the beginning of their leave may not be returned to their former or equivalent position if restoration will cause substantial economic injury to the Employer. Employees will be informed of their key employee status at the beginning of the leave period.

A failure to return from FMLA leave for reasons other than the employee's own serious health condition may result in termination of employment. In the event that an employee cannot return to work at the end of FMLA leave due to a continuation of his/her own serious health condition, they must contact the Employer before the expiration of the leave to discuss their options under state and federal law. State

leave laws may provide additional leave similar to that provided under the FMLA. The Employer will comply with these state law provisions to the extent they provide for more generous benefits. State leave law benefits will run concurrently with FMLA benefits to the extent permitted by law.

Family Temporary Disability. During a period of unpaid leave to care for a family member with a serious health condition or a newborn or adopted child or child placed into foster care with the employee, the employee may be eligible for up to twelve (12) weeks of Family Leave Insurance (“FLI”) payments through the State in a twelve (12) month period. FLI is a monetary benefit paid by the State and not a separate leave entitlement, and will thus run concurrently with FMLA and/or NJFLA leaves.

NEW JERSEY FAMILY LEAVE

The Employer provides eligible employees with up to twelve (12) weeks of unpaid, job-protected leave for specified family reasons under the New Jersey Family Leave Act (NJFLA).

Eligible Employees. To be eligible for NJFLA leave, an employee must have worked at least twelve (12) months for the Employer and have worked at least 1,000 hours for the Employer over the previous twelve (12) months.

Qualifying Reasons for Leave. An employee may take NJFLA leave to care for:

- A newly born or adopted child or a child placed into foster care with the employee, but the leave must start within twelve (12) months of the birth of the child or the placement of the child.
- A family member (sibling, grandparent, grandchild, child, spouse, domestic partner, civil union partner, parent-in-law, or parent of a covered individual, or any other individual related by blood to the employee, and any other individual that the employee shows to have a close association with the employee which is the equivalent of a family relationship) with a serious health condition.
- In the event of a state of emergency declared by the Governor, or when indicated to be needed by the Commissioner of Health or other public health authority, an epidemic of a communicable disease, a known or suspected exposure to the communicable disease, or efforts to prevent spread of a communicable disease, which:
 - (i) requires in-home care or treatment of a child due to the closure of the school or place of care of the child of the employee, by order of a public official due to the epidemic or other public health emergency;
 - (ii) prompts the issuance by a public health authority of a determination, including by mandatory quarantine, requiring or imposing responsive or prophylactic measures as a result of illness caused by an epidemic of a communicable disease or known or suspected exposure to the communicable disease because the presence in the community of a family member in need of care by the employee, would jeopardize the health of others; or
 - (iii) results in the recommendation of a health care provider or public health authority, that a family member in need of care by the employee voluntarily undergo self-quarantine as a result of suspected exposure to a communicable disease because the presence in the community of that family member in need of care by the employee, would jeopardize the health of others.

Leave taken to care for a newly born or adopted child or a child placed into foster care with the employee may be consecutive or intermittent and must begin by the end of the twelve (12) month period after the birth or placement for adoption or foster care.

Leave Benefits. An employee may take up to a maximum of twelve (12) weeks of NJFLA leave in a twenty-four (24) month period, which is measured as a rolling twenty-four (24) month period that commences with the first day of NJFLA leave taken.

You may take NJFLA leave to care for a seriously ill family member:

- As a single block of time.
- By reducing your normal work schedule for no more than twenty-four (24) consecutive weeks in a twenty-four (24) month period.
- Intermittently when medically necessary.

Employees permitted to take intermittent or reduced-schedule leave must try to schedule their leave so that it will not unduly disrupt the Employer's operations. The total time within which an intermittent leave is taken may not exceed a twelve (12) month period, if such leave is taken in connection with a single serious health condition.

Intermittent leaves taken in connection with more than one serious health condition episode must be taken within a consecutive twenty-four (24) month period, or until such time as the employee's twelve (12) week family leave entitlement is exhausted, whichever is shorter. An employee taking a family leave on a reduced leave schedule shall not be entitled to such leave for more than a consecutive twenty-four (24) week period. An eligible employee shall be entitled to only one leave on a reduced leave schedule during any consecutive twenty-four (24) month period. Any remaining family leave to which the employee is entitled subsequent to the expiration of a leave taken on a reduced leave schedule may be taken on a consecutive or intermittent basis.

Depending on the purpose of the employee's leave, the employee may be required to or may choose to use accrued paid leave, concurrently with some or all of his/her NJFLA leave. The employee will not be eligible to accrue seniority or benefits, including vacation and holidays, during any period of NJFLA leave. The Employer will notify employees of their options to continue to participate in our group health plans during NJFLA leave.

Required Notice and Certifications. When requesting NJFLA leave, an employee must provide the Employer thirty (30) days' advance written notice. For employees requesting leave on an intermittent basis, at least fifteen (15) days advance written notice must be provided. If advance written notice is not possible because of an emergency, the employee must provide the Employer with reasonable oral notice and then follow up with written notice.

The employee also must give the Employer a medical certification supporting the need for leave. The Employer reserves the right to require second or third medical opinions and periodic re-certifications. The employee must also provide periodic reports during the leave regarding the employee's status and intent to return to work as deemed appropriate by the Employer. If an employee fails to provide the required documentation, the Employer may delay the start of the employee's NJFLA leave, withdraw any designation of NJFLA leave or deny the leave, in which case the absences will be treated in accordance with the Employer's standard leave of absence and attendance policies and the employee may be subject to discipline up to and including termination of employment.

If an employee provides false or misleading information or omits material information about an NJFLA leave, the employee will be subject to discipline up to and including immediate termination of employment.

Benefits Protection. During a family leave of absence, the employee's health benefits will be maintained under the same conditions as if the employee continued to work. If the employee decides to return to work when his/her family leave of absence ends, the employee may be reinstated to the same or equivalent job with the same pay, benefits, and terms and conditions of employment. If the employee decides not to return to work when the family leave of absence ends, the employee may be required to reimburse the Employer for the health insurance premiums paid on his/her behalf during the leave of absence (except if the failure to return to work was caused by the continuation, recurrence, or onset of serious health condition which would entitle the employee to a leave of absence under the law or other circumstances beyond the employee's control).

With regard to any pension contributions, the employee must contact the human resources official to make payment arrangements concerning contributions or credits paid toward his/her pension benefits. Employees should consult with the Employer prior to taking an approved leave.

Returning to Work after NJFLA Leave. On returning to work after NJFLA leave, eligible employees will typically be restored to their original job or to an equivalent job with equivalent pay, benefits and other employment terms and conditions. Any employee who fails to return to work as scheduled after NJFLA leave or exceeds the twelve (12) week NJFLA entitlement will be subject to the Employer's standard leave of absence and attendance policies. This may result in termination if the employee's continued absence is unauthorized (for example, if the employee has no other Employer-provided leave available to him/her).

Retaliation Prohibited. The Employer and the NJFLA prohibit the interference with, restraint of or denial of any right provided under the NJFLA and/or discharge or discrimination against any person for opposing any practice made unlawful by the NJFLA or for involvement in any proceeding under or relating to the NJFLA. The Employer encourages employees to bring any concerns or complaints about retaliation or compliance with the NJFLA to the attention of the human resources official.

New Jersey Family Leave Insurance. During a period of unpaid leave to care for a family member with a serious health condition or a newborn or adopted child or child placed into foster care with the employee, the employee may be eligible for up to twelve (12) weeks of Family Leave Insurance ("FLI") payments through the State in a twelve (12) month period. FLI is a monetary benefit paid by the State and not a separate leave entitlement, and will thus run concurrently with FMLA and/or NJFLA leaves.

An employee's job is not protected while receiving FLI benefits – unless the employee is eligible for leave under the FMLA, NJFLA, or is otherwise designated for an approved family leave of absence.

Employees must provide the Employer with advance notice of need for leave, as follows:

- At least thirty (30) days before leave to bond with a newborn or newly adopted child, unless the time of the leave is unforeseeable or the time of the leave changes for unforeseeable reasons.

- In a reasonable and practicable manner for leave to care for a seriously ill family member on a continuous, non-intermittent basis, unless an emergency or other unforeseen circumstance precludes advance notice.
- At least fifteen (15) days before leave to care for a seriously ill family member or leave to bond with a newborn or newly adopted child on an intermittent basis unless an emergency or other unforeseen circumstance precludes advance notice.

Application for Family and/or Medical Leave (FMLA)
and/or New Jersey Family Leave (NJFLA)

Name: _____ Date of Request: _____

Mailing Address: _____

Department: _____ Hire Date: _____

Title: _____

Start Date of Anticipated Leave: _____

Expected Date of Return to Work: _____

Reason for Leave:

☐ I request family leave to care for my newborn child, newly adopted child, or a newly placed foster child in my home.

☐ I request family leave to care for my family member with a serious health condition. I request family leave to care for:

☐ Spouse ☐ Child ☐ Parent

NJFLA Only: ☐ Parent-in-Law ☐ Civil Union/Domestic Partner

Name: _____ Address: _____

☐ I request medical leave to care for my own serious medical condition.
Describe serious health condition: _____

☐ I request military family leave because of a qualifying exigency arising out of the fact that my
☐ Spouse ☐ Child ☐ Parent
is on active duty or called to active duty status in support of a contingency operation as a member of the National Guard or reserves.

☐ I request military family leave because I am the

☐ Spouse ☐ Child ☐ Parent ☐ Next of Kin of a
covered service member with a serious injury or illness.

Application for FMLA and/or NJFLA (cont'd)

I understand that if my family or medical leave (total of paid and unpaid time) does not exceed twelve (12) weeks (twenty-six (26) weeks for military caregiver leave), I will be returned to my same or equivalent position.

I understand that if my family or medical leave exceeds twelve (12) weeks (twenty-six (26) weeks for military caregiver leave), the Employer may terminate my employment in accordance with the applicable law.

If my request for leave is approved, it is my understanding that unless the Employer has authorized an extension of my leave in writing, I must report to duty on the first workday following the date my leave is scheduled to end.

I understand that failure to return to work within five (5) consecutive working days following the expiration of the leave will constitute unequivocal notice of my intent not to return to work and the Employer may terminate my employment.

Signature of Employee: _____ Date: _____

Received By: _____
Borough Administrator

Complete and Return To:

Alison Altano
Borough Administrator/CFO
alisonatlano@allendalnj.gov

Return to Work Medical Certification

Employee Name: _____ Position: _____

Date leave commenced: _____ Date employee can return to work: _____

To Be Completed by Health Care Provider:

_____ I have completely examined this employee. In my medical opinion, his/her functional capacity is limited such that there is no possible way to modify his/her work environment to accommodate his/her physical and/or mental limitations according to the attached job description that was reviewed by me.

_____ This employee's condition prevents him/her from safely performing the essential functions of his/her position and will be unable to return to work.

- or -

_____ This employee is unable to return to work at this time and should be out of work until (please provide date): _____

_____ I have completely examined this employee and in my medical opinion, his/her functional capacity is limited. This employee can continue to work safely if the job, according to the attached job description that was reviewed by me, is modified to match the modifications stated below:

_____ Modified duty status should continue until _____
Date

_____ I have completely examined this employee. In my medical opinion I believe this employee can resume/perform all functions of his/her position without restrictions according to the attached job description that was reviewed by me.

Signature of Health Care Provider: _____ Date: _____

Name of Health Care Provider: _____ Telephone: _____

Address: _____

Type of Practice: _____

Area of Specialization: _____

BEREAVEMENT LEAVE

All full-time employees shall have up to five (5) days leave in the event of the death of a spouse, child, parent, grandparent, brother, sister, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, father-in-law, mother-in-law, grandchild, uncle or aunt of the employee or any other member of the immediate household. Two (2) days leave will be given to attend the funeral services of a spouse's aunt, uncle or grandparent. Permanent part-time employees may be entitled to bereavement leave on a pro-rated basis.

In no event shall any part of bereavement leave occur more than fifteen (15) days from the date of death. The Employer may require that the employee produce reasonable proof of death and relationship. Bereavement leave shall not be charged to sick or vacation leave and such leave is not cumulative.

Procedure. To use bereavement leave:

1. Employees who request bereavement leave must notify their Department Head of their intent to take such leave as soon as possible. Unless impracticable, employees should request bereavement leave in writing.
2. The Department Head or his or her designee shall notify the designated human resources official/Borough Administrator that an employee is using bereavement leave.
3. Employees who request an extension of bereavement leave beyond the established number of days shall have such extensions charged to accumulated unused vacation or sick leave. If an employee has used all of his or her accrued leave time, extended bereavement leave will be considered as a request for a leave of absence without pay.

MILITARY SERVICE LEAVE POLICY

The Employer provides military leave in accordance with applicable State and Federal law. In all cases involving military leave, the employee must, as soon as possible, provide his or her Department Head with a certificate verifying the call to military duty prior to beginning the military leave.

Organized Militia. Any permanent or full-time temporary officer or employee, who is a member of the organized reserve of the Army of the United States, United States Naval Reserve, United States Air Force Reserve or United States Marine Corps Reserve, or other affiliated organization, including the National Guard of other states, shall be entitled to a leave of absence without loss of pay or time on all work days on which he or she is engaged in any period of Federal active duty, up to thirty (30) work days in any calendar year. A military leave of absence is in addition to the employees' regular vacation or other accrued leave.

Any leave of absence for such duty in excess of thirty (30) work days will be without pay but without loss of time. A full-time temporary officer or employee who has served under such temporary appointment for less than one year will receive military leave without pay but without loss of time.

New Jersey Organized Militia. New Jersey's organized militia consists of the National Guard (Army and Air), the Naval Militia, and the State Guard. Any permanent or full-time officer or employee who is a member of the New Jersey organized militia shall be entitled, in addition to pay received, if any, as a member of the organized militia, to a leave of absence without loss of pay or time on all days during which he or she shall be engaged in State or Federal active duty, up to ninety (90) work days in any calendar year.

Any leave of absence for such duty in excess of ninety (90) work days will be without pay but without loss of time. A full-time temporary officer or employee who has served under such temporary appointment for less than one year will receive military leave without pay but without loss of time.

Reinstatement. To be reinstated by the Employer without loss of privileges or seniority, the employee must report for duty with the Employer within the time required by law following release from active duty under honorable circumstances.

In accordance with legal requirement, employees who take military leave are required to:

Provide the Employer with proper notice of the leave; Apply for reinstatement within the time required by law; Have a creditable military record including completion of all required training and fulltime service and be discharged under honorable conditions.

On return from a military leave of absence, the employee will be reinstated as required by law. See The Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Act ("USERRA"). Failure to comply with the requirement enumerated above or as required by law will jeopardize an employee's reemployment rights.

JURY DUTY LEAVE

When an employee is called for jury duty and for the duration of such service, the employee shall be entitled to a temporary leave with pay provided that:

- The employee submits a written request with a copy of the summons to his or her Department Head within three (3) business days after receipt of the summons;
- The employee inquires about the anticipated length of service and informs his or her Department Head of the expected duration in advance of accepting service;
- The employee notifies his or her Department Head as soon as possible if the length of jury duty has been extended beyond the original return date;
- The employee communicates with their Department Head to determine when they will report to work at such time as his or her presence as a juror is not required;
- The employee provides his or her Department Head with an appropriate certification or order from the assignment judge, clerk of the court or such other officer as shall be appropriate setting forth the period of such jury duty service to be attached to the weekly time sheet; and
- The employee reimburses the Employer for any payments or fees received as a result of such jury service less any meal or travel expenses.

The Employer will reassign shift workers to the day shift during jury duty leave.

Witness Duty Leave of Absence. The Employer is aware that employees may be subpoenaed to appear as witnesses in trials before the court. The Employer will provide employees with a paid leave of absence for matters stemming from their employment. For personal matters, employees will use available personal days or vacation days.

The Department Head must notify the Borough Administrator during any and all of the above stated.

SECTION FOUR: PERSONNEL RULES AND REGULATIONS

APPEARANCE

Each employee is expected to dress appropriately for the job. The following factors are relevant to determining appropriate dress:

- nature of work
- safety, including necessary precautions when working with or near machinery
- nature of employee contact with the public and the normal expectations of outside parties toward employees
- practices of others in similar jobs
- consideration of the image the Employer wishes to project

This policy incorporates by reference all references to uniform and dress contained in all collective negotiations agreements in force between the Employer and its employees. Failure to abide by the terms of such agreements shall be deemed improper conduct.

Additionally, some Departments may have more detailed and restrictive rules governing appearance. Employees are required to abide by applicable Department rules.

ABSENTEEISM AND TARDINESS

Regular attendance at work, reporting on time, and completing the required hours of work are necessary for each employee so that the Employer may meet its commitments to its residents. Employee absences place an additional burden on the remaining work force and seriously affect the Employer's ability to service its residents. Management recognizes that circumstances beyond the employee's control may cause him or her to be absent from work for all or part of a day. The Employer, however, will not tolerate unexcused absence or tardiness.

All employees are expected to come to work regularly and on time and to promptly notify their immediate supervisor or other management designee by personal telephone conversation when they are unable to do so. Unless prevented by specific circumstances, the employee must provide notification at least one (1) hour prior to the beginning of work for his or her position. In twenty-four (24) hour shift operations, notice must be given a minimum of one (1) hour before the employee's starting time, unless extenuating circumstances prevent such notification.

Attendance and punctuality will be considered, among other factors, in the employee's performance review. If an employee needs to leave work early, the employee must receive permission from his or her supervisor to leave prior to the regularly scheduled departure time. An employee who is absent from duty for five (5) or more consecutive working days without approval or notification or fails to return to work for five (5) or more consecutive working days following an approved leave of absence shall be deemed to have voluntarily resigned from their employment.

To minimize the negative impact on both employees and residents, the Employer will regularly review employee time records to identify chronic absenteeism and/or tardiness problems. Employees who exhibit attendance and/or tardiness problems will be subject to established progressive disciplinary procedures.

ALCOHOL AND DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE

All applicants for positions that require a CDL license and all employees whose job requires them to possess a CDL license shall be excluded from this Alcohol and Drug-Free Workplace policy. Instead, these employees are governed by Federal and State regulations, as well as the attached CDL Drug and Alcohol Testing Policy (Appendix A). Employees hired with the understanding that they must obtain a CDL license will be covered under this Alcohol and Drug-Free Workplace Policy until they obtain their CDL license.

YOUR ROLE AND RESPONSIBILITIES

DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE

The Borough of Allendale is committed to maintaining a safe, pleasant, and productive working environment. You have the right to come to work without fear of interacting with someone under the influence of drugs or alcohol. This is considered a Health & Safety Policy of the Borough. This Policy highlights the Borough's New Jersey Drug-Free Workplace Policy. The Municipality's Designated Employer Representatives (DER) are the Borough Administrator, the Chief of Police and the Department of Public Works Superintendent.

The Borough recognizes the prime importance to the Borough of protecting the safety, health and welfare of its employees and others with whom we interface such as citizens, contractors and members of the public. The objective of this policy is to maintain a working environment free from the adverse effects of substance abuse. While the Borough has no intention of intruding into the private lives of its employees, the Borough does expect employees to report to work unimpaired able to perform the duties of their job safely and effectively. In addition to absenteeism and accidents, substance abuse can adversely affect performance, productivity and workplace morale. Co-workers may feel that they have to cover up, or work harder because of someone's substance abuse. Ultimately an employee with an alcohol or drugs problem may lose their job and/or suffer devastating effects on their health. The Borough has a duty to safeguard its employees and the public from the risk of harm from employees who work under the influence of alcohol and drugs. Similarly, employees who are working under the influence, and employees who know that a fellow employee is working under the influence, owe such a duty. The failure to honour that duty by taking the right steps to prevent this risk can result in legal liability. All employees and contractors are responsible and accountable for ensuring that they, and their employees, are not under the influence of alcohol or drugs when carrying out work for the Borough. Managers and supervisors are responsible for taking appropriate action where they identify individuals who are at work while under the influence of alcohol or drugs. They should also take appropriate action to protect the health and safety of individuals who may be affected.

To the extent this Policy supplements, and does not conflict with current collective bargaining agreements, it is applicable. However, to the extent this policy may conflict with a current collective bargaining agreement (CBA), the CBA shall prevail.

All testing information is considered confidential information by the Borough and will be maintained in a separate file along with the employee's medical records, separate from other personnel files. An employee has the right to inspect and obtain a copy of his or her drug test results. Drug testing information will only be released to those employees of the Borough with a job related need to know, the DER and Alternate DER, to defend against any administrative action brought by the employee against the Borough, in grievance or arbitration proceeding under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement, in a court of law under subpoena, as released by the employee in writing, the MRO, Borough insurers, rehabilitation programs and as otherwise required by law. Our Drug-Free Workplace Policy does not tolerate the abuse of drugs or alcohol in the workplace. Understand that this Policy prohibits illegal drug use on or off the job. We encourage any employee suffering from a substance abuse problem to seek help. If you need help, we can direct you to our Employee Assistance Program (EAP) Substance Abuse Professional (SAP) for a confidential evaluation and referral for substance abuse treatment if necessary. Notice of the Borough's New Jersey Drug-Free Workplace testing will be provided on vacancy announcement and is posted in conspicuous locations on Borough premises.

Our program can help improve your health and help you avoid trouble with the law. Even if you do not use drugs or alcohol, this program will make your workplace safer and more productive, the Borough safer, and will help your friends and co-workers get the help they need. Compliance with this policy is a condition of your hire or continued employment, except to the extent this policy may conflict with a current collective bargaining agreement (CBA), which CBA shall prevail. The Borough has developed its drug-free workplace policy in compliance with New Jersey Laws, *and the Fourth Amendment to the United States Constitution as it covers employees of governmental entities*. Applicant testing will begin immediately and sixty (60) days after the effective date of your hiring, all employees are subject to testing as outlined below. The existing drug and alcohol testing program will remain in place until the effective date of this program.

WHO DO WE TEST?

All employees performing safety-sensitive functions, and all final applicants for positions where safety-sensitive functions are performed, and all other employees where reasonable suspicion exists. All DOT regulated employees are also subject to testing under this policy. Elected officials who are not otherwise classified as employees are not subject to testing under this Policy.

SAFETY-SENSITIVE CLASSIFICATIONS

Safety-sensitive employees are those employees who discharge duties fraught with risks of injury to others that even a momentary lapse of concentration can have disastrous consequences. Factors which have been considered in determining whether a position is safety sensitive include handling of potentially dangerous machinery, sharp objects, working at heights, positions requiring a high level of cognitive function, mostly unsupervised responsibility for children, and handling of hazardous substances in an environment where others could be injured. Positions which have been found to be safety-sensitive include firefighters, emergency medical technicians, law enforcement officials who carry firearms, fire and police dispatchers, 911 operators, heavy machinery operators, forklift operators, bus drivers, some (but not all) transportation workers, pipeline operators, gas meter repairmen, jail officers, and those involved in security functions. All Department of

Transportation (DOT) regulated employees are determined to be safety-sensitive by those regulations. Unless an employee comes under drug testing regulations of some federal agency, each position, job classification or department, should be individually evaluated to determine whether the employee is safety-sensitive in accordance with the above guidelines. (Attach safety-sensitive job classifications on separate sheet if necessary.)

HOW DO WE TEST?

Drug and alcohol testing is done through chemical analysis which determines without question if a person has drugs or alcohol in his or her system and in conformity with regulations of the New Jersey Department of Health. Specimens subject to testing include urine, breath, hair, oral fluids, or blood. Specimen collections, chain of custody and drug and alcohol tests will be in substantial compliance with the U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) procedures if applicable to the type of specimen being tested. To ensure accuracy, urine lab test procedures shall include a preliminary drug screening, two highly sophisticated scientific tests including adulterant detection, and are reported to an independent certified Medical Review Officer prior to being released to the Borough. Observed urine collections will only be conducted with the consent of the donor, and the observer will be by a person whose gender matches the donor's gender as identified by the donor at the beginning of the observed collection. Observed collections will be conducted in a professional manner that minimizes discomfort to the donor, and a medical professional may serve as the monitor, regardless of gender. The Medical Review Officer may recommend the collection of an alternate specimen (e.g., oral fluid) when a donor is unable to provide a sufficient amount of urine specimen at the collection site. The MRO will verify that chain of custody procedures were adhered to, use of a certified laboratory and that the test results were valid. The Borough provides reasonable accommodations to employees and/or applicants in the alcohol and drug testing program whose physical condition prevents them from producing a urine specimen suitable for testing. You may contact the DER if you wish to make an accommodation request. In accordance with Borough policy, a test result reported by the laboratory as a negative dilute urine test is not considered a negative test but subjects the donor to immediate retesting; and a second negative dilute urine test will render an applicant ineligible for hire and current employees, where a negative test is required, not currently fit for duty. FDA approved on-site screening devices may be utilized with all initial positive results confirmed by laboratory testing.

All positive initial tests are confirmed by GC/MS at established DOT cut off levels. An Alcohol content of 0.04 or higher using a DOT approved alcohol screening device, or breath alcohol device, is classified as a positive test. The drugs tested for may include all or some of the following: (1) Amphetamines; (2) Cannabinoids; (3) Cocaine; (4) Phencyclidine (PCP); (5) Opioids, designer drugs, or a metabolite of any of the above substances and mind altering synthetic narcotics or designer drugs, or impairing effect medications or substances, taken by employees working in a safety-sensitive classified position, in order for the employer to fulfill its duty to provide a safe place to work as a safety rule. The term "illegal use of drugs" includes any controlled or scheduled drug not used in accordance with a health care provider's lawful prescription for the user, or any substances banned by Federal or applicable State laws.

WHAT IF YOU TEST POSITIVE?

The Medical Review Officer will contact you confidentially to give you an opportunity to discuss your results before reporting them to the Borough as a verified positive. You may discuss the result with the MRO up to seventy-two (72) hours after a positive result and ask questions of the MRO about prescription and non-prescription medications, rebut or explain the test results to the MRO, and provide supporting documentation. During this 72-hour period, any applicant or employee may request that their split specimen be tested at a second laboratory and if positive, they will be responsible for that expense and that cost may be deducted from their paycheck, depending upon the result and, if negative, the employee will be reimbursed by the Borough for the cost of the test and any lost time. Under federal regulations, the MRO has the discretionary authority to notify the Borough that an employee is temporarily medically disqualified from the performance of safety-sensitive work during this evaluation period and also has the duty to notify the Borough if the employee is taking an impairing effect medication. A positive drug or alcohol test is classified as willful misconduct and a violation of the Borough's Policy. Any employee who tests positive, or refuses to be tested, may be subject to appropriate disciplinary action for engaging in willful misconduct connected with work, up to and including immediate termination, for gross misconduct connected with work, and violation of a safety rule for those employees working in a safety-sensitive position and/or forfeit eligibility for Worker's Compensation benefits *N.J. Stat. Ann. § 34:15-7* if post-accident and may adversely affect an employee's eligibility to receive Unemployment Compensation benefits. Any applicant made a conditional offer that tests positive, or refuses to be tested, will be denied employment or have their offer withdrawn.

As it relates to cannabis, an employee will be subject to adverse action if there is both a positive drug test, confirmed by a licensed laboratory, and a determination of reasonable suspicion based on documentation of physical signs or other evidence of impairment during the employee's work hours. When the New Jersey Cannabis Regulatory Commission issues standards for certification of a Workplace Impairment Recognition Expert ("WIRE"), an employee will be subject to adverse action if there is both a positive drug test and a physical evaluation by a WIRE.

Applicants for non-CDL positions will not be denied employment based solely on a positive pre-employment drug test for cannabis, except for law enforcement officers assigned to a federal task force, holding a federally regulated license requiring testing, or applying to an agency that is specifically required to test for cannabis by the terms of a federal contract or federal grant.

WHAT IF YOU FAIL TO FOLLOW SAFETY GUIDELINES?

Often times, impairment from drugs or alcohol will cause an employee to fail to adhere to safety guidelines and other common sense safe working practices. Failure to wear a seatbelt, failure to use Borough provided or required safety equipment, failure to follow safety guidelines, or removal (or disabling) of a safety guard will be willful misconduct connected with work, and subject the employee to discipline, up to and including discharge for violation of Borough Policy.

WHAT ABOUT IMPAIRING EFFECT MEDICATIONS OR SUBSTANCES?

Any employee working in a safety-sensitive position as defined by Borough Policy is required, as a safety rule, to pre-duty disclosure that they are taking or using ANY impairing effect prescription,

including medical marijuana, over-the-counter medications, mind altering synthetic or designer drugs or other substance which may have an effect on performance of safety-sensitive duties. If the fact that the employee is taking or using an impairing effect medication or substance is not disclosed pre-duty by a safety-sensitive employee and the employee tests positive, is otherwise determined to be taking or using such, or is determined by the MRO to be a potential safety risk due to taking or using an impairing effect medication or substance, that employee will be subject to discipline, up to and including termination, for violation of this safety rule. If disclosure is made, the Borough reserves the right to send the employee for a Fitness-for-Duty evaluation to evaluate the medication or substance and its effects on the performance of safety-sensitive duties. In advance of testing, employees are encouraged to have their own doctor make an individualized assessment of any safety-related risks of the medications or substances which they are taking or using, providing the doctor a copy of their job description and having the doctor render an opinion on the safety-related risks. The employee need not disclose to the Borough the medication or medical condition involved to fulfill the disclosure obligation of this Policy. All information provided will be kept separate from personnel files and in a confidential manner. The MRO, or another Medical Professional selected by the Borough, will make the final determination on the safety-related risks of any particular medication or substance.

WHAT IF AN ADULTERANT IS FOUND?

The use of an adulterant (something added to a specimen to attempt to hide drug use) is considered a refusal to test and a violation of the Policy. The same would be true if you attempted to substitute a specimen. Any employee who is found to have violated this Policy by attempting to defraud a drug or alcohol test may be subject to appropriate disciplinary action, up to and including termination for willful misconduct connected with work, or withdrawal of a job offer. No last chance opportunity is available under such a circumstance. It is a criminal offense to substitute or adulterate a test specimen. It also is a criminal offense in New Jersey to manufacture, sell, give away, or possess any device or substance designed or commonly used to substitute or adulterate a test specimen. *N.J. Stat. Ann. § 2C:36-10*. The MRO may declare a urine specimen to be adulterated or substituted based on the laboratory report.

WHAT IF I REFUSE?

A refusal to provide a specimen for testing, unless the MRO agrees a medically valid reason exists for your inability, will be considered willful misconduct connected with work. Such willful misconduct connected with work will cause an applicant's offer to be withdrawn and will subject an employee to immediate termination for cause. Under New Jersey law, unemployment compensation benefits may not be available in such a circumstance. Failure to report for specimen collection within a reasonable time, two (2) hours, of being directed to do so is also classified as a refusal under the Borough Policy.

DRUG EDUCATIONAL INFORMATION

Attached to this Policy you will find drug educational information to assist you in recognizing the impairing effects of drug use. The Borough will conduct employee education of substance abuse education and awareness and supervisor training on how to recognize signs of abuse, how to

document and collaborate signs of employee substance abuse, and how to refer substance abusing employees to the EAP.

WHAT IF YOU HAVE A SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROBLEM?

The Borough will provide support for employees who need support and help with alcohol or drug dependency via confidential Employee Assistance Program (EAP), Substance Abuse Professional (SAP) or Medical/Occupational Health support services. Employees who proactively seek treatment will be treated sympathetically and in a confidential manner. In certain cases, this may require a transfer to other duties (e.g. where a person is working in a safety critical role) while the individual is receiving treatment. However, the fact that an employee is seeking or undergoing treatment will not be a defence to a charge of wilful misconduct if the employee reports for work under the influence of alcohol or drugs. Our Policy encourages any employee with a drug or alcohol problem to voluntarily and confidentially seek help through our EAP/SAP program. Coming forward after you have been notified to report for testing is not considered a voluntary report. For confidential help with a substance abuse problem, contact the DER or the EAP/SAP. Counseling and rehabilitation for alcohol or substance abuse is available through the EAP, and may also be available under the health and welfare benefit program for employees, *only to the extent of the current benefits package*. The Borough will assume no direct financial responsibility for counseling or rehabilitation costs of an employee, not covered by the EAP. Any costs in addition to or in excess of any available health benefits are the employee's responsibility. A list of state and national **Substance Abuse Resources** is a part of this Policy.

WHAT ABOUT A LAST CHANCE OPPORTUNITY?

No last chance opportunity is available to a probationary, part time or temporary employee, or in the case of refusal, attempted adulteration, substitution, switching, tampering with, or diluting of a specimen or attempt to defraud a drug test. Employees who receive an EAP/SAP evaluation favorable for rehabilitation may be offered a last chance agreement which will subject the employee to unannounced follow-up testing for up to 12 months, together with other educational and counseling requirements as recommend by the EAP/SAP. A negative return to duty test is required to be placed back on active duty. A positive test, refusal or failure to comply with any term of the last chance agreement during this follow-up period will subject the employee to immediate termination.

WHY AND WHEN DO WE TEST?

- Pre-employment: Drug testing will be performed on all final applicants for safety-sensitive positions, or who transfer into a safety-sensitive position, as a condition of their employment.
- Routine Fitness-for-Duty: Safety-sensitive employees may be required to submit to a drug test as part of a routine Fitness-for-Duty examination and may be based on a particular job classification.
- Reasonable Suspicion: All employees will be required to submit to a drug and/or alcohol test if the Borough has a reasonable suspicion that an employee is under the influence of drugs or alcohol, which adversely affect or could adversely affect the employee's job performance.

Employees selected for testing shall be suspended until a negative drug/alcohol screen or laboratory test result is received. If a negative result, the employee will not suffer a loss of pay.

- Post-Accident/Incident Testing: Testing of a safety-sensitive employee may be conducted under any of the following circumstances: 1) the employee involved in the incident/accident was actively engaged in the activity which objectively could have caused or contributed to the injury or damage; or 2) the employee was operating, controlling, or repairing any machinery, tool, device, equipment or vehicle that was involved in the incident/accident; or 3) the employee's action or inaction was likely a contributing factor to the incident/accident or cannot be completely discounted as a contributing factor based on current info; or 4) testing is being conducted as part of the Borough's Post Incident/Accident Investigation related to possible Workers' Compensation Disqualification; or 5) testing is being conducted for other non-injured employees whose actions, or inaction, could have contributed to the incident/accident as part of a root cause investigation; or 6) post-accident drug testing is required by the Workers' Compensation Carrier or Fund.
- Random: Employees in safety-sensitive positions are subject to random drug testing. Those subject to testing are randomly selected, using scientifically valid methods, from a "pool" of covered employees. Non-DOT safety-sensitive employees may be included in a Non-DOT testing "pool." DOT regulated employees should only be placed in a DOT testing "pool."
- Rehabilitation/Follow-up: An employee who has voluntarily requested rehabilitation prior to a positive drug test may be subject to unannounced drug and/or alcohol testing under a work continuation agreement, to determine whether he or she is under the influence of alcohol or drugs after successful completion of the rehabilitation program. The testing will be without notice in conjunction with a referral for treatment.

POLICY PROHIBITIONS

Employees, applicants and Contractors for the Borough are strictly prohibited from engaging in the following conduct:

1. With respect to illegal drugs, employees and applicants violate this Policy by engaging in the following conduct, whether or not during work time or on Borough premises or property and are subject to discipline up to and including discharge, or rejection of the application for employment, or cancellation of contractual agreements:
 - a. Testing positive in a confirmed drug or alcohol test, or refusing to be tested.
 - b. Bringing and/or storing (including in a desk, locker, automobile, or other repository) illegal drugs or drug paraphernalia on Borough premises or property, including Borough-owned or leased vehicles, or vehicles used for Borough purposes.
 - c. Having possession of, being under the influence of, testing positive for, or being in close proximity to persons using illegal drugs, or otherwise having in one's system illegal drugs.

d. Using, consuming, transporting, distributing or attempting to distribute, manufacturing, selling, or dispensing illegal drugs. In addition, the Borough will refer such matters to the appropriate police authority.

e. A conviction or plea of guilty relative to any criminal drug offense occurring in the workplace. All employees must notify Borough in writing of any criminal drug conviction no later than five (5) calendar days after such conviction. Drug use off-the-job which adversely affects an employee's performance on the job, or which has the potential to jeopardise the health or safety of other employees, the public or the Borough's equipment or function, shall be cause for disciplinary action up to and including dismissal. Action will be taken against employees who are convicted for an off-the job drug offence. In deciding what action will be taken, the incident will be evaluated in terms of the nature of the conviction, the employee's job assignment, the employee's record with the Borough and other factors related to the impact of the employee's conviction on the Borough.

f. Abuse of prescription drugs which includes exceeding the recommended prescribed dosage or using others' prescribed medications. Such prescriptions brought to work should remain in the original labeled container and show both the prescribing doctor's name and the prescription's expiration date.

g. Switching, tampering with, diluting, or adulterating any specimen or sample collected under this Policy, or attempting to do so.

h. Refusing to cooperate with the terms of this Policy which includes submitting to questioning, drug testing, medical or physical tests or examinations, when requested or conducted by Borough or its designee, is a violation of Borough Policy and may result in disciplinary action up to and including termination. A refusal to test includes conduct obstructing testing such as failure to sign necessary paperwork or failing to report to the collection site at the appointed time.

i. Failure to advise pre-duty the Borough of the use of a prescription or over-the-counter drug which may alter the employee's ability to safely perform the essential functions of his or her job.

j. Failure of an employee to notify his or her supervisor before reporting to work if he or she believes that he or she is under the influence of drugs.

2. With respect to alcohol and cannabis, employees violate this Policy by engaging in the following conduct during work time or on Borough premises or property:

a. Bringing and/or storing (including in a desk, locker, automobile, or other repository) alcohol or cannabis on Borough premises or property, including Borough owned or leased vehicles, or vehicles used for Borough purposes.

b. Having possession of, being under the influence of, testing positive for or having in one's system, alcohol or cannabis. Using, consuming, transporting, distributing or attempting to distribute, manufacturing, selling, or dispensing alcohol or cannabis. As it relates to a positive drug test for cannabis, an employee violates this policy if there is both positive drug test and evidence-based documentation of physical signs or other evidence of impairment during the employee's work hours.

c. A conviction or plea of guilty relative to any criminal alcohol or cannabis offense occurring in the workplace. All employees must notify Borough in writing of any criminal alcohol or cannabis conviction not later than five calendar days after such conviction. Alcohol or cannabis use off-the-job which adversely affects an employee's performance on the job, or which has the potential to jeopardise the health or safety of other employees, the public or Borough equipment or function, shall be cause for disciplinary action up to and including dismissal. Action will be taken against employees who are convicted for an off-the job alcohol or cannabis offense. In deciding what action will be taken, the incident will be evaluated in terms of the nature of the conviction, the employee's job assignment, the employee's record with the Borough and other factors related to the impact of the employee's conviction on the Borough.

d. Switching, tampering with, or adulterating any specimen or sample collected under this Policy, or attempting to do so.

e. Refusing to cooperate with the terms of this Policy which includes submitting to questioning, alcohol or drug testing, medical or physical tests or examinations, when requested or conducted by Borough or its designee, is a violation of Borough Policy and may result in disciplinary action, up to and including termination. A refusal to test includes conduct obstructing testing such as failure to sign necessary paperwork or failing to report to the collection site at the appointed time.

f. Failure of employee to notify his or her supervisor before reporting to work if he or she believes that he or she is under the influence of alcohol or cannabis.

HOW CAN YOU HELP?

- I. If you are doing drugs – STOP!
- II. If you need help – ASK!
- III. If you know someone at work who is doing drugs – TAKE ACTION!
- IV. Don't let someone else's drug or alcohol problem be the cause of an ON THE JOB INJURY!

Only with your help can we truly have a safe, pleasant, and productive environment at the Borough.

Drug Educational Information

Alcohol (Depressant)

Common Forms: Beer, wine, hard liquor

How Used: Oral ingestion, patterns of use vary.

Desired Effect: People drink to relax, to socialize, as a part of a religious ceremony, for the control of physical and emotional pain, or for a variety of other reasons. Its depression of the central nervous system is progressive and continuous. It is a mood-modifying drug that usually provides a temporary feeling of mild euphoria and stimulation. This is a result of the initial depression of the higher centers of the brain which control inhibition. The more you drink, the more sedated you then become.

Time in body: Depends on many factors, such as body size, amount of alcohol consumed within an hour, and other individual factors. Performance is effected in relation to the amount consumed. Generally, a medium-sized person eliminates the equivalent of one drink per hour. However, "hangover" effects of alcohol have been documented for as long as 14 hours after consuming an intoxicating dose, well after the blood alcohol levels have returned to zero.

Observable effects: Staggering gait
Slurred speech
Odor of alcoholic beverage
Shaky hands
Poor eye-hand coordination
Slowed reaction time
Eyes react slowly to light - wears sun glasses

Work behavior: Arrive late, leave early, mis-outs
Neglect of physical appearance
Restlessness
Tremors (hands, face, fingers, lips tongue)
Slurred speech
Uninhibited - makes inappropriate remarks

Material Indicators: Empty liquor bottles, cans, often in paper bags
Flasks, sometimes disguised as other things

Slang Terms Booze, juice, hooch, grape, eye-opener, hair-of-the-dog, brew, suds, etc

Amphetamines (Amphetamine and Methamphetamine)

Stimulant

Common forms: Amphetamine - usually capsules or white, flat, double-scored pills.
Methamphetamine - white or granular powder, often packaged in aluminum foil or plastic bags.

How used: Orally, sniffed up the nose, or injected.

Desired effects: Most commonly sought after effects include euphoria, postponement of fatigue, increased energy, alertness and feelings of personal power. Repeated or chronic use often causes a strong dependence reaction and a schizophrenic loss contact with reality. Users coming off the drug experience extreme fatigue-induced sleep ("crash"), often followed by continued fatigue and depression.

Time in body: Injection or sniffed up the nose; "rush" felt within 1 minute. Orally, effects felt within about ½ hour. Single doses detectable for about 48 hours.

Observable effects: Dilated pupils. Flushed face, rapid respiration, profuse sweating. Hyper-excitability, talkativeness, restlessness. "Stereotypic" behavior often seen: person engages in repetitive tasks or mannerisms for extended periods of time. In large doses, inability to concentrate, confusion, panic.

Work behavior: Try to do job beyond competence level. Impaired ability to operate equipment. Takes chances, risks.

Material Indicators: Pills, capsules, white powder, granular crystals
Foil wrapped tubes, baggies. Hypodermics and paraphernalia for injections

Slang terms: Defies, bennies, speed, crank, ice, crystal, white crosses, black beauties

Cocaine - A Stimulant

Common forms: Cocaine - White crystalline powder. Free-base cocaine (crack) - white granular "rocks"

How used: Cocaine--usually snorted up the nose through a straw or from a "coke spoon" after being chopped to a fine powder with a razor blade. "Crack" -- freebase cocaine--is a processed version which is vaporized in a pipe and inhaled. Either form may also be injected.

Desired effect: Most commonly sought after effects are euphoria, stimulation, postponement of fatigue and feelings of personal power. The "high" lasts approximately one hour, with a "down" follow-on period. Psychological and physical dependence to "crack" after one to two uses; dependency to snorted coke takes longer to develop.

Time in Body: Single doses detectable for 12-24 hours

Observable effects: Dilated pupils. Talkativeness, restlessness. Sniffing, runny nose, irritated or bloody nose. Dramatic mood swings, from "down" to "up" in minutes. Sense of power sometimes manifested in aggressiveness

Work issues: Frequent trips "to the restroom"—secluded place. Frequent sick-outs and unexplained absences. Hyper-excitability and over-reaction to stimulus. Isolation/withdrawal from friends and activities. Financial problems--borrows, steals and/or sells to support habit. Insomnia, restlessness, lack of sleep

Material Indicators: Small folded paper envelopes (bindles), plastic bags, small vials used to store drug. Razor blades, mirrors, cut off straws, coke spoons. Small glass pipes, and heat sources used to volatilize crack.

Slang terms: Coke, snow, toot, crack, blow, happy dust, "C"

Marijuana

Common forms:	Dried green-brown flowers and leaves of the hemp (cannabis) plant--also as compressed tar like lumps (hashish) and sometimes as an oil to be spread on cigarettes (hash oil).
How used:	Generally smoked in hand-rolled cigarettes (joints) or a small pipe, sometimes eaten in baked goods or steeped to make a tea.
Desired effects:	Effects are somewhat dependent on the user and potency of the plant. Low doses tend to produce a dreamy state of relaxation and euphoria with changes in sensory perceptions (usually intensified) and alteration in thought formation and expression. Higher doses intensify these reactions with fragmentation of thought, memory impairment, shortened attention span, and illusions of insight. Marijuana currently sold on the street is 10 times more potent today than in past years.
Time in body:	Marijuana dissolves in body fat cells and is detectable for extended periods of time--up to seven (7) days for occasional users and four (4) weeks or longer for chronic users
Observable effects:	Red bloodshot glassy eyes (users often wear dark glasses and use eye drops to combat). Poor muscular control. Rambling, disconnected speech patterns. Euphoria--as laughing out of context. Getting "hung up" - i.e. going into the bathroom to comb your hair and coming out two hours later. Distinctive odor in air and/or on clothing.
Work issues:	Lack of attention, vision and auditory changes, and poor muscular control. Inability to respond to emergencies and sudden situational changes. Frequent sick-outs and mis-outs. Lackadaisical "I don't care" attitude about person and work. Chronic health problems for frequent users--persistent cough, fatigue, frequent sickness.
Material indicators:	Baggies of green-brown vegetable matter; rolling papers; small pipes (for marijuana) and very small pipes (for hashish); "roach clips" to hold the burned end of the marijuana cigarette; "roaches" discarded on the floor or in ash trays; distinctive odor of marijuana in the air.
Slang terms:	Dope, grass, reefer, weed, ganja, pot, etc.

Opioids (Morphine and Codeine)--Narcotic Depressants

Common forms: Street forms are pills, liquids and powders. Morphine is derived from opium. Opium dissolved in alcohol, containing 10% morphine, is legally available in many states as "paregoric."

Morphine and codeine are widely used medicinally. Morphine is a naturally occurring alkaloid, and is also found in products containing poppy seeds. Heroin is a semi-synthetic derivative of morphine.

How used: Opium is usually smoked. Codeine is most commonly taken orally. Heroin and morphine are injected; powders can be snorted; cigarettes can be dipped in paregoric and smoked.

Desired effects: Most commonly effects include euphoria, relief from pain, and a feeling of dissociated well-being. Low maintenance doses allow the addict to function on a daily basis. The heroin user experiences a "rush" described as a very pleasurable whole body reaction lasting 5-10 minutes, followed by several hours of mental and physical relaxation.

Time in body: Single doses are usually detectable for 48-72 hours.

Observable effects: Pinpoint pupils. Sweating, nausea, vomiting in novice users. "Nodding off"--the head drooping toward the chest, then bobbing up. Overly calm, detached facial expression. Confusion, mental dullness and slurred speech. Needle marks over veins.

Work issues: Increased sick-outs, mis-outs. Lack of interest in work, no attention to detail. Sharing of needles brings a high risk of contracting hepatitis and/or AIDS. High cost of the addiction may lead to borrowing money, stealing and selling (on or off the premises).

Material indicators: Foil or paper "bindles" for holding the drug. Charred spoons or bottle caps, used to cook the drug. Multiple burned matches used to cook the drug. Needles, syringes, eye droppers used for injection. Balloons or prophylactics used to hold drug. Bloody tissue papers, blood on shirt sleeves.

Slang terms: Heroin, dope, smack, shit, hard stuff, "H", china, monkey dust, china white, etc.

Phencyclidine (PCP)

Common forms:	Pills, liquid, powder, and PCP cigarettes
How used:	Usually smoked with tobacco or marijuana, but may be injected, swallowed, eaten or snorted.
Desired effects:	Users report desirable feelings of immobility, numbness, and detachment. Other sought-after effects include feelings of strength, power, and invulnerability, a dream-like detachment from reality (often coupled with lack of coordination).
Time in body:	Usually detectable 1- 8 days, but chronic users may test positive for several weeks following the last dose.
Observable effects:	Low doses: Sedated, euphoric, uncoordinated behavior. Wide mood swings. Sparse and purposeless speech. Muscle rigidity and jerky eye movements (nystagmus).
High doses:	Coma-like states with muscle rigidity and staring, half-closed eyes. Sudden stimuli may send the user into a psychotic state, with extreme agitation, violent behavior, abnormal strength, and inability to speak or comprehend.
Work issues:	Wide mood swings, unpredictable behavior, aggressive. Tremendous liability in the work force.
Material indicators:	Cigarettes that look as if they have been wet. Crystals, liquids or powders in small vials. Folded aluminum foil or paper packets.
Slang terms:	PCP, angel dust, hog, dust, DOA, shermans, sherms, peace pills, dummy, etc.

Substance Abuse Professionals

NATIONAL RESOURCES

A2Z Alcohol & Drug Abuse-Addiction.....	1-800-274-2042
Al-Anon/Alateen Family Group Headquarters	1-800-356-9996
Alcoholics Anonymous World Service.....	1-212-870-3400
American Council on Alcoholism Helpline.....	1-800-527-5344
800 Cocaine--An Information and Referral Hotline	1-800-262-2463
Nar-Anon Family Group Headquarters.....	1-310-547-5800
Narcotics Anonymous.....	1-818-773-9999
National Association of Alcoholism (NAADAC)	1-800-548-0497
www.naadac.org Fax:	1-800-377-1136
National Association of Addiction Treatment Professionals.....	1-717-581-1901
www.naatp.org	
National Council on Alcoholism and Drug Dependence, Inc.....	1-212-269-7797
www.ncadd.org	
Hope Line (24-hour affiliate referral)	1-800-NCA-CALL
Center for Substance Abuse Prevention's Workplace Hotline	1-800-WORKPLACE
National Clearinghouse for Alcohol & Drug Information.....	1-800-729-6686
Center for Substance Abuse Prevention's Drug Information, Treatment & referral Hotline	1-800-662-HELP
(Spanish-Espanol).....	1-800-66-AYUDA

**BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE
ALCOHOL AND DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE POLICY
NEW JERSEY NON-DOT**

NOTICE TO ALL EMPLOYEES AND APPLICANTS

DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE

The Borough of Allendale is committed to maintaining a safe, pleasant, and productive working environment. You have the right to come to work without fear of interacting with someone under the influence of drugs or alcohol. This Policy highlights the Borough 's New Jersey Drug-Free Workplace Policy. The Borough 's Designated Employer Representatives (DER) are the Borough Administrator, the Chief of Police and the Department of Public Works Superintendent.

The Borough recognizes the prime importance to the Borough of protecting the safety, health and welfare of its employees and others with whom we interface such as citizens, contractors and members of the public. The objective of this policy is to maintain a working environment free from the effects of substance abuse. While the Borough has no intention of intruding into the private lives of its employees, or preventing them from taking the medicine that they may need to stay safe and healthy, the Borough does expect employees to report to work unimpaired able to perform the duties of their job safely and effectively. In addition to absenteeism and accidents, substance abuse can adversely affect performance, productivity and workplace morale. Co-workers may feel that they have to cover up, or work harder because of someone's alcohol or drug use. Ultimately an employee with an alcohol or drugs problem may lose their job and/or suffer devastating effects on their health. The Borough has a duty to safeguard its employees and the public from the risk of harm from employees who work under the influence of alcohol and drugs. Similarly, employees who know that a fellow employee is working under the influence, owe a similar duty. The failure to honour that duty by taking the right steps to prevent this risk can result in legal liability.

To the extent this Policy supplements, and does not conflict with current collective bargaining agreements, it is applicable.

Notice of the Borough's New Jersey Non-DOT Drug and Alcohol testing will be provided on vacancy announcement and is posted in conspicuous locations on Borough premises.

Our program can help improve your health and help you avoid trouble with the law. Even if you do not use drugs or alcohol, this program will make your workplace safer and more productive, the Borough safer, and will help your friends and co-workers get the help they need. Compliance with this policy is a condition of your hire or continued employment. The Borough has developed its drug-free workplace policy in compliance with New Jersey Laws, *and the Fourth Amendment to the United States Constitution as it covers employees of governmental entities*. Applicant testing will begin immediately and sixty (60) days after the effective date of Borough, all employees are subject to testing as outlined below. The existing drug and alcohol testing program will remain in place until the effective date of this program.

BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE

DESIGNATED EMPLOYER REPRESENTATIVE (DER) GUIDELINES ON USE OF FORM TOOLKITS

The following are helpful tips the DER and/or alternate DER may wish to consult in fulfilling their duties and responsibilities:

Getting Started:

Populate the **Drug and Alcohol Testing Policy Development Worksheet** with the information specific to your entity and have this reviewed by legal counsel. As part of this process, you should complete the **Determination of Safety-Sensitive Positions [DFW04]**. That is a significant role in designating those as safety-sensitive in your policy.

Establish date for introduction of the **Drug and Alcohol Testing Policy** to employees. This Policy includes the following parts: (1) Policy, (2) Drug Education Information, (3) Substance Abuse Professionals resource list. You should secure a drug and alcohol awareness video for the meeting and send out notice of meeting date and time. Make a copy of the **Policy** for each employee. **Note:** the **Forms Toolkit** and **DER Guidelines** are not to be given to the employees at the meeting but can be viewed by them at any time.

On the date of the employee awareness training, have an **Employee Awareness Training Session Log** out for employees to sign. Distribute to each employee the following 4 part Policy: **Drug and Alcohol Testing Policy, Drug Education Information, Substance Abuse Professional resource list, and the Active Employee Certificate of Agreement, Receipt of Drug-Free Workplace Policy Consent Form**. Then walk through significant Policy provisions. At the end of the program have each active employee sign the **Active Employee Certificate of Agreement Receipt of Employee Policy Statement Consent Form [DFW01]** and place in their personnel file.

Establish a time and date to conduct reasonable suspicion training for supervisors. This training should be one hour for alcohol and one hour for drugs and conducted by someone who can issue certifications of such training.

Prepare file folders for your Drug and Alcohol Testing Policy records retention and maintain these files separate from personnel files as you would medical records.

Select a Certified Medical Review Officer, Laboratory, collection site and Third Party Administrator to assist with your program.

Applicant/Employee Testing

Have all applicants sign the **Pre-Employment Substance Testing, Consent and Release Form [DFW02]** before you schedule them for a pre-employment drug test.

If the employee fails to show for testing on time, you should receive a call from the collection site. Failure to show up on time is usually determined to be a “refusal to test” subjecting the employee to discipline or rejection of application under your **Policy**. If there is a refusal, you may wish to consider faxing an **Acknowledgment of Consequences of Refusal to Participate in Drug or Alcohol Testing [DFW03]** to the collection site while the employee is still present.

CMRO Report

You should get to know your Certified Medical Review Officer (CMRO) and request that he/she explain their role and answer your questions.

Post-Accident

In the event the employee is involved in a work place accident, check that the employee is drug tested in accordance with your Policy and worker’s compensation requirements.

Reasonable Suspicion

The trainer that you have selected for Supervisory Reasonable Suspicion training should be able to provide you both Contemporaneous and Long-term Observation checklists.

Refusal to Submit to Testing

Use **Acknowledgment of Consequences of Refusal to Participate in Drug or Alcohol Testing [DFW03]** and have two (2) supervisors sign verifying that refusal.

Removal from Safety-Sensitive Duty on a Verified Positive or Refusal

Do not wait on the CMRO’s written report but act upon the CMRO’s oral report of verified positive drug test, adulterated or substituted drug test.

Borough of Allendale
Active Employee Certificate of Receipt [DFW01]

I do hereby certify that I have received and read the New Jersey Drug-Free Workplace Policy, which explains the Borough of Allendale's adherence to New Jersey Laws. I have had the terms and conditions of the Borough's Drug and Alcohol Testing policy explained to me relative to screening or tests by the Borough, for the purpose of determining the presence of, and content of, any or all of the following substances under circumstances as set forth in the Borough's Policy:

- | | | | |
|----|--------------|----|---------------------|
| 1. | Amphetamines | 4. | Phencyclidine (PCP) |
| 2. | Cannabinoids | 5. | Cocaine |
| 3. | Opioids | | |

Testing may also include a metabolite of any of the above substances and mind-altering synthetic narcotics or designer drugs. The term "illegal use of drugs" includes any controlled or scheduled drug not used in accordance with a health care provider's lawful prescription for the user, or any substances banned by Federal or applicable State laws.

I understand that any employee who tests positive, or refuses to be tested, may be subject to appropriate disciplinary action for engaging in willful misconduct connected with work, up to and including immediate termination, and/or forfeit eligibility for Worker's Compensation benefits *N.J. Stat. Ann. § 34:15-7* if post-accident and may adversely affect an employee's eligibility to receive Unemployment Compensation benefits.

POSITIVE DRUG OR ALCOHOL TEST, OR REFUSAL CONSEQUENCES:

- 1) Classified as a positive test or refusal to test**
- 2) Discharge from employment**
- 3) Possible disqualification from Workers' Compensation Benefits**
- 4) Possible disqualification from Unemployment Compensation Benefits**

I also understand that it is not the purpose of this test to identify any disability I may have and that all activities will be conducted in accordance with ADA regulations.

I also understand that the Borough of Allendale and/or its designated representative will collect specimens for testing for the purpose of determining the presence of, and content of, drug and alcohol substances, as well as to obtain results from any alcohol or drug test administered post-accident by law enforcement and release of the results of said tests to the Borough, its DERs, to the Borough's Medical Review Officer, and as set forth in the Policy.

Employee Printed Name: _____

Employee Signature: _____ Date: _____

Witness Printed Name: _____ Witness Signature: _____

(This form is to be signed by employee and retained in personnel file.)

Borough of Allendale
Pre-Employment Substance Testing
Consent and Release Form [DFW02]

I do hereby certify that I have been given notice of the Borough of Allendale's pre-employment substance abuse testing policy; that I have been provided with access to a copy of the Borough's New Jersey Drug-Free Workplace Policy and have been made a conditional offer of employment. I hereby freely and voluntarily consent to submit to tests as shall be determined by the Borough in the selection process of final applicants for employment, for the purpose of determining the presence of, and content of, any or all of the following substances:

- | | | | |
|----|---|----|---------------------|
| 1. | Amphetamines | 4. | Phencyclidine (PCP) |
| 2. | Cannabinoids (for certain employment positions) | 5. | Cocaine |
| 3. | Opioids | | |

Testing may also include a metabolite of any of the above substances and mind-altering synthetic narcotics or designer drugs. The term "illegal use of drugs" includes any controlled or scheduled drug not used in accordance with a health care provider's lawful prescription for the user, or any substances banned by Federal or applicable State laws.

I agree that the employer representative, collection site, physician, or clinic may collect these specimens for screening or testing and may screen them or forward them to a testing laboratory for analysis.

I further agree to and hereby authorize the release of the results of said tests to the Borough, its DERs, and to the Borough's Medical Review Officer and its agents as provided in the Policy.

I understand that a negative test is a pre-condition of employment with the Borough and that refusal to submit to testing, or a positive test result will result in the rejection of my application, or the rescinding of a conditional offer of employment. I also understand that it is not the purpose of this screen or test to identify any disability I may have and that pre-employment screening and testing activities are conducted in compliance with ADA requirements.

I further agree that a reproduced copy of this pre-employment consent and release form shall have the same force and effect as the original and shall continue while my application is being considered and during any post-consideration proceedings. I have carefully read the foregoing and fully understand its contents. I acknowledge that my signing of this consent and release form is a voluntary act on my part and that I have not been coerced into signing this document by anyone.

Applicant: Print name: _____ SS# _____

Applicant Signature: _____ Date _____

Witness Printed Name: _____ Witness Signature: _____

Borough of Allendale
ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF CONSEQUENCES OF
REFUSAL TO PARTICIPATE IN DRUG TESTING [DFW03]

I, _____, an employee of the Borough of Allendale, acknowledge that I am refusing to report for Drug and Alcohol testing in accordance with the requirements of the Borough New Jersey Drug-Free Workplace Policy. I am aware that I am in violation of the Policy. I am aware that I am subject to certain adverse consequences as a result of my choice.

REFUSAL CONSEQUENCES:

- 1) Classified as a refusal to test**
- 2) Possible Discharge from employment**
- 3) Possible Disqualification from Workers' Compensation Benefits**
- 4) Possible Disqualification from Unemployment Compensation Benefits**

I have read this Acknowledgment of Consequences of Refusal to Participate in Drug Testing and understand it.

Employee Signature

Date

Witness Signature

Witness Address (city, state, zip)

(If employee refuses to sign, please have two witnesses sign below)

Witness 1 Signature

Witness 2 Signature

Witness 1 Address (city, state, zip)

Witness 2 Address (city, state, zip)

Borough of Allendale
Determination of Safety-Sensitive Positions [DFW04]

To:

From:

Re: Determination of Positions Classified as Safety Sensitive

I have reviewed the job descriptions and duties for the following positions and have determined that they meet the criteria for a safety-sensitive position as set forth in the Policy, in that:

Safety-sensitive employees are those employees who discharge duties fraught with risks of injury to others that even a momentary lapse of concentration can have disastrous consequences. Factors which have been considered in determining whether a position is safety sensitive include handling of potentially dangerous machinery, sharp objects, working at heights, positions requiring a high level of cognitive function, mostly unsupervised responsibility for children, and handling of hazardous substances in an environment where others could be injured. Positions which have been found to be safety-sensitive include firefighters, emergency medical technicians, law enforcement officials who carry firearms, fire and police dispatchers, 911 operators, heavy machinery operators, forklift operators, bus drivers, some (but not all) transportation workers, pipeline operators, gas meter repairmen, jail officers, and those involved in security functions. All Department of Transportation (DOT) regulated employees are determined to be safety-sensitive by those regulations. Unless an employee comes under drug testing regulations of some federal agency, each position, job classification or department, should be individually evaluated to determine whether the employee is safety-sensitive in accordance with the above guidelines.

Using the above criteria, the following positions have been classified by the Borough of Allendale as safety-sensitive: *attached list of job classifications or set forth below*. Elected officials who are not otherwise classified as employees are not subject to testing under this Policy.

Safety sensitive job classifications:

Safety-Sensitive Evaluator

Date

CHANGING VITAL INFORMATION

It is the responsibility of each employee to notify the human resources official and the payroll office promptly, in writing, of any changes of vital information including but not limited to:

- Name
- Address
- Telephone Number
- Marital Status
- Dependent Children
- Change in status for health care programs
- Change in status for dental coverage
- Change of beneficiary on pension or life insurance policies
- Change in tax status for tax withholding purposes
- Persons to notify in case of emergency

Changes may be accomplished by completing and filing an Employee Information Change Form with the human resources official and by completing the necessary insurance and pension forms with the payroll office. When necessary, the payroll office will provide the employee with additional proper forms to change beneficiary, income tax deductions, etc.

Employee Information Change Form

Employee Name: _____ Department: _____

Indicate the change you are reporting by checking the appropriate line:

- _____ Name
- _____ Address
- _____ Phone Number
- _____ Birth of Child
- _____ Death of Covered Family Member
- _____ Marriage
- _____ Divorce
- _____ Child's Status as Dependent (for tax or insurance coverage benefits)

Please provide details relating to the change you have check above, including the date of the change.

I authorize these changes to be effective _____

Signature of Employee: _____ Date: _____

COMPUTER USE, ELECTRONIC MAIL, AND INTERNET POLICY

The Employer's e-mail, voicemail, computer systems and Internet service are for official Employer business and use for all other non-business purposes during working time is prohibited. "Working time" shall be defined as any time in which the employee is engaged in or required to be performing work tasks for the Employer. Working time excludes times when employees are properly not engaged in performing work tasks, including break periods and meal times. This includes, but is in no way limited to, the use of computers or Employer-issued mobile devices, use of social networking, gaming or TV/video.

Note: All e-mail, voicemail, text, and internet messages are official documents subject to the provisions of the Open Public Records Act ("OPRA"), N.J.S.A. 47:1A-1 et seq.

The Employer operates in an environment where the use of computers, e-mail and the Internet are essential tools for certain employees. Those employees are encouraged to use computers, e-mail and the Internet; however, it is the responsibility of the employee to guarantee that these systems are solely used for business-related purposes during working time, (as defined above) and are used in a proper and lawful manner at all times.

- Employees are advised that all computers owned by the Employer are to be used for business purposes only during working time (as defined above), and that they have no expectation that any information stored on an Employer computer is private. Because e-mail messages are considered as business documents, the Employer expects employees to compose e-mails with the same care as a business letter or internal memo.
- Downloading or misusing software available through the Internet could violate copyright laws or licensing requirements.
- Personal use of any computer during working time (as defined above) is prohibited, unless expressly authorized by the employee's supervisor.
- The Employer reserves the right to block or cancel an employee's access to Internet sites or the Internet as a whole while using business computers or on the Employer's time.
- The e-mail, telephone, and Internet systems, as well as the messages thereon, are the property of the Employer.
- The Employer reserves its right to monitor its computer systems, including but not limited to, e-mail messages, computer files and Internet usage, with or without notice, at any time, at the Employer's discretion. The Employer also reserves the right to access and disclose such communications and recordings to third parties in certain circumstances. Therefore, employees shall have no expectation of privacy in any transmissions made or received using Employer computers or email accounts.
- Employees must be aware that the mere deletion of a file or message may not fully eliminate that file or message from the system.

- The existence of personal access codes, passwords and/or "message delete functions," whether provided by the Employer or generated by the employee, do not restrict or eliminate the Employer's access to any of its electronic systems as the employees shall be on notice that they should not have any expectation of privacy when using these systems.
- Employees shall not share personal access codes or passwords, provide access to an unauthorized user, or access another's e-mail or Internet account without authorization.
- The Employer's network, including its connection to the Internet, is to be solely used for business-related purposes during working time (as defined above). If permission is granted, an employee's personal use of the Employer's computer, e-mail and connection to the Internet shall not interfere with the employee's duties and shall comply with the Employer's policies and all applicable laws.
- Any messages or transmissions sent outside of the organization via e-mail or the Internet will pass through a number of different computer systems, all with different levels of security. Accordingly, employees must not send privileged and/or confidential communications (i.e. Social Security numbers, medical and/or HIPAA protected information, dependent information or other information protected from unlawful disclosure), via e-mail or the Internet unless the message is properly encrypted, and should consider a more secure method of communication for such data.
- Because postings placed on the Internet may display the Employer's address or other Employer-related information, and thus reflect on the Employer, make certain before posting such information that it exhibits the high standards and policies of the Employer. Under no circumstances shall data of a confidential nature (i.e. Social Security numbers, medical and/or HIPAA protected information, dependent information or other information protected from unlawful disclosure) be posted on the Internet.
- If you identify yourself as an employee in any manner on any internet posting or blog, comment on any aspect of the Employer's business or post a link to the Employer, you must include the following disclaimer in an openly visible location: "the views expressed on this post are mine and do not necessarily reflect the views of the Employer or anyone associated/affiliated with the Employer."
- Subscriptions to news groups or mailing lists are permitted only when the subscription is for a work-related purpose and authorized by Employer. Any other subscriptions are prohibited.
- All files downloaded from the Internet, e-mail attachments or the like should be checked for possible viruses. If uncertain whether your virus-checking software is current, you must check with the Employer's Network Administrator before downloading.
- Any "unauthorized use" of e-mail or the Internet is strictly prohibited while at work or while using an Employer computer. "Unauthorized use" includes, but is not limited to: connecting, posting, or downloading obscene, pornographic, violent, sexually suggestive, or discrimination based material; attempting to disable or compromise the security of information contained on the Employer's computer systems; or sending or receiving obscene, violent, harassing, sexual or discrimination based messages. If an employee receives a message that is representative of an "unauthorized use" of the Employer's

electronic media from someone outside of the Employer, it is the employee's duty to immediately inform the sender of such materials that he or she must refrain from sending such materials.

- Your Internet postings SHOULD NOT VIOLATE ANY OTHER APPLICABLE EMPLOYER POLICY, including, but not limited to, the following: the Employer's Anti-Harassment and Discrimination Policies.
- Employer business which is conducted by an employee on his or her personal computer or device is subject to this policy and may be subject to the provisions of OPRA.

Any employee who violates this policy shall be subject to disciplinary action, up to and including termination. This policy shall not be construed to restrict employees' rights to share information about their employment terms and conditions communicate with each other; or engage in other concerted activities for their mutual aid and protection.

Social Network Postings

For purposes of this policy, a social network is defined as a site that uses internet services to allow individuals to construct a profile within that system, define a list of others users with whom they share some connection, and view and access their list of connections and those made by others within that system. The type of network and its design vary from site to site. Examples of the types of internet based social networking activities include: blogging, networking, photo sharing, video sharing, microblogging, podcasting, as well as posting comments on the sites. The absence of, or lack of explicit reference to a specific site or activity does not limit the extent of the application of this provision.

The use of the internet and social networking sites, including but not limited to Snapchat, Facebook, and Twitter, is a popular activity; however, employees must be mindful of the negative impact of inappropriate or unauthorized postings upon the Employer and its relationship with the community. This provision identifies prohibited activities by employees on the internet where posted information is accessible to members of the general public, including, but not limited to, public postings on social networking sites.

Specifically, the Employer reserves the right to investigate postings, private or public, that violate work-place rules, such as the prohibition of sexual harassment and other discriminatory conduct, where such postings lawfully are made available to the Employer by other employees or third parties. Employees should use common sense in all communications, particularly on a website or social networking site accessible to anyone. If you would not be comfortable with your supervisor, coworkers, or the management team reading your words, you should not write them.

Be advised that employees can be disciplined for commentary, content, or images that are defamatory, pornographic, proprietary, harassing, libelous, or that can create a hostile work environment. You can also be sued by agency employees or any individual who views your commentary, content, or images as defamatory, pornographic, proprietary, harassing, libelous or creating a hostile work environment. What you say or post on your site or what is said or posted on your site by others could potentially be grounds for disciplinary action, up to and including termination. However, nothing in this

social networking policy is designed to interfere with, restrain, or prevent social media communications during non-working hours by employees engaging in protected concerted activities regarding wages, hours, or other terms and conditions of employment pursuant to the New Jersey Employer-Employee Relations Act or to prevent communications which are protected by the First Amendment freedom of speech clause, unless such communications are made as part of the employees' official job duties.

TELEPHONE AND PERSONAL COMMUNICATION USAGE POLICY

Land-line Telephones. Employer telephones are for official business use only during working time. Charges for all other usage, including personal calls and unauthorized use of such devices, must be reimbursed to the Employer. Working time shall be defined as any time in which the employee is engaged in or required to be performing work tasks for the Employer, and excludes times when employees are properly not engaged in performing work tasks, including break periods and meal times.

Employer-Issued Mobile Phones/Devices. Employer-issued mobile devices may be issued to certain employees in the course of their employment with the Employer. Such Employer-issued devices are the sole and exclusive property of the Employer and are only to be utilized by employees in the course and scope of their employment during working time (any time in which the employee is engaged in or required to be performing work tasks for the Employer not to include times when employees are properly not engaged in performing work tasks, including break periods and meal times.) Employees will be charged for costs incurred due to their personal use of such devices. Accordingly, the Employer reserves the right to monitor the use of the Employer-issued cell-phones without notice, at any time, and any such data collected from the mobile device equipment is the sole and exclusive property of the Employer to be used for any purpose.

Similarly, the Employer reserves the right to review the manner and use of these mobile devices and physically inspect the equipment at any time with or without notice. Accordingly, the employee shall have no reasonable expectation of privacy in any transmissions made or received using an Employer-issued mobile device.

Employees are expected, at all times, to respect the integrity of the Employer-issued mobile devices and to maintain the equipment in proper working condition. If an employee discovers or recognizes that the mobile device is not in proper working condition, it is the employee's responsibility to bring this fact to the attention of his or her supervisor immediately.

Upon termination of employment or in the instance of an upgrade to the employee's phone or service, the employee must return the Employer-issued device to the Employer.

Prohibited Use of Personal Communication Devices. To alleviate distraction and disruption of regular work routines, personal communication devices are strictly prohibited from use during working time (any time in which the employee is engaged in or required to be performing work tasks for the Employer not to include times when employees are properly not engaged in performing work tasks, including break periods and meal times.) while in work areas, except where the Employer has provided such device(s) to employees for business use, or in case of an emergency (such as illness, accident, and calls of a similar emergent nature).

Employees are prohibited from using their personal communication device to copy and/or upload any, confidential information (i.e. Social Security numbers, medical and/or HIPAA protected information,

dependent information or other information protected from unlawful disclosure). Employees must make reasonable efforts to obtain supervisor approval prior to making emergency calls during working time. Personal communication devices are defined as, but not limited to, cellular or two-way phones, text-messaging devices, iPhones, Android-enabled devices, BlackBerrys and pagers.

Other Personal Electronic Devices. Employees are not permitted to utilize electronic devices such as personal laptops, game systems, MP3 players, portable DVD players or any other type of personal entertainment systems while at work.

Violation of this policy may subject an employee to disciplinary action up to and including termination.

CONDUCT OF EMPLOYEES

Employees are expected to conduct themselves in a manner which exhibits a respect for the rights and property of the Employer, fellow employees, and residents. While many of these behaviors are addressed under specific policies, the following list, while not all inclusive, further identifies examples of inappropriate behavior:

- Insubordination or the refusal by an employee to follow management's instructions concerning job-related matters
- Serious breach of discipline
- Neglect of duty
- Incompetency or inefficiency or incapacity
- Fighting or creating a disturbance among fellow employees
- Using obscene, abusive, or threatening language or gestures
- Sleeping on duty
- Use or possession of intoxicants, narcotics or controlled substances without a prescription, being intoxicated or narcotized while on duty
- Absence without leave or failure to report after authorized leave has expired or after such leave has been disapproved or revoked; provided that any regular member or officer of the police department who shall be absent from duty without just cause for a period of five days shall cease to be a member of the police department, as provided by N.J.S.A. 40A:14-122, as amended.
- Using leave for purposes other than for which it was granted
- False statements, misrepresentation, or fraud in application form or any other matter concerning employment
- Chronic or excessive absenteeism
- Disorderly or immoral conduct
- Theft, bribery or unauthorized use or possession of the Employer, co-worker or resident property
- Disregarding safety or security regulations
- Falsifying or otherwise altering Employer records or reports, such as applications for employment, medical reports, production reports, time records, expense accounts, absentee reports, or shipping and receiving records

- Negligence or willful damage to public property or wasteful, unnecessary or unauthorized use of Employer supplies, especially for personal purposes
- Conviction of a crime
- Failure to maintain confidentiality of employer information
- The use or attempted use of one's authority or official influence to control or modify the political action of any employee or engaging in any form of political activity during working hours
- Infringement of policies defined in this manual or failure to comply with departmental rules and regulations
- Rude or disrespectful conduct toward the public
- Failure to maintain workplace and area cleanliness and orderliness
- Smoking where prohibited by ordinance, law or Employer rules
- Improper attire or inappropriate personal appearance
- Engaging in any harassment or discrimination based upon a protected class
- Violation of Employer policies on solicitation or distribution
- Possession of firearms or other weapons on Employer property or while on official business, unless otherwise authorized by the Employer
- Other actions disruptive to the effective, efficient, economical operation of the Employer's affairs
- Conduct unbecoming a public employee. It is important that all employees perform to the best of their abilities at all times.

There will be occasions, however, where employees perform at an unsatisfactory level, violate a policy, or engage in inappropriate behavior. Except as otherwise provided by a collective negotiations agreement or by law, employment may be terminated at-will by the employee or the Employer at any time with or without cause and without following any system of discipline or warnings.

ETHICAL CONDUCT

Pursuant to the provisions of the Local Government Ethics Law:

1. No employee or member of his or her immediate family will have an interest in a business organization or engage in any business, transaction or professional activity, which is in substantial conflict with the proper discharge of his or her duties in the public interest.
2. No employee should use or attempt to use his or her official position to secure unwarranted privileges or advantages for him or herself or others.
3. No employee should act in his or her official capacity in any matter wherein he or she, a member of his or her immediate family, or business organization in which he or she has an interest, has a direct or indirect personal or financial interest that might reasonably be expected to impair his or her objectivity or independence of judgment.
4. No employee should undertake any employment or service, whether compensated or not, which might reasonably be expected to prejudice his or her independence of judgment in the exercise of his or her official duties.
5. No employee, member of his or her immediate family, or business organization in which he or she has an interest, should solicit or accept any gift, favor, loan, political contribution, service, promise of future employment, or other thing of value based upon an understanding that the gift, favor, loan contribution, service, promise or other thing of value was given or offered for the purpose of influencing him or her directly or indirectly in the discharge of his or her official duties.
6. No employee will use, or allow to be used, his or her public employment, or any information, not generally available to members of the public, which he or she receives or acquires in the course of and by reason of his or her employment, for the purpose of securing financial gain for himself or herself, any member of his or her immediate family, or any business organization with which he or she is associated.
7. No employee or business organization in which he or she has an interest will represent any person or party other than the Employer in connection with any cause, proceeding, application or other matter pending before any agency in the local government in which he or she serves. An employee or members of his or her immediate family may represent himself or herself in proceedings concerning the employee's own interests.

CONFIDENTIALITY OF PERSONNEL RECORDS

The Borough Administrator will ensure that adequate personnel records are maintained for each employee in accordance with applicable Federal and State requirements. These records shall include: dates of appointments, transfers, promotions and terminations, job titles, salaries, commendations, complaints, performance evaluations, disciplinary actions, amount of leave accrued and used, a record of the employee's training and other related matters, and attendance records.

A new employee's employment application, letters of reference, reference verification and any other supporting documents will be included in the personnel file. Confidential medical records are maintained in a separate file.

Personnel records, other than name, title, salary, compensation, dates of service, reason for separation, and information on specific educational or medical qualifications required for employment, are confidential and are available only to the employee, an authorized representative of the employee, and the human resources official. Personnel records may also be available to the Borough Administrator, other members of management, the Employer's legal counsel, and members of the governing body on a need-to-know basis in connection with official duties. Additionally, the Employer will make the records available as required by law.

Employees are entitled to review the contents of their personnel folder, except for reference checks and other information provided to the Employer in the hiring process, but may not review the contents of other employees' personnel file. Employees who want to review their own personnel folder should request an appointment with the human resources official. Employees should provide the Employer with at least twenty-four (24) hours advance notice of his or her need for an appointment to review his or her personnel file. To protect the integrity of the personnel files, the employee will review the personnel file in the presence of the human resources official or his/her designee. Employees will not be permitted to photocopy the contents of their folder, take personnel folders outside of the human resources office or remove any documents from the folder.

Employees whose duties require access to personnel documents or information must maintain their confidentiality. Violators of this confidentiality will be subject to disciplinary action up to and including termination.

CONTAGIOUS/LIFE THREATENING ILLNESS POLICY

The Employer is committed to providing and maintaining a healthy and safety work environment which allows all employees to perform their jobs in a safe and productive manner. The Employer respects the dignity and worth of every employee through its Equal Opportunity Employment statement, which explains its policy and practice with respect to prohibiting discrimination in every phase of employment. The Employer provides support for individual employees who may be facing the trauma of a life-threatening or catastrophic illness. The purpose of this policy is to support the physical and emotional health of all employees, minimize disruptions of productivity and morale caused by the presence of a worker with a life-threatening illness, and demonstrate the Employer's continued commitment to its affirmative action goals related to physically disabled employees.

If an employee has learned that he or she has a contagious or life-threatening illness, including but not limited to HIV/AIDS, the employee should take all steps to protect further spread of the disease or illness. When appropriate, the employee's Department Head should be notified of any illnesses that may affect the health, safety, and welfare of any co-employee or member of the general public. Employees with such conditions, who are able to meet appropriate standards and whose continued employment does not pose a threat to their own health and safety or that of others, are assured equal employment opportunities and reasonable accommodations in their employment. If an employee is able to work, he or she is expected to be productive. If the individual cannot work, then he or she may be eligible for disability benefits.

Consistent with the concern for employees with life-threatening illness, the Employer offers the following resources through the human resources official:

- 1) Employee education and information on terminal illnesses and specific life-threatening illnesses.
- 2) Referral to agencies and organizations which offer supportive services for life-threatening illnesses.
- 3) Consultation in assisting employees in efficiently managing health, leave and other benefits. The Employer encourages employees who need these resources to contact the human resources official.

DISCIPLINE AND TERMINATION POLICY

Corrective disciplinary action, as appropriate, will be taken against any employee found to be in violation of established procedures. All disciplinary action shall be based upon total concern for the employee, the employee's relationship with his/her fellow workers, the employee's relationship with his/her supervisor, and the best interest of the Employer. Such disciplinary action shall be of a positive, educational and corrective nature, and shall not be used in an abusive or vindictive manner.

Discipline is considered to be major or minor. Major discipline shall include:

- Removal
- Disciplinary demotion
- Suspension of greater than five (5) days

Minor discipline is a formal written reprimand or a suspension or fine of five (5) or less days.

This policy covers non-union employees. It also covers union employees to the extent that their collective bargaining agreements do not cover this subject matter.

An employee may be subject to discipline, including termination, for any of the following reasons:

- Incompetency, inefficiency or failure to perform duties;
- Insubordination;
- Inability to perform duties;
- Chronic or excessive absenteeism or lateness;
- Conviction of a crime;
- Conduct unbecoming a public employee;
- Neglect of duty;
- Misuse of public property, including motor vehicles;
- Discrimination that affects equal employment opportunity, including sexual harassment;
- Violation of federal regulations concerning drug and alcohol use by and testing of employees who perform functions related to the operation of commercial motor vehicles, and state and local policies issued thereunder;
- Falsification of public records, including attendance and other personnel records;

- Failure to report absence;
- Harassment of co-workers and/or volunteers and visitors;
- Theft or attempted theft of property belonging to the Employer, fellow employees, volunteers or visitors;
- Unauthorized absences and/or chronic or excessive absences;
- Fighting on Employer's property at any time;
- Being under the influence of intoxicants (e.g., liquor) or illegal drugs (e.g., cocaine or marijuana) on Employer property and at any time during work hours;
- Failure to report to work on the day or days prior to or following a vacation, holiday and/or leave, and/or any other unauthorized day of absence;
- Possession, sale, transfer or use of intoxicants or illegal drugs on Employer property and at any time during work hours;
- Entering the building without permission during non-scheduled work hours;
- Soliciting on Employer premises during work time. This includes but is not limited to distribution of literature or products or soliciting membership in fraternal, religious, social or political organizations, and for sales of products, such as those from Avon, Amway, etc.;
- Careless waste of materials or abuse of tools, equipment or supplies;
- Deliberate destruction or damage to Employer property or the property of other employees;
- Sleeping on the job;
- Carrying weapons of any kind on Employer premises and/or during work hours, unless carrying a weapon is a function of your job duties;
- Violation of established safety and fire regulations;
- Unauthorized absence from work area, and/or roaming or loitering on the premises, during scheduled work hours;
- Defacing walls, bulletin boards or any other property of the Employer or other employees;
- Unauthorized disclosure of confidential Employer information;
- Gambling on Employer premises;

- Horseplay, disorderly conduct and use of abusive and/or obscene language on Employer premises;
- Deliberate delay or restriction of your work effort, and/or incitement of others to delay or restrict their work effort;
- Conviction of a crime or disorderly persons offense;
- Violating any Employer rules, procedures, regulations or policies;
- Unauthorized use of computers, Internet, email, voicemail, telephone and cellular phone; and
- Other sufficient cause.

These are mere examples and not an exhaustive list or binding on the Employer. Additionally, the Employer reserves the right to use any and all forms of discipline on a case-by-case basis and is not obligated to use progressive discipline. Employment with the Employer may be terminated at any time with or without cause or reason by the employee or Employer.

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE POLICY

PURPOSE

The purpose of the State of New Jersey Domestic Violence Policy for Public Employers (herein "policy") is to set forth a uniform domestic violence policy for all public employers to adopt in accordance with N.J.S.A. 11A:2-6a. The purpose of this policy is also to encourage employees who are victims of domestic violence, and those impacted by domestic violence, to seek assistance from their human resources officers and provide a standard for human resources officers to follow when responding to employees.

DEFINITIONS

The following terms are defined solely for the purpose of this policy:

Domestic Violence - Acts or threatened acts, that are used by a perpetrator to gain power and control over a current or former spouse, family member, household member, intimate partner, someone the perpetrator dated, or person with whom the perpetrator shares a child in common or anticipates having a child in common if one of the parties is pregnant. Domestic violence includes, but is not limited to the following: physical violence; injury; intimidation; sexual violence or abuse; emotional and/or psychological intimidation; verbal abuse; threats; harassment; cyber harassment; stalking; economic abuse or control; damaging property to intimidate or attempt to control the behavior of a person in a relationship with the perpetrator; strangulation; or abuse of animals or pets.

Abuser/Perpetrator - An individual who commits or threatens to commit an act of domestic violence, including unwarranted violence against individuals and animals. Other abusive behaviors and forms of violence can include the following: bullying, humiliating, isolating, intimidating, harassing, stalking, or threatening the victim, disturbing someone's peace, or destroying someone's property.

Human Resources Officer (HRO)—An employee of a public employer with a human resources job title, or its equivalent, who is responsible for orienting, training, counseling, and appraising staff. Persons designated by the employer as the primary or secondary contact to assist employees in reporting domestic violence incidents.

Intimate Partner - Partners of any sexual orientation or preference who have been legally married or formerly married to one another, have a child or children in common, or anticipate having a child in common if one party is pregnant. Intimate partner also includes those who live together or have lived together, as well as persons who are dating or have dated in the past.

Temporary Restraining Order (TRO) - A civil court order issued by a judge to protect the life, health or well-being of a victim. TROs can prohibit domestic violence offenders from having contact with victims, either in person or through any means of communication, including third parties. TROs also can prohibit

offenders from a victim's home and workplace. A violation of a TRO may be a criminal offense. A TRO will last approximately 10 business days, or until a court holds a hearing to determine if a Final Restraining Order (FRO) is needed. In New Jersey, there is no expiration of a FRO.

Victim - A person who is 18 years of age or older or who is an emancipated minor and who has been subjected to domestic violence by a spouse, former spouse, or any other person who is a present household member or was at any time a household member. A victim of domestic violence is also any person, regardless of age, who has been subjected to domestic violence by one of the following actors: a person with whom the victim has a child in common; a person with whom the victim anticipates having a child in common, if one of the parties is pregnant; and a person with whom the victim has had a dating relationship.

Workplace-Related Incidents - Incidents of domestic violence, sexual violence, dating violence, and stalking, including acts, attempted acts, or threatened acts by or against employees, the families of employees, and/or their property, that imperil the safety, well-being, or productivity of any person associated with a public employee in the State of New Jersey, regardless of whether the act occurred in or outside the organization's physical workplace. An employee is considered to be in the workplace while in or using the resources of the employer. This includes, but is not limited to, facilities, work sites, equipment, vehicles, or while on work-related travel.

PERSONS COVERED BY THIS POLICY

All employees are covered under this policy, including full and part time employees, casual/seasonal employees, interns, volunteers and temporary employees at any workplace location.

RESPONSIBILITY OF EMPLOYERS TO DESIGNATE A HUMAN RESOURCES OFFICER

The Borough of Allendale hereby designates the following employees as the Primary HRO and Secondary HRO, to assist employees who are victims of domestic violence.

Primary HRO:

Alison Altano, CFO/Borough Administrator

Managers and supervisors are often aware of circumstances involving an employee who is experiencing domestic violence. Managers and supervisors are required to refer any employee who is experiencing domestic violence or who report witnessing domestic violence to the designated HRO. Managers and supervisors must maintain confidentiality, to the extent possible, and be sensitive, compassionate, and respectful to the needs of persons who are victims of domestic violence.

The name and contact information of the designated HRO will be provided to all employees.

This policy does not supersede applicable laws, guidelines, standard operating procedures, internal affairs policies, or New Jersey Attorney General Directives and guidelines that impose a duty to report. For example, if there is any indication a child may also be a victim, reporting is mandatory to the Department of Children and Families, Child Protection and Permanency, under N.J.S.A. 9:6-8.13.

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE REPORTING PROCEDURES

Employees who are victims of domestic violence are encouraged to seek immediate assistance from their Supervisor and/or Borough Administrator. Employees who have information about or witness an act of domestic violence against an employee, are encouraged to report that information, unless the employee is required to report the domestic violence pursuant to applicable laws, guidelines, standard operating procedures, internal affairs policies, or New Jersey Attorney General directives and guidelines that impose a duty to report, in which case the employee must so report to the appropriate authority in addition to reporting to the Supervisor and/or Borough Administrator. Nothing in this policy shall preclude an employee from contacting 911 in emergency situations. Indeed, the Supervisor and/or Borough Administrator shall remind employees to contact 911 if they feel they are in immediate danger.

Each designated representative shall:

- A. Immediately respond to an employee upon request and provide a safe and confidential location to allow the employee to discuss the circumstances surrounding the domestic violence incident and the request for assistance.
- B. Determine whether there is an imminent and emergent need to contact 911 and/or local law enforcement.
- C. Provide the employee with resource information and a confidential telephone line to make necessary calls for services for emergent intervention and supportive services, when appropriate. The designated representative or the employee can contact the appropriate Employee Assistance Program to assist with securing resources and confidential services.
- D. Refer the employee to the provisions and protections of The New Jersey Security and Financial Empowerment Act, N.J.S.A. 34:11C-1 et seq. (NJ SAFE Act), referenced in this policy.
- E. Maintain the confidentiality of the employee and all parties involved, to the extent practical and appropriate under the circumstances, pursuant to this policy.

CONFIDENTIALITY POLICY

In responding to reports of domestic violence, the designated representative shall seek to maintain confidentiality to protect an employee making a report of, witnessing, or experiencing domestic violence, to the extent practical and appropriate under the circumstances and allowed by law. Thus, this policy does not supersede applicable laws, guidelines, standard operating procedures, internal affairs policies, or New Jersey Attorney General Directives and guidelines that impose a duty to report.

This confidentiality policy shall not prevent disclosure where to do so would result in physical harm to any person or jeopardize safety within the workplace. When information must be disclosed to protect the safety of individuals in the workplace, the designated representative shall limit the breadth and content of such disclosure to information reasonably necessary to protect the safety of the disclosing employee and others and comply with the law. The designated representative shall provide advance notice to the employee who disclosed information, to the extent possible, if the disclosure must be shared with other parties in order to maintain safety in the workplace or elsewhere. The designated representative shall also provide the employee with the name and title of the person to whom they intend to provide the employee's statement and shall explain the necessity and purpose regarding the disclosure. For example, if the substance of the disclosure presents a threat to employees, then law enforcement will be alerted immediately.

This policy does not supersede applicable laws, guidelines, standard operating procedures, internal affairs policies, or New Jersey Attorney General Directives and guidelines where mandatory reporting is required by the appointing authority or a specific class of employees.

CONFIDENTIALITY OF EMPLOYEE RECORDS

To ensure confidentiality and accuracy of information, this policy requires the Borough Administrator to keep all documents and reports of domestic violence in confidential personnel file separate from the employee's other personnel records. These records shall be considered personnel records and shall not be government records available for public access under the Open Public Records Act. See N.J.S.A. 47:1A-10.

THE NEW JERSEY SECURITY AND FINANCIAL EMPOWERMENT ACT

The New Jersey Security and Financial Empowerment Act, N.J.S.A. 34:11C-1, et seq. (NJ SAFE Act), is a law that provides employment protection for victims of domestic or sexual violence.

The NJ SAFE Act allows a maximum of 20 days of unpaid leave in one 12-month period, to be used within 12 months following any act of domestic or sexual violence. To be eligible, the employee must have worked at least 1,000 hours during the 12-month period immediately before the act of domestic or sexual violence. Further, the employee must have worked for an employer in the State that employs 25 or more employees for each working day during 20 or more calendar weeks in the current or immediately preceding calendar year. This leave can be taken intermittently in days, but not hours.

Leave under the NJ SAFE Act may be taken by an employee who is a victim of domestic violence, as that term is defined in N.J.S.A. 2C:25-19 and N.J.S.A. 30:4-27.6, respectively. Leave may also be taken by an employee whose child, parent, spouse, domestic partner, civil union partner, or other relationships as defined in applicable statutes is a victim of domestic or sexual violence.

Leave under the NJ SAFE Act may be taken for the purpose of engaging in any of the following activities, for themselves, or a child, parent, spouse, domestic partner, or civil union partner, as they relate to an incident of domestic or sexual violence:

- 1) Seeking medical attention;
- 2) Obtaining services from a victim services organization;
- 3) Obtaining psychological or other counseling;
- 4) Participating in safety planning, temporarily or permanently relocating, or taking other actions to increase safety;
- 5) Seeking legal assistance or remedies to ensure health and safety of the victim; or
- 6) Attending, participating in, or preparing for a criminal or civil court proceeding relating to an incident of domestic or sexual violence.

PUBLIC EMPLOYER DOMESTIC VIOLENCE ACTION PLAN

The Employer has developed the following action plan to identify, respond to, and correct employee performance issues that are caused by domestic violence, pursuant to N.J.S.A. 11A:2-6a, and in accordance with the following guidelines:

- A. Designate an HRO with responsibilities pursuant to this policy.
- B. Recognize that an employee may need an accommodation as the employee may experience temporary difficulty fulfilling job responsibilities.
- C. Provide reasonable accommodations to ensure the employee's safety. Reasonable accommodations may include, but are not limited to, the following: implementation of safety measures; transfer or reassignment; modified work schedule; change in work telephone number or work-station location; assistance in documenting the violence occurring in the workplace; an implemented safety procedure, or other accommodation approved by the employer.
- D. Advise the employee of information concerning the NJ SAFE Act; Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA); or Family Leave Act (FLA); Temporary Disability Insurance (TOI); or Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA); or other reasonable flexible leave options when an employee, or his or her child, parent, spouse, domestic partner, civil union partner, or other relationships as defined in applicable statutes is a victim of domestic violence.
- E. Commit to adherence to the provisions of the NJ SAFE Act, including that the employer will not retaliate against, terminate, or discipline any employee for reporting information about incidents of domestic violence, as defined in this policy, if the victim provides notice to their Human Resources Office of the status or if the Human Resources Office has reason to believe an employee is a victim of domestic violence.
- F. Advise any employee, who believes he or she has been subjected to adverse action as a result of making a report pursuant to this policy, of the civil right of action under the NJ SAFE ACT. And advise any employee to contact their designated Labor Relations Officer, Conscientious Employees Protection Act (CEPA) Officer and/or Equal Employment Opportunity Officer in the event they believe the adverse action is a violation of their collective bargaining agreement, the Conscientious Employees Protection Act or the New Jersey Law Against Discrimination and corresponding policies.

- G. Employers, their designated HRO, and employees should familiarize themselves with this policy. This policy shall be provided to all employees upon execution and to all new employees upon hiring. Information and resources about domestic violence are encouraged to be placed in visible areas, such as restrooms, cafeterias, breakrooms, and where other resource information is located.

RESOURCES

This policy provides an Appendix listing resources and program information readily available to assist victims of domestic violence. These resources should be provided by the designated HRO to any victim of domestic violence at the time of reporting.

DISTRIBUTION OF POLICY

WHO will be responsible for distributing this policy to employees, volunteers, and other employees identified above.

WHO will be responsible for updating this policy at least annually to reflect circumstances changes in the organization.

WHO will be responsible for monitoring The Civil Service Commission and the Division of Local Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs for modifications thereto, to public employers.

OTHER APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS

In addition to this policy, the HRO and the public employer's appointing authority must follow all applicable laws, guidelines, standard operating procedures, internal affairs policies, and New Jersey Attorney General Directives and guidelines that impose a duty to report. Additionally, to the extent that the procedures set forth in this policy conflict with collective negotiated agreements or with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), the provisions of the negotiated agreements and the provisions of FERPA control.

POLICY MODIFICATION AND REVIEW

A public employer may seek to modify this policy, to create additional protocols to protect victims of domestic violence but may not modify in a way that reduces or compromises the safeguards and processes set out in this policy.

The Civil Service Commission will review and modify this policy periodically and as needed.

POLICY ENFORCEABILITY

The provisions of this policy are intended to be implemented by the Civil Service Commission. These provisions do not create any promises or rights that may be enforced by any persons or entities.

POLICY INQUIRIES & EFFECTIVE DATE

Any questions concerning the interpretation or implementation of this policy shall be addressed to the Chair/Chief Executive Officer of the Civil Service Commission, or their designee. This policy shall be enforceable upon the HRO's completion of training on this policy.

GRIEVANCE PROCEDURE

A grievance is any formal dispute concerning the interpretation, application and enforcement of any personnel policy or procedure. A grievance submitted by a union employee will be addressed pursuant to grievance procedure set forth in the applicable bargaining unit agreement. A grievance from a non-union employee must be submitted within five (5) working days after arising. Failure to report a grievance within such time period shall be deemed as a waiver of the grievance. In the event of a settlement or ruling that results in a determination of monetary liability, such liability shall not exceed more than thirty (30) working days prior to the date the grievance was first presented in writing.

- Step One: Any employee or group of employees with a grievance shall communicate their grievance to their supervisor or Department Head who will discuss the matter with the human resources official and/or the Borough Administrator. The supervisor or Department Head will communicate the decision to the employee within five (5) working days.
- Step Two: If the employee is not satisfied with the decision, the employee must submit a written grievance to the human resources officer and/or the Borough Administrator detailing the facts and the relief requested. The decision in Step One will be deemed final if the employee fails to submit a written grievance within five (5) working days of the Step One decision. After consulting with the human resources official and counsel, as appropriate, the Borough Administrator will render a written decision to the employee within five (5) working days after receipt of the written grievance.

<p>The above referenced grievance procedures do not apply to employee complaints made under the Employer's Anti-Harassment and Discrimination Policies.</p>
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EMPLOYEE DATING POLICY

The Employer strongly believes that an environment where employees maintain clear boundaries between employee personal and business interactions is most effective for conducting business. Although this policy does not prevent the development of friendships or romantic relationships between coworkers, it does establish very clear boundaries as to how relationships will progress during working hours and within the working environment. Individuals in supervisory relationships or other influential roles are subject to more stringent requirements under this policy due to their status as role models, their access to sensitive information and their ability to influence others.

Procedures.

1. During working time and in working areas, employees are expected to keep personal exchanges limited so that others are not distracted or offended by such exchanges and so that productivity is maintained.
2. During non-working time, such as lunches, breaks and before and after work periods, employees are not precluded from having appropriate personal conversations in non-work areas as long as their conversations and behaviors could in no way be perceived as offensive or uncomfortable to a reasonable person.
3. Employees are strictly prohibited from engaging in physical contact that would in any way be deemed inappropriate by a reasonable person while anywhere on Employer premises, whether during working hours or not.
4. Employees who allow personal relationships with coworkers to affect the working environment will be subject to the appropriate provisions of the Employer disciplinary policy which may include counseling for minor problems. Failure to change behavior and maintain expected work responsibilities is viewed as a serious disciplinary matter.
5. Employee off-duty conduct is generally regarded as private, as long as such conduct does not create problems within the workplace. An exception to this principle, however, is romantic or sexual relationships between supervisors and subordinates.
6. Supervisors, managers, executives or anyone else in sensitive or influential positions must disclose the existence of any relationship with another coworker that has progressed beyond a platonic friendship. Disclosure may be made to the immediate supervisor or the Department Head. This disclosure will enable the Employer to determine whether any conflict of interest exists because of the relative positions of the individuals involved.
7. Where problems or potential risks are identified, the Employer will work with the parties involved to consider options for resolving the problem. The initial solution may be to make sure that the parties involved no longer work together on matters where one is able to influence the other or take action for the other. Matters such as hiring, firing, promotions, performance management, compensation decisions,

financial transactions, etc. are examples of situations that may require reallocation of duties to avoid any actual or perceived reward or disadvantage.

8. In some cases, other measures may be necessary such as transfer to other positions or departments.

9. Refusal of reasonable alternative positions, if available, will be deemed a voluntary resignation.

10. Continued failure to work with the Employer to resolve such a situation in a mutually agreeable fashion may ultimately be deemed insubordination and therefore serve as cause for immediate termination. The organization's disciplinary policy will be consulted to ensure consistency, however, before any such extreme measures are undertaken.

11. The provisions of this policy apply regardless of the sexual orientation of the parties involved.

12. Where doubts exist as to the specific meaning of the terms used above, employees should make judgments on the basis of the overall spirit and intent of this policy.

13. Any employee who feels they have been disadvantaged as a result of this policy, or who believes this policy is not being adhered to, should make their feelings known to the human resources official or other designated individual.

EMPLOYMENT REFERENCES

To ensure that individuals who work for the Employer are well-qualified and have a strong potential to be productive and successful, it is the policy of the Employer to check the employment references of all applicants at the Employer's discretion.

Employees should not, under any circumstances, provide another individual with information regarding a current or former employee. Any employee, including Department Heads, who receives a request for reference information should forward the request to the human resources official. Generally, unless otherwise required by law, the Employer will only confirm employees' name, title, salary, compensation, dates of service, reason for separation, if applicable, and specific educational or medical qualifications required for employment. The Employer's response to a request for reference information shall be communicated in writing only. The Employer does not honor oral requests for employment references.

A current or former employee may also authorize the Employer to release additional information. Unless otherwise required by law, the Employer will only release additional information if the current or former employee provides authorization, in writing.

NEPOTISM

The hiring, promoting, transferring, demoting or reassigning of relatives is prohibited if the employment of such an individual would result in the creation of a prohibited employment relationship.

A prohibited relationship is created when:

1. One relative would have the authority to supervise either directly or from one level above, appoint, remove, discipline, evaluate or otherwise affect the work or employment of another relative.
2. The relative would be responsible for auditing the work of the other.
3. Other circumstances exist which would place the relatives in a situation of actual or reasonably foreseeable conflict between the Employer's interest and their own.

Employees who marry or become related by marriage may continue in their employment if the marriage does not result in the creation of a prohibited relationship. Where the marriage results in the creation of a prohibited relationship, the Employer will explore potential accommodations including the reassignment of one or both employees to available positions for which the employees are qualified. Relative includes spouse, parent, step-parent, child, step-child, sibling, step sibling, half-sibling, father-in-law, mother-in-law, sister-in-law, brother-in-law, grandparent, grandchild, aunt, uncle, niece, nephew, and first cousins.

This policy applies to all employees hired, promoted, transferred, demoted, or reassigned on or after the date of adoption and to all prohibited relationships created on or after the date of adoption.

Applicant Relative Disclosure Form

Name of Applicant: _____

The Employer prohibits the hiring of relatives if the employment of such an individual would result in the creation of a prohibited employment relationship. A prohibited relationship is created when:

1. One relative would have the authority to directly supervise, appoint, remove, discipline, evaluate or otherwise affect the work or employment of another relative.
2. The relative would be responsible for auditing the work of the other.
3. Other circumstances exist which would place the relatives in a situation of actual or reasonably foreseeable conflict between the Employer's interest and their own.

Relative includes spouse, parent, step-parent, child, step-child, sibling, step sibling, half-sibling, father-in-law, mother-in-law, sister-in-law, brother-in-law, grandparent, grandchild, aunt, uncle, niece, nephew, and cousins.

Do any of your relatives currently work for the Employer or are any of your relatives an elected or appointed official?

☐ Yes ☐ No

If you answered "yes" to the previous question, please disclose the name(s) of your relative (s) who work(s) for the Employer, his or her title, and his or her relationship to you.

Relative #1

Name: _____

Title: _____

Relationship: _____

Relative #2

Name: _____

Title: _____

Relationship: _____

Applicant Relative Disclosure Form (cont'd)

Relative #3

Name: _____

Title: _____

Relationship: _____

Relative #4

Name: _____

Title: _____

Relationship: _____

Note: An applicant's failure to fully disclose his or her relationship to an individual employed by the Employer or elected or appointed official may result in the rejection of the employment application or, if employed, the termination of employment.

I acknowledge that I have read and understand the above Disclosure Form and that I have disclosed all relatives who work for the Employer or serve as elected or appointed officials.

Signature of Applicant: _____ Date: _____

PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

The Employer recognizes that an employee job performance evaluation system is the basis for assisting in employee growth and development. The Employer requires supervisors to conduct performance appraisals to ensure that:

- (1) each employee receives feedback on objectives, accomplishments, strengths, and areas for improvement;
- (2) each employee receives advice from his or her supervisor on ways to improve performance and has the chance to identify with his or her supervisor areas where greater contribution is possible, or where either feels more development would be beneficial; and
- (3) essential information is recorded concerning strengths and weaknesses of all employees in relation to career development, including potential for advancement and suitability for other positions and training.

The performance evaluation provides the vehicle for a dialogue between the employee and the supervisor and ensures shared expectations of the requirements for the employee's job and the employee's performance in the job. Accordingly, the Employer will use a performance review/evaluation system for all employees.

During performance reviews, supervisors will consider, among others:

- Initiative, dependability and effort
- Knowledge of work
- Attitude and willingness
- Quantity and quality of work
- Disciplinary record
- Attendance and tardiness

A copy of an employee performance evaluation shall be maintained in the employee's personnel file.

POLITICAL ACTIVITY

Employees have exactly the same right as any other citizen to join political organizations and participate in political activities, as long as they maintain a clear separation between their official responsibilities and their political affiliations. In accordance with State law, employees are prohibited from engaging in political activities while performing their public duties and from using the Employer's time, supplies or equipment in any political activity. Political activities include, but are not limited to, advocating the election or appointment of any candidate for office, verbally or otherwise, and soliciting funds for campaigns or campaign materials.

Additionally, State law precludes employees from directly or indirectly using their position to control or affect the political action of another person. In accordance with the Hatch Act and Federal regulations, an employee whose principal employment is with a program financed in whole or in part by Federal funds or loans shall not:

- be a candidate for public office in a partisan election. (This provision does not apply to the elected head of an executive department or an individual holding elective office, where that office is the sole employment connection to federally funded programs.)
- use his/her official authority to influence, to interfere with or affect election results or nominations for office.
- directly or indirectly coerce contributions from any employee to support a political party or candidate. See The Hatch Act, 5 U.S.C. § 1501 et seq.

Violations of either State or Federal laws are serious matters and such violations should not be taken lightly. Any employee engaging in such political activities during working hours will be subject to disciplinary action up to and including termination of employment. Employees who engage in political activities during their non-working hours must not represent themselves as spokespersons for the Employer. Employees should report any violation of this policy to their supervisor or the Borough Administrator.

PROTECTION AND SAFE TREATMENT OF MINORS

I. Purpose and Scope:

Under New Jersey law (N.J.S.A. 6-8.21), an abused or neglected child is anyone “under the age of 18 who is caused harm by a parent, guardian or other person having custody or control of that minor.” A child who is under the age of eighteen (18) is considered to be abused or neglected when a parent, caregiver, another child or another adult does one of more of the following:

1. Inflicts or allows to be inflicted physical injury by other than accidental means that creates substantial harm or risk of substantial harm, and/or
2. Fails to provide proper supervision or adequate food, clothing, shelter, education or medical care although financially able or assisted to do so, and/or
3. Commits or allows to be committed an act of sexual abuse against a child.

Child abuse can have long-term effects on victims. A lack of trust and difficulty with healthy relationships is common, as is a core feeling of worthlessness and low self-esteem. There may even be long-term trouble with regulating emotions that can lead to destructive behaviors.

There are typically four common types of abuse:

- The failure to meet a child’s basic needs, physically or emotionally, which is called *neglect*.
- The intentional use of physical force that results in injury, which is called *physical abuse*.
- The practice of any behaviors that harm a child’s feelings of self-worth or emotional well-being, which is *emotional abuse*.
- Engaging in sexual acts with a child including pornography, which is *sexual abuse*.

Unfortunately, statistics reflect that abuse is all too common in any form.

- In New Jersey, abuse reports involving 80,000 children are filed each year. 50,000 of those children receive prevention and post-response services.
- 75% of the cases involve neglect, 18% of the cases involve physical abuse, and psychological abuse accounts for 7% of the cases.
- 55% of the perpetrators are female, while males account for 45%.
- Sadly, child abuse is a vicious cycle, in that 30% of abused children will later abuse their own children.

The statistics and characteristics pertaining to *sexual abuse* are sobering and equally as disheartening:

- ✓ **“Peer-to-Peer”** abuse is by far the most common, where one or more children or adolescent(s) sexually abuses or inappropriately touches another. Legally, the abuser must be at least 4 years older to trigger the statute. The *American Psychological Association* reports this type of abuse is driven by power and dominance, the same factors that drive bullying within this age group. In fact, bullying can be a precursor to sexual abuse, especially when there is a lack of supervision.
- ✓ In contrast, **“adult-to-child”** abuse is typically thought out and planned in advance, demanding access and privacy and control. These three factors demand a specific type of relationship and setting, meaning that 90% of juvenile sexual abuse victims know their abuser. The scope of the problem is massive: by the age of 18, 1 in 4 girls and 1 in 6 boys have experienced sexual abuse. From those figures, 88% of those molestations are attributed to individuals with pedophilia. ***Pedophilia is a psychotic disorder in which an adult or adolescent demonstrates a primary sexual attraction to prepubescent children.*** It is important, however, not to confuse pedophilia with actual child molestation, as many pedophiles never act on their attractions.
- ✓ Child sexual abusers are not always easy to spot. Though 7 out of every 8 molesters are male, they match the general population in ethnicity, religion, education, and marital status. So there is no stereotype, especially since abusers go to great lengths to blend in. However, only 10% of them abuse children that they don’t know, and 68% look no further than their own families for victims.
- ✓ 40% of abusers first begin molesting children before they themselves reach the age of 15, and the vast majority before the age of 20.
- ✓ Adolescent abusers generally begin their acts of abuse on younger siblings.
- ✓ Most sexual abuse occurs within the family. However, molesters can gain access to children outside of their own families through employment or volunteer work with an organization that works primarily with children. This allows them both time alone with potential victims and the ability to build trust and credibility. In fact, child abusers are often known and respected in their communities for dedication to children.
- ✓ In terms of a victim profile, it is important to remember that, although there are characteristics that make some children more vulnerable, every child is in danger. Passive, lonely or troubled children, especially those who live with step-parents or single parents may be targeted. Children between the ages of 7 and 13 years old are most at risk, and children from low socioeconomic backgrounds or rural areas are more likely to be victimized.

- ✓ Molesters have behavioral patterns that can be identified as “*grooming*” their victims. Sexual abuse is rarely violent. The molester’s goal is to solicit compliance by beginning to win the victim’s trust. There might be pet names, gifts to foster exclusivity and encouragement to “keep secrets.” The molester might begin to spend time with the victim outside of the regular program or schedule, contacting parents to become involved in a child’s life in some capacity, like babysitting. For this reason, many parents are shocked after abuse comes to light simply because the abuser seemed trustworthy. Inevitably, the favoritism is not enough to keep the victim silent any more, and the abuser resorts to threats—threats that play off of a child’s guilt over the sexual contact.
- ✓ During the grooming process and abuse, victims often begin to show signs such as sexual behaviors or strong sexual language that is too adult for their age. Many children feel at fault after the abuse and begin to suffer guilt and depression, even resorting to self-harm. They may begin to display cuts and scratches or other self-inflicted injuries. However, some children are naïve and unaware of the gravity of the abusive nature of their experience. Research shows that children often delay reporting sexual abuse. They should not be disbelieved just because they waited a long time to seek help.

In the State of New Jersey every level of government has a role in protecting minors.

- At the State level:
 - State law is enforced through the NJ Family Division of the State court system. The court has broad powers including the ability to remove children from dangerous situations
 - The Department of Children and Families, specifically the Division of Child Protection and Permanency, combines all state operations intended to safeguard children into a single, coordinated program working closely with the Courts, legal advocates and law enforcement.
 - The Department of Corrections operates adult prisons and youth correctional centers to deal with perpetrators, while individual counties operate youth detention centers and special purpose schools.
- At the local level:
 - Educational professionals have the most contact with children, meaning they are often the first to detect issues.
 - Housing Authority employees may also frequently come into contact with children.

- Municipalities and counties operate or sponsor a variety of programs that involve children including but not limited to:
 - Recreation programs
 - Before and After Care programs
 - Youth sports leagues
 - Youth centers
 - Youth in Government programs
 - Junior law enforcement training programs

- The role of **Police and law enforcement agencies** is especially important. Police officers assist in resolving reported situations, often acting as first identifiers. In New Jersey, police are given broad authority to protect children, including the authority to remove them from their parents or caregivers without a court order if necessary to prevent imminent danger to a child. Under the **Prevention of Domestic Violence Act**, a law enforcement officer must make an arrest when the officer finds “probable cause” that domestic violence has occurred. This holds even if the victim refuses to make a complaint. The Act is invoked in situations where the victim exhibits signs of injury caused by domestic violence, when a warrant is in effect, or when there is probable cause to believe that a weapon has been involved in an act of domestic violence. Abusers often use psychological tactics or coercive control over their partners, such as making threats to prevent a victim from leaving or contacting friends, family or police. But even if these conditions are not met, an officer may still make an arrest or sign a criminal complaint if there is probable cause to believe acts of domestic violence have been committed. Now if there is no visible sign of injury but the victim states that an injury did, in fact, occur, the officer must take other factors into consideration in determining probable cause.

The Employer is committed to the safety of all individuals in its community, however, the Employer has particular concern for those who are potentially vulnerable, including minor children. The Employer regards the abuse of children as abhorrent in all its forms and pledges to hold its officials, employees and volunteers to the highest standards of conduct in interacting with children. Statistics show that 93% of victims under the age of 18 know the abuser. Further, a perpetrator does not have to be an adult to harm a child but are typically in a caregiver role. They can have any relationship to the child including a playmate, family member, a teacher, a coach, or instructor.

The Employer is fully committed to protecting the health, safety and welfare of minors who interact with officials, employees, and volunteers of the Employer to the maximum extent possible. These Policy and Procedures establish the guidelines for officials, employees, and volunteers who set policy for the Employer or may work with or interact with individuals under 18 years of age, and those who supervise employees, and volunteers who may work with or interact with individuals under 18 years of age, with the goal of promoting the safety and wellbeing of minors.

This Model Policy provides guidelines that apply broadly to interactions between minors and officials, employees, and volunteers in programs operated by the Employer or affiliated programs or activities. All officials, employees, and volunteers are responsible for understanding and complying with this policy.

II. **Definitions:**

- **Authorized Adult** - Individuals, age 18 and older, paid or unpaid, who interact with, supervise, chaperone, or otherwise oversee and/or interact with minors in program activities, recreational, and/or residential facilities. The Authorized Adults' roles may include positions as counselors, chaperones, coaches, instructors, etc.
- **Child or Minor** - A person under the age of eighteen (18).
- **Department Heads** - Appointed department heads of the Employer, including the Borough Administrator, and any assistants.
- **Direct Contact** - Positions with the possibility of care, supervision, guidance or control of children or routine interaction with children.
- **Dual Reporting** – Reporting possible abuse to both the NJ Department of Children and Families and law enforcement at the same time by the individual designated by the Employer to report all possible cases of abuse.
- **Employees, Staff, or Counselors** – persons working for the Employer on a full-time or part-time basis, and compensated by the Employer.
- **Facilities** - Facilities owned by, under the control of, or rented or leased to the Employer.
- **Grooming** - is when someone builds a relationship, trust and emotional connection with a child or young person so they can manipulate, exploit and abuse them. Refer to Appendix B for more detailed information on grooming.
- **NJMEL JIF** - New Jersey Municipal Excess Liability Fund Joint Insurance fund.
- **Officials** – Elected officials of the Employer, appointed Board members, and Authority Commissioners.
- **One-On-One Contact** - Personal, unsupervised interaction between any Authorized Adult and a participant without at least one other Authorized Adult, parent or legal guardian being present.
- **Programs** - Programs and activities offered or sponsored by the Employer.

- **Volunteers** - Individuals volunteering their time to provide services to the Employer who are not on the payroll and receive no compensation.

III. Policy:

The Employer is charged with protecting the health, safety, and welfare of all its citizens, including children under the age of 18. To that end, the Employer is firmly committed to protecting children under the care and supervision of the Employer from all forms of physical, mental, sexual, and emotional abuse. The Employer is committed to establishing and implementing safeguards to eliminate opportunities for abuse of children entrusted to the care of the Employer. The procedures outlined below shall apply to all officials, employees, and volunteers of the Employer.

IV. Recruitment and Hiring of Employees and Vetting of Individuals Volunteering Their Time:

- i. All prospective employees and volunteers shall undergo a thorough and complete background check, including the following:
 1. For part-time summer employees who will be interacting with minors, including but not limited to lifeguards, camp counselors, coaches, and instructors:
 - a. National Database Criminal History Search
 - b. National Sex Offender Search
 - c. Social Security Trace/Validation
 2. For full-time employees in supervisory positions involving minors:
 - a. National Database Criminal History Search
 - b. National Sex Offender Search
 - c. Social Security Trace/Validation
 - d. Education Verification
 - e. Employment Verification
 - f. Credit Check
 - g. Motor Vehicle Record
 - h. Reference Check

Many local governments hire minor children to work in their summer or seasonal programs. It may be difficult to obtain any background information for minors. It is recommended that the local government attempt to verify any past employment for minors between 16 and 18 years of age, with the consent of the parents or guardians.

Recognizing that fingerprint identification checks may not yield results in time for hiring purposes, the NJMEL assembled a list of qualified vendors for background checks through

an RFQ process, and the five vendors on the list along with their contact information can be found at the following link on the NJMEL website. A list of the vendors has also been included in Appendix D.

<https://njmel.org/wp-content/uploads/2021/05/RFQ-Results-21-02-background-Check-Services.pdf>

Written documentation of the background check shall be maintained by the Employer in perpetuity.

- ii. Background checks that disclose any negative or questionable results must be reviewed and approved by the Employer prior to the individual being hired and/or working with minors. Provisional hiring should not be permitted.
- iii. All prospective employees and volunteers must complete the training adopted by the Employer PRIOR TO starting employment or volunteer service. In addition to completing the training course adopted by the Employer, it is highly recommended that all volunteer coaches complete the Rutgers SAFETY Clinic course (Sports Awareness for Educating Today's Youth TM), which is a three-hour program that meets the "Minimum Standards for Volunteer Coaches Safety Orientation and Training Skills Programs" under (N.J.A.C. 5:52) and provides partial civil immunity protection to volunteer coaches under the "Little League Law" (2A:62A-6 et. seq.) The current Rutgers Safety Clinic Course includes a module on the sexual abuse of minors. If coaches completed the Rutgers course more than five years ago and it did not have any training on the sexual abuse of minors, it is highly recommended that the coaches be required to watch the video on the MEL website. Documentation verifying that the coaches watched and understood their responsibilities must be kept to confirm that the training was completed.
- iv. The Employer shall periodically re-check and document the Megan's Law directory for New Jersey to make certain that current employees are not listed.
- v. Once employed, authorized Adults who are employed are required to notify the appropriate Human Resources representative of an arrest (charged with a misdemeanor or felony) or conviction for an offense within 72 hours of knowledge of the arrest or conviction in order to ascertain the fitness of those employees and volunteers to interact with children.

V. Procedures and Responsibilities of Officials:

Under New Jersey Law, an official may be held liable for the abuse or neglect of a child if he or she fails to implement appropriate safeguards to protect the child while the minor has been entrusted to the care of the Employer. Most importantly, recent changes in the law in New Jersey extended the statute of limitations for child abuse and neglect cases substantially, thus placing local officials and employees at a far greater risk.

A valid cause of action can be filed by an alleged victim well after the official has left office. It is, therefore, critically important for officials to establish and monitor policies and procedures designed to safeguard minors entrusted to the care of the Employer.

➤ Officials of the Employer are required to:

- i. Complete the initial training course adopted by the Employer, and any updated/refresher course, in order to better understand their legal duties and responsibilities under Federal and N.J. State Law. The training program will include the following concepts:
 - Recognizing the signs of abuse and neglect of minors.
 - Establishing guidelines for protecting minors from emotional and physical abuse and neglect.
 - Understanding and being prepared to implement the procedures necessary to eliminate opportunities for abuse.
 - Becoming familiar with the legal requirements to report suspected cases of abuse.
 - Fully understanding the legal consequences for not being diligent in making certain that employees of the Employer adhere to all policies and procedures as adopted.
- ii. Meet annually with all Department Heads to review the "Policy Addressing Sexual Abuse of Minors", and to verify that the administration is adhering to this policy which includes all of the following provisions. If the policy is not being adhered to, it is the legal obligation of the officials of the Employer to implement whatever changes are necessary as soon as possible to make certain the policy is followed.
- iii. Conduct random and unannounced visits to program sites to observe the setup of the programs and conduct of the employees and volunteers of the Employer.

VI. Program Procedures:

All Employer programs operated by, sponsored by, or affiliated with the Employer shall comply with the following procedures. All officials, employees, and volunteers who interact with or could possibly interact with minors, and those employees who supervise

employees who interact with or could potentially interact with minors, shall adhere to the following policy.

The following policies shall apply to all programs offered by, sponsored by, or affiliated with the Employer. As an essential element of compliance with the overall objective of protecting and addressing the safe treatment of minors, the Employer shall:

- a. Establish a written procedure for the notification of the minor's parent/legal guardian in case of an emergency, including medical or behavioral problems, natural disasters, or other significant program disruptions. Authorized Adults with the program, as well as participants and their parents/legal guardians, must be advised of this procedure in writing prior to the participation of the minors in the program. In addition, the Employer shall provide information to parents or legal guardians detailing the manner in which the participant can be contacted during the program.
- b. Make certain that all program participants provide a Medical Treatment Authorization form annually to the Employer.
- c. Implement and adopt a "Code of Conduct" for volunteer and paid staff members, which, at a minimum, will include the following:

Code of Conduct

- Staff members will, at all times, respect the rights of program participants and use positive techniques of guidance including positive reinforcement and encouragement.
- Staff members will portray a positive role model for youth by maintaining an attitude of respect, loyalty, patience, courtesy, tact, and maturity.
- Staff members shall not transport children in their own vehicles, unless written authorization from the child's parent or guardian has been received.
- Members of the staff shall not be alone with children they meet in the programs outside of the camp. This includes babysitting, sleepovers, and inviting children to their home.
- Staff members shall, at all times, be visible to other staff members while supervising minors. Any exceptions require a written explanation before the fact and approval of the Program Director.
- Staff members will appear neat, clean, and appropriately attired.

- Staff members will refrain from intimate displays of affection towards others in the presence of children, parents, and staff.
- Staff members are required to refrain from texting, and posting or checking any of the social media outlets while they are working or volunteering. The only exception is for texting for the purposes of communicating with another staff member or parent regarding a programmatic issue pertaining to a child.
- Staff members are prohibited from buying gifts for program participants.

In addition to the Code of Conduct, the following shall be a part of the specific program provisions:

- The possession or use of alcohol and other drugs, fireworks, guns, and other weapons is prohibited.
- The Employer shall set forth rules and procedures governing when and under what circumstances participants may leave the the Employer's property during the program.
- No violence, including sexual abuse or harassment, will be tolerated.
- Hazing of any kind is prohibited. Bullying, including verbal, physical, and cyberbullying is prohibited and will be addressed immediately.
- No theft of property will be tolerated.
- No use of tobacco products will be tolerated.
- Misuse or damage of the Employer's property is prohibited. Charges will be assessed against those participants who are responsible for damage or misuse of property.
- The inappropriate use of cameras, imaging, and digital devices is prohibited, including the use of such devices in showers, restrooms, or other areas where privacy is expected by participants.
- Under no circumstances are any images of any child taken during any of the activities conducted or sponsored by the Employer to be shared on any social media platform without the expressed written consent of a parent or legal guardian.
- If possible, the Employer shall assign a staff member who is at least 21 years of age to be accessible to participants. Additional Authorized Adults will be assigned to ensure one-on-one contact with minors does not occur, and that appropriate levels of supervision are implemented.

- Take appropriate steps to ensure that children are not released to anyone other than the authorized parent, guardian, or other adult authorized by the parent or guardian. This shall include annual written authorization on file in advance.
- Develop and made available to participants and their parents or guardians, the rules and discipline measures applicable to the program. Program participants and staff must abide by all regulations and may be removed from the program for non-compliance with the rules.
- The recommended ratio of counselors to program participants should reflect the gender distribution of the participants, and should meet the following:
 1. One staff member for every six participants ages 4 and 5
 2. One staff member for every eight participants ages 6 to 8
 3. One staff member for every ten participants ages 9 to 14
 4. One staff member for every twelve participants ages 15 to 17
- The Responsibilities of the counselors must include, at a minimum, informing program participants about safety and security procedures, rules established by the program, and behavioral expectations. Counselors are responsible for following and enforcing all of the rules and must be able to provide information included herein to program participants and be able to respond to emergencies.

Specific Policy and Procedures for Use of Restrooms by Children/Minors:

- All restrooms shall be checked in advance by staff persons before minor children enter to ensure that no other individuals are present.
- Staff members (of the same sex) are to stand guard at the doorway to make sure that no one else enters the restroom while a child is there. Children should not be permitted to enter restrooms in pairs or in groups, unless it is absolutely necessary.
- For field trips, staff members must monitor bathroom use by minor children and shall not permit a child to enter a restroom alone.

VII. Procedures for Law Enforcement Officers:

Law enforcement officers of the Employer frequently interact with minors in a variety of ways. In addition to the guidance provided by the Attorney General's office, it is important to establish guidelines to assist law enforcement officers in being aware of how to act and react in these circumstances. To that end, the Chief of Police or his or her designee of the Employer shall formulate a written policy addressing the safe treatment of minors for consideration and approval by the governing body for law enforcement officers who interact with minors.

The policy shall, at a minimum, incorporate and address the following:

- a. **Transporting minors in a police vehicle.** Whenever possible, victims or alleged victims of sexual assault or other crimes, or minors removed from a situation for protective purposes, shall be transported by two officers (at least one of whom shall be of the same sex as the victim) in unmarked vehicles that does not have a prisoner compartment/partition. Officers transporting a minor for whatever reason shall document starting and stopping mileage through radio contact.
- b. Directives issued by the N.J. State Attorney General pertaining to interaction with minors shall be incorporated into the policy.
- c. The following provisions from the "Code of Conduct" for counselors shall be included in the policy for officers assigned to work in school settings (i.e., Class 3 officers):
 - i. Officers will, at all times, respect the rights of students and use positive techniques of guidance, including positive reinforcement and encouragement.
 - ii. Officers will portray a positive role model for youth by maintaining an attitude of respect, loyalty, patience, courtesy, tact, and maturity.
 - iii. Officers shall not transport children in their own vehicles. Officers shall not arrange to see students outside of school, and this includes babysitting, sleepovers, and inviting children to their home. Any exceptions require a written explanation before the fact and approval of the Chief.
 - iv. Officers shall make certain that they are neat, clean, and appropriately attired.
 - v. Officers will refrain from intimate displays of affection towards others in the presence of children, parents, and staff. Officers shall not buy gifts for students at any time.
 - vi. All officers are required to complete the initial training course offered by the NJMEL JIF, and any refresher courses as well.

VIII. Training Requirements:

Individual training courses have been designed for each of the following categories, and all officials, employees, and volunteers of the Employer are required to complete training (and refresher course training) adopted by the Employer. ALL employees of the Employer shall complete the training course whether they interact with children/minors or not.

Although training records will be maintained, it is recommended that each Employer and individual trainees also keep copies of their own training records.

a. **Elected Officials, Appointed Officials, Department Heads, and Supervisors:**

All elected officials, appointed officials, department heads, and supervisors shall complete the initial virtual training course offered by the NJMEL, **“PROTECTING CHILDREN FROM ABUSE”** and adopted by the Employer, and any updated/refresher course in order to better understand their legal duties and responsibilities under Federal and N.J. State Law. The course includes the following:

- Recognizing the signs of abuse and neglect of minors.
- Establishing guidelines for protecting minors from emotional and physical abuse and neglect.
- Understanding and being prepared to implement the procedures necessary to eliminate opportunities for abuse.
- Becoming familiar with the legal requirements to report suspected cases of abuse.
- Fully understanding the legal consequences for not being diligent in making certain that employees of the Employer adhere to all policies and procedures as adopted.

b. **Volunteers and Employees of the Employer**

All employees and volunteers (regardless of whether they will be working with children or not) shall complete training provided by the NMEL in the form of the “PROTECTING CHILDREN” video on protecting children on the MEL website and found at:

<https://njmel.org/mel-safety-institute/model-policies/protecting-children-videos/>

i. Course Content shall include:

1. Current State NJ State Law pertaining to Sexual Abuse of Minors
2. Recognizing the signs of abuse and neglect
3. Different types of abuse (i.e., Peer to Peer, Adult to Child, etc...)
4. Your legal responsibility for implementing and monitoring procedures and employees
5. Reporting cases of abuse

c. **Law Enforcement Officers**

i. Course Content shall include:

1. Current Status of N.J. Law and Directives from the Attorney General for Law Enforcement personnel
2. Your responsibilities
3. Officers in Schools
4. Reporting Abuse

IX. Reporting Suspected Child Abuse/Neglect:

In light of the importance and priority placed on safeguarding the health and safety of minors, it is critically important that suspected cases of child abuse and neglect are reported as soon as possible. As a government official, employee or volunteer, you are legally required to report suspected child abuse. This requirement includes all governmental officials, employees and volunteers.

The following procedures shall be utilized in reporting suspected cases of abuse. The Employer shall also train officials, department heads, employees, and volunteers in the concept of "dual reporting," which involves reporting the suspected abuse to local law enforcement in addition to reporting the abuse to the Department of Children and Families. Reporting suspected abuse to local law enforcement is critically important in cases where there is the potential for violence.

Child Abuse is a hard thing to talk about, especially with victims. The most important thing to remember is to show calm reassurance and unconditional support. Avoid interrogation and leading questions. Understand that denial and embarrassment are common reactions. Don't display disbelief, shock, or disgust. Instead, be reassuring. Make sure the child knows that they did nothing wrong. Reassure them that this is not their fault and make sure they know that you take it seriously.

Interviewing children to investigate sexual abuse requires highly technical expertise. Do not "investigate" an abuse situation. Do not interrogate the child. The investigation will be undertaken by those who are trained to undertake that critical task. Instead report it immediately, as shown below. And finally, keep safety as the priority. If there is the possibility of violence against yourself or the child, get the appropriate professionals or agencies involved as soon as possible, and report the abuse to local law enforcement.

As noted above, it is highly recommended that, whenever possible, officials, employees, and volunteers report the suspected abuse to both the N.J. Department of Children and Families and law enforcement at the same time, which is known as "dual reporting."

For ALL elected officials, appointed officials, supervisors, department heads, full or part-time employees or volunteers of programs conducted by the Employer:

- Report the suspected abuse to the New Jersey Department of Children and Families. Please be prepared to include the following information to the extent the information has been told to you.
 - a. **Who:** The child and parent/caregiver's name, age, and address and the name of the alleged perpetrator and that person's relationship to the child.
 - b. **What:** Type and frequency of alleged abuse/neglect, current or previous injuries to the child, and what caused you to become concerned.
 - c. **When:** When the alleged abuse/neglect occurred and when you learned of it.
 - d. **Where:** Where the incident occurred, where the child is now, and whether the alleged perpetrator has access to the child.
 - e. **How:** How urgent the need is for intervention and whether there is a likelihood of imminent danger for the child.
- Call the Hotline established by the N.J. Department of Children and Families @ 1-877-652-2873. It is not the supervisor's role to decide whether a case should be reported. All cases shall be reported.
- **For Law Enforcement Officers:**
 - Immediately report any suspected or alleged cases of abuse or neglect to the New Jersey Department of Children and Families and to the County Prosecutor.

X. Important Information Regarding Reporting Suspected Abuse Under NJ Law:

The following guidelines have been established under New Jersey law, for those reporting suspected or alleged cases of abuse or neglect. The Employer encourages all officials, employees, and volunteers in programs operated by the Employer or affiliated programs or activities to report suspected cases of abuse with the following in mind.

- i. Any person who, in good faith, makes a report of child abuse or neglect or testifies in a child abuse hearing resulting from such a report is immune from any criminal or civil liability as a result of such action. Calls can be placed to the hotline anonymously.*
- ii. However, any person who knowingly fails to report suspected abuse or neglect according to the law or to comply with the provisions is a disorderly person.*
- iii. When a report indicates that a child may be at risk, an investigator from the Division of Child Protection and Permanency (formerly Youth and Family Services) will*

promptly investigate the allegations of child abuse and neglect within 24 hours of receipt of the report.

XI. Acknowledgment of Receipt and Review of Policy:

All officials, employees/counselors, and volunteers shall sign and date an acknowledgment form that confirms they have received and reviewed the Policy Addressing the Protection and Safe Treatment of Minors, issued to them by the Employer. The same process shall be used for any revised policy issued in the future.

Appendix A: Indicators of Child Abuse/Neglect

The New Jersey Department of Children and Families issued the following guidelines to assist in recognizing the indicators of child abuse/neglect.

Indicators of Child Abuse / Neglect

Different types of abuse and neglect have different physical and behavioral indicators.

Physical Abuse

Physical Indicators	Behavioral Indicators
Unexplained bruises and welts: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• On face, lips, mouth• On torso, back, buttocks, thighs• In various stages of healing• Cluster, forming regular patterns• Reflecting shape of article used to inflict (electric cord, belt buckle)• On several different surface areas• Regularly appear after absence, weekend or vacation Unexplained burns: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Cigar, cigarette burns, especially on soles, palms, back or buttocks• Immersion burns (sock-like, glove-like doughnut shaped on buttocks or genitalia)• Patterned like electric burner, iron, etc.• Rope burns on arms, legs, neck or torso Unexplained fractures: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• To skull, nose, facial structure• In various stages of healing• Multiple or spiral fractures Unexplained laceration or abrasions: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• To mouth, lips, gums, eyes• To external genitalia	Wary of adult contacts Apprehensive when other children cry Behavioral extremes: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Aggressiveness• Withdrawal Frightened of parents Afraid to go home Reports injury by parents

Physical Neglect

Physical Indicators	Behavioral Indicators
Consistent hunger, poor hygiene, inappropriate dress Consistent lack of supervision, especially in dangerous activities or long periods Constant fatigue or listlessness Unattended physical problems or medical needs Abandonment	Begging, stealing food Extended stays at school (early arrival and late departure) Constantly falling asleep in class Alcohol or drug abuse Delinquency (e.g. thefts) States there is no caregiver

Sexual Abuse

Physical Indicators	Behavioral Indicators
Difficulty in walking or sitting Torn, stained or bloody underclothing Pain or itching in genital area Bruises or bleeding in external genitalia, vaginal or anal areas Venereal disease, especially in pre-teens Pregnancy	Unwilling to change for gym or participate in P.E. Withdrawn, fantasy or infantile behavior Bizarre, sophisticated or unusual sexual behavior or knowledge Poor peer relationships Delinquent or run away Reports sexual assault by caregiver

Emotional Maltreatment

Physical Indicators	Behavioral Indicators
Habit disorders (sucking, biting, rocking, etc.) Conduct disorders (antisocial, destructive, etc.) Neurotic traits (sleep disorders, speech disorders, inhibition of play)	Behavior extremes: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Compliant, passive• Aggressive, demanding Overly adoptive behavior: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Inappropriately adult• Inappropriately infant

Appendix B – Grooming Behavior

Grooming is when someone builds a relationship, trust, and emotional connection with a child or young person so they can manipulate, exploit and abuse them.

Here are some common characteristics of someone attempting to "groom" a child.

- Molesters often refer to their intended victims by pet names and use gifts to foster exclusivity and build a relationship while starting the practice of keeping secrets.
- The molester might begin to spend time with the victim outside of the regular program or schedule, contacting parents to become involved in a child's life in some capacity, like babysitting. For this reason, many parents are shocked after abuse comes to light simply because the abuser seemed so good – too good to be true, in fact.
- Inevitably, the favoritism is not enough to keep the victim, and the abuser resorts to threats—threats that play off of a child's guilt over the sexual contact.
- During the grooming process and abuse itself, victims often begin to show tell-tale signs, including:
 - Sexual behaviors or strong sexual language that is too adult for their age.
 - Many children feel at fault after the abuse and begin to suffer guilt and depression, even resorting to self-harm.
 - Also, look for cuts and scratches or other self-inflicted injuries.

Appendix C – Frequently Asked Questions Concerning the Model Policy

1. Is the *Model Policy for the Protection and Safe Treatment of Minors* mandatory?
 - a. Yes, the policy is mandatory for all NJMEL members.
2. Can the Model Policy be modified?
 - a. The model policy is a guide that includes recommended “best practices” based on research conducted by the Safety Director’s office, in consultation with the NJMEL attorney and other experts, including a noted Child Psychologist. The form and content of the policy may be modified, so long as it is approved by legal counsel. The model policy includes certain elements that should not be modified or deleted. Before making any significant modifications or deleting any portions of the policy, it is recommended that officials consult with and seek an opinion from their local attorney.
3. Are background checks mandatory for minors?
 - a. It may be difficult to obtain any background information for minors. For minors between the ages of 16 to 18 who will be working with children, we recommend acquiring as much background information, including a check of all work references, if any, and a copy of their driver’s license.
4. The model policy specifically mentions a “fingerprint” background check. Is that the only acceptable method?
 - a. No. Municipalities and counties may also conduct a background check themselves or through a third-party agency, as long as that background check includes a criminal history check of all 50 states, a review of the applicant’s motor vehicle history, a check of Megan’s law directory for NJ and other states where the applicant or volunteer has lived, and a credit check. The NJMEL put together a list of qualified vendors, which can be found in **Appendix D**.
5. Why is a credit check recommended?
 - a. A credit check is recommended because credit check results include a listing of the applicant’s known addresses for at least the past 20 years. This information is of value in the following ways:
 - i. If a job application required a listing of all known addresses for the past 20 years, and an applicant failed to disclose that information, a prospective public employer would be justifiably concerned about the applicant’s honesty and would have immediate grounds to disqualify the applicant.
 - ii. For individuals working with children in a paid or volunteer capacity, the out-of-state addresses on the credit check would provide a basis to check Megan’s Law websites for the other states.
 - b. Please note that credit checks and background checks should comply with the ***New Jersey Fair Credit Reporting Act*** and in accordance with the guidance from your legal counsel.
6. Do we have to conduct background checks on volunteers?
 - a. The recommended “best practice” is to treat volunteers ***who work with children*** the same way as prospective paid employees are treated for background checks. Unfortunately, there are many claims in which volunteers have been accused of sexually molesting minors. However, appointed board members, such as Planning and Zoning board members, and

other similar board members who **do not** work with children in any capacity may be considered for exclusion.

7. The model policy states, “background checks that disclose any negative or questionable results must be reviewed and approved by the (local unit type) prior to the individual being hired and/or working with minors. Provisional hiring is not permitted.” What constitutes “negative or questionable results,” and who makes the final determination on whether to hire the individual or permit the volunteer to participate?
 - a. Some examples of “questionable results” would be:
 - i. Any results from a criminal history check that do not agree with the applicant’s statements on their job application, such as arrests or convictions not listed.
 - ii. Reference checks with prior employers that do not match the applicant’s information.
 - iii. Refusal to allow an employer to check with former employers may be a “red flag.”
 - iv. An unexplained “blank space” in an applicant’s employment history.
 - v. Personal reference checks that reveal negative information about the applicant.
 - vi. Any information that proves to be false on the job application.
 - b. It is a local decision as far as who decides to hire the individual or permit the volunteer to participate. In many, if not most municipalities, the public employer’s Borough Administrator is responsible for making that decision or making the final recommendation to hire someone or accept an individual as a volunteer. However, that is a local decision. We recommend that local communities establish appropriate guidelines, standards, and an appeal process with respect to decisions not to hire an individual or volunteer to participate based on the outcome of a background check.
8. If there is a break in seasonal employment, do the background checks need to be re-run? Is there an acceptable “break in service time”?
 - a. Many municipalities run background checks every year regardless of whether the employee has worked there in the past, and that is a “best practice” from the standpoint of protecting the municipality; however, as far as what the acceptable frequency is for conducting background checks on seasonal employees, that is a local decision. There is no absolute time frame in the policy pertaining to a “break in service” for the requirement of new background checks for seasonal employees because that is a local decision.
9. Do background checks carry over from other entities? For example, if, a school teacher, teaches a class for the township, can we use or assume his/her background check is valid and satisfies our needs?
 - a. Unless the local government entity has access (i.e., a copy or certification from the other entity) to the background check, we would be reluctant to recommend acceptance. If a problem arises in the future concerning an employee, I am not sure that reliance on a background check from another employer would be a sufficient defense. It would be best to check with your local attorney on this issue before accepting a background check from another entity.

10. If a municipality does not have a police or fire department or hold any recreational activities and does not have any programs that hire children. Is this policy still required to be adopted?

- a. We recommend that the municipality adopt the policy and complete the training. Unfortunately, municipalities sometimes find themselves named in cases like this by the plaintiff's attorneys, even though the municipality has nothing to do with the matter. By adopting the policy and completing the training, you will be able to provide documentation of that as part of any defense.

11. Who is required to take the training?

- a. All municipal officials, employees, and volunteers are required to take the training.
 1. Elected officials, managers, administrators, supervisors, and department heads must complete the ***Virtual Instructor-Led training***. The course is available through the NJMEL Learning Management System, and classes are scheduled periodically. Please note: Elected and appointed officials, supervisors, and department heads who already attended the course offered by the NJMEL at the NJSLOM conference in November of 2019 or any of the webinar sessions conducted by the Safety Director's office or Risk Managers up to now have already complied with this MEL requirement.
 2. Police superior officers will receive training as part of their annual or semi-annual training provided by the Safety Director's Law Enforcement Risk Control Unit.
 3. All other employees and volunteers, regardless of whether they work with children or not, must view the 20-minute video available through the MEL MSI Learning Management System. Please make sure you register to view the video to document your training.

12. How often is "refresher training" expected?

- a. For existing employees, we recommend refresher training every two years. New employees should receive training before they begin work.

13. Should every volunteer or employee sign off on the entire policy?

- a. All Employees and volunteers should be required to read the entire policy and, at a minimum, sign off on the Code of Conduct.

14. Our municipality does not operate any recreational sports leagues. Other outside organizations are fully responsible for the leagues; however, the sports leagues are conducted on our fields and facilities. Is our municipality still accountable for any claims that arise?

- 1) Even if your municipality does not directly operate recreational leagues, if the activity occurs on fields or facilities owned by the municipality, it is more likely than not that the municipality may be brought into any litigation or claim. For that reason, the recommended "best practice"

is for municipalities to draft and enter into written agreements annually with the organizations who are operating the leagues that set forth the following at a minimum:

- i) Insurance requirements, including a copy of a Certificate of Insurance for the organization naming the municipality as an additional insured and including a “hold harmless” clause.
- ii) A certification by the organization that they have read the Model Policy and will adhere to conduct requirements, including mandatory background checks for all coaches and volunteers involved in the program. Completing the Rutgers Safety Course (or acceptable equivalent course) by all coaches, viewing the MEL Protecting Minors video, and adherence to a “Code of Conduct” for all coaches and parents.
- iii) The permitted dates and hours of use for the facilities and a requirement that the organization will keep the fields clean and safe for use.

A Model agreement is available on the NJMEL website.

15. Our Lifeguards have separate male and female locker/shower rooms, but the locker/showers do not have stalls for privacy. We have employees aging from 16 to 70 years old. What protocols would you recommend that the municipality implement to protect the minors while in the locker/shower rooms? The MEL’s model policy speaks to the procedures for the use of restrooms used by minors. Should we follow the same procedure as the locker rooms?

- a. It is essential to make sure that the municipality recognizes and implements a policy addressing the lifeguards who are minors that acknowledges the need to separate them from the adult-aged Lifeguards. If the municipality follows the Model Policy recommendations for the use of bathrooms, that should be more than sufficient to protect the minors working as Lifeguards.

Questions Raised by Library Personnel Concerning How the Policy Impacts Library Operations

- Do the provisions in the Model Policy apply to daily library operations when children are present?
 - Most of the “best practices” in the model policy were written for organized programs sponsored or conducted by a local governmental unit. All of the provisions would apply, for example, to programs sponsored by or conducted by the library or third party individuals in the library. Examples of these types of programs would be story hours, tours of the library, arts and crafts programs, and educational programs. If parents or guardians attend any of these programs along with children, and children are not left on their own, then the library would not be acting “In Loco Parentis” in those situations. However, if children are dropped off **for whatever purpose**, the library will need to provide safeguards to eliminate opportunities for abuse, including but not limited to monitoring bathrooms and making sure that children are not left alone in portions of the library where they are vulnerable. Appropriate library personnel should be assigned to the critical task of monitoring these areas.

- Also, it is vitally important for the library to follow the hiring guidelines and training requirements pertaining to employees and volunteers in light of the number of children who typically use the library.
- Can the library request that parents opt out of any photo opportunities and/or social media exposure for their children instead of asking permission any time the Library wants to do so? The Library uses such photos and social media exposure as a way of advertising their programs.
 - This would be acceptable as long as the library would be able to document that: (1) parents and guardians have been made aware of the policy (i.e., have adequate notice) and (2) the library maintains copies of the “opt-out” documentation (i.e., signed “opt out” forms).

**Appendix D – List of Qualified Vendors for Background Checks Developed by the NJMEL
Through an RFQ Process June 2021**

Found at:
<https://njmel.org/wp-content/uploads/2021/05/RFQ-Results-21-02-background-Check-Services.pdf>

Castle Branch, Inc
1844 Sir Tyler Drive
Wilmington, NJ 28405
Phone: 888-723-4263
Email: rfp@castlebranch.com

Adam Safeguard
1187 Washington St.,
Suite # 2
Toms River, NJ 08753
Phone: 732-506-6100
Email: terrih@nsshire.com

Southern Background Services
7 Lattimer St.
Hazelhurst, GA 31359
Phone: 912-205-3113
Email: ddukes@southernbackgrounds.com

TABB Inc.
PO Box 10
555 E. Main St.
Chester, NJ 07930
Phone: 908-879-2038
Email: bbodkin@tabb.net

True View BSI, LLC
25 Newbridge Road
Suite 210
Hicksville, NY 11801
Phone: 516-289-0275
Email: wmanning@trueviewbsi.com

RESIGNATION

Employees may resign in good standing by giving their immediate supervisor at least fourteen (14) days advance written notice. The Employer may waive this requirement and consent to a shorter notice. If an employee resigns without giving the required notice, he/she will be considered to have resigned not in good standing.

Employees who resign will be notified by the Employer as to the status of various employee benefits. At times, an exit interview may be held.

SAFETY POLICY

The Employer endeavors to provide a safe and healthy work environment for all employees and shall comply with the requirements of the Public Employees Occupational Safety and Health Act (“PEOSHA”). The Employer is equally concerned about the safety of the public.

Consistent with this policy, employees will receive periodic safety training and will be provided with appropriate safety equipment. Employees are responsible for observing safety rules and using available safety devices including personal protective equipment. Failure to do so constitutes grounds for disciplinary action.

Any occupational or unsafe public condition, practice, procedure or act must be immediately reported to the supervisor or Department Head. Any on-the-job accident or accident involving the Employer’s facilities, equipment, or motor vehicles must also be immediately reported to the supervisor or Department Head and the Borough Administrator. Failure to do so constitutes grounds for disciplinary action. Employees are encouraged to discuss safety concerns with supervisory personnel.

SECURITY POLICY

The Employer makes every effort to provide for employees' safety and security while at work. The Employer, however, does not accept responsibility for the protection of employees' personal property. The Employer is not liable for loss or damage to personal property.

The Employer maintains a work environment that is free of illegal drugs, alcohol, unauthorized firearms, explosives, or other improper materials. To this end, the Employer prohibits the possession, transfer, sale, or use of such materials on its premises. The Employer requires the cooperation of all employees in administering this policy. Desks, lockers, other storage devices, and Employer vehicles may be provided for the convenience of employees, but remain the sole property of the Employer. Accordingly, they, as well as any articles found within them, can be inspected by any agent or representative of the Employer at any time, either with or without prior notice. The Employer may conduct video surveillance of Employer property to, among other things, identify safety concerns, detect theft, and discourage or prevent acts of harassment and workplace violence. Additionally, the Employer may monitor employee e-mails.

Security is everyone's responsibility. If any employee sees or suspects that an individual is breaching security, it is the employee's responsibility to notify his or her supervisor or Department Head immediately. In the event a serious incident occurs, employees must report it to their Department Head promptly. The following are examples of serious incidents that should be reported immediately:

1. Any accident which results in the injury of a third party while on the premises.
2. Any incident in which physical force is either used by or against an employee.
3. Any incident which involves a crime, or an attempt to commit a crime, such as robbery or the theft of money.
4. Any incident in which a serious unfavorable reaction from the public might be expected.
5. The loss of Employer keys.
6. Any other incident, which an employee believes is of a nature that it should be brought to the attention of the Department Head without delay.

Employees are encouraged to make any reports, in writing, so that they may be properly addressed by the Employer.

STATE RESIDENCY REQUIREMENT

Every employee shall have his/her principal place of residence in the State of New Jersey. New hires shall have one year from the time of taking office, employment or position to satisfy the requirement of principal residency. Failure to satisfy this requirement shall render the employee unqualified for holding office, employment or position with the Employer.

If, however, an employee holds an office, employment, or position with the Employer as of Sept. 1, of 2011 (the effective date of P.L.2011, c.70), but does not have his or her principal residence in this State on that effective date, he/shall will not be subject to the residency requirement while that employee continues to hold office, employment, or position without a break in public service of greater than seven (7) days.

POLICY FOR USE OF EMPLOYER VEHICLES (NON-LAW ENFORCEMENT)

The Employer owns and maintains a fleet of vehicles ("Employer Vehicles") that are used in furtherance of the business of the Employer. The following policy governs the use of all Employer Vehicles (with the exception of vehicles utilized for law enforcement purposes), and supersedes all other vehicle policies previously in effect. Any employee violating the provisions contained herein will be subject to disciplinary action, up to and including termination, in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. Violations of this policy may also result in the denial of indemnification and/or defense by the Employer to the employee in any civil or criminal matter brought in any Court arising from improper use of an Employer vehicle. The Employer also expressly reserves its right to seek indemnification and/or contribution from employees (including their personal automobile insurance policies) found to have acted in violation of this policy to the maximum extent permitted by law.

Driving Privileges and Licensure. The use of an Employer Vehicle by an employee is subject to the approval and discretion of the Borough Administrator. Any employee operating an Employer Vehicle must have, in his or her possession, a valid driver's license issued by a state regulatory body within the United States. Licenses issued by any territory or possession of the United States, the District of Columbia, or any international agency (including any province of the Dominion of Canada) must be expressly approved by the Employer's insurance carrier before an employee will be permitted to operate an Employer Vehicle.

A. Employees are required to file a copy of a valid driver's license with the Employer prior to the use of an Employer Vehicle.

1. Upon request, an employee must provide a copy of their driver's license or other required documents within twenty-four (24) hours of said request.

2. Employees shall inform the Employer within twenty-four (24) hours of any changes in the status of their driving privileges.

3. Failure to comply with the requirements of this section will result in an immediate suspension of an employee's privilege to operate an Employer vehicle and may also result in the denial of indemnification and/or defense by the Employer to the employee in any civil or criminal matter brought in any Court arising from the use of an Employer vehicle while said employee's driving privileges were suspended or revoked.

B. The Employer reserves the right to obtain a driving abstract record from the New Jersey Motor Vehicle Service Commission or other regulatory and law enforcement agencies.

1. The Employer reserves the right to suspend an employee's Employer driving privileges if the Employer deems necessary based on the employee's driving record.

2. The Employer shall utilize information obtained pursuant to this section only for the purposes of furthering the objectives of this Policy and for no other reason, and will not reveal personal or other information contained in an employee's driving abstract record to any party except where required by applicable law.

C. The Employer occasionally offers safe driving courses and reserves the right to compel employee attendance at such courses.

D. If requested by the Borough Administrator or human resources official, the employee must agree to consent to a simulated road test to determine his/her fitness to safely operate a vehicle.

E. In the event that the employee is under the influence of any medication (prescribed or over-the-counter) that might impair his/her ability to safely operate a vehicle, he/she must refrain from driving until he/she notifies the Employer and await clearance to resume driving.

Official Use Only. The use of Employer Vehicles is restricted to official Employer business only. Employees shall not be permitted to use Employer vehicles for travel or activity unrelated to Employer business. Likewise, no supervisor may authorize such use or any use of an Employer Vehicle for other than Employer business or use which is otherwise inconsistent with this policy.

Employer Vehicles assigned to employees under this policy are to be operated only by the employee while acting within the scope of their employment. No employee shall authorize or permit any other non-Employer employee, including but not limited to family members of the employee, to operate or ride as a passenger in an assigned Employer Vehicle, unless said passengers are assisting in the official business of the Employer.

Location of Vehicles. Employees who are assigned the regular use of an Employer Vehicle for official business may, with written permission of his/her Department Head, take the Employer Vehicle home at night and keep said vehicle at home while off duty.

If the employee will be absent from duty for more than two (2) working days, or more than five (5) consecutive days, including weekends and holidays, he/she must surrender the Employer vehicle to his/her direct supervisor unless directed otherwise. An employee storing the vehicle at his residence must provide safe parking for the vehicle at all times.

Commuting. The use of an Employer Vehicle for driving to and from work is voluntary and does not entitle the employee to compensation or pay while engaged in that activity.

Accidents and Incidents. Prior to operation of any Employer vehicle, employees must consult their Department Head as to the appropriate steps to take if they become involved in an accident (filling out accident reports, obtaining witness names, etc.)

A. In the event of an incident or accident involving the use of an Employer Vehicle, employees must immediately contact their supervisor and/or Department Head. All required reports and documentation must be submitted to the Borough Administrator within two (2) business days of receipt.

B. An employee may be required to submit to an alcohol or drug screening test following an accident or incident if there is a reasonable suspicion to believe that the employee's use of drugs or alcohol may have contributed to the cause of the accident or as otherwise required by law or other policy of the Employer.

Citations and Violations. Operators of Employer Vehicles are expected to follow all laws, regulations and rules proscribed by the Motor Vehicle Commission. Drivers are responsible for paying any moving violation tickets and MUST notify the Employer of said violations within forty-eight (48) hours of receipt of said ticket (regardless of the employee's decision to contest such ticket in municipal court). Drivers are responsible for paying all parking tickets incurred. The Employer should be notified of the receipt of a parking ticket within 48 hours of receipt of said ticket.

Drivers are responsible for all "Notice of Delinquent Toll Payment Violations" (including but not limited to EZ-Pass). Upon having been notified of said violation, either by direct mail or notice from the Employer, an employee shall, within ten (10) business days of such notice, provide acceptable proof to the Employer that the outstanding toll and any related fees have been paid.

General Policies and Procedures. Employees authorized to use an Employer Vehicle for official business must adhere to the policies and procedures set forth in this Policy. Failure to comply with the provisions below will result in a loss of privileges:

A. Drivers must ensure that all required documents (driver's license, LD. badge/card, registration, insurance card) are in their possession while operating the vehicle. Vehicle registration and insurance cards should be kept in a locked compartment of the vehicle when not in use.

B. Employees assigned exclusive use of an Employer Vehicle are responsible for scheduling all repairs and manufacturer recommended maintenance with the Employer, in order to maintain all manufacturers' warranties (including routine oil changes).

C. Vehicles are to be kept clean at all times, and should be washed and vacuumed regularly (unless prohibited by the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection or other similar regulatory body).

D. No smoking is allowed in Employer Vehicles at any time.

E. In accordance with N.J.S.A. 39:4-97.3 and any other applicable statutes and regulations, the use of hand-held phones or electronic devices (BlackBerry, navigation systems, etc...) while driving Employer Vehicles is prohibited. This prohibition includes the sending or reading of e-mails, text messages and other similar communications.

F. All occupants must wear seat belts at all times when the vehicle is in use and observe all road safe rules and regulations, such as "Wipers On, Lights On."

G. Employees are expected to operate vehicles in a safe and courteous manner at all times and are expressly reminded to avoid tailgating or other unsafe practices.

H. Employees are reminded of the risks inherent from driving while drowsy. In the event that a driver becomes tired while operating a vehicle, they should pull off the road and seek appropriate assistance.

I. Employees who drive their own vehicle for Employer business must provide the Employer with a copy of their current Certificate of Insurance.

Violation of this policy may result in disciplinary action up to and including the suspension of the employee's privilege to operate an Employer Vehicle and/or termination.

TRANSITIONAL DUTY POLICY

This sample policy and procedure is not intended to be all-encompassing and is believed to conform to current law and practice at the time of preparation. This transitional duty policy does not and is not intended to address every circumstance. However, municipalities and authorities are cautioned to seek legal advice from a qualified employment attorney before adopting any employment policies and procedures. Specific attention should be paid to modifying this policy to conform to local ordinances and collective bargaining agreements.

1. Purpose: To establish guidelines and procedures for transitional duty work assignments to employees who are recovering and recuperating from a work-related injury or illness, with temporary physical work restrictions or limitations, as diagnosed by a treating physician. Transitional duty assignments are temporary in nature.

2. Policy and Benefits: According to a report authored by the American College of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, unnecessary, prolonged work absence can cause significant harm to a worker's well-being. Workers who are on extended disability often lose social relationships with co-workers, as well as the self-respect and self-esteem that comes from earning a living. For many workers, their job is part of their identity, and being kept away by illness or injury is a very stressful experience. By allowing a more accelerated return to work and more significant support during recovery, transitional duty programs can help employees reduce the stress and disruption that injuries or illness cause in their daily lives, leading to better recovery. Transitional Duty programs offer time-limited, modified and meaningful work assignments to employees who, due to an on the job injury or illness, have been rendered temporarily incapable of meeting the physical demands of their usual duties. These assignments are modified to accommodate the physical limitations imposed by injury or illness, as determined by medical professionals involved in the care of the worker.

The Employer is committed to providing opportunities for employees who have been injured on the job to return to the workforce as soon as possible. The Employer views the Transitional Duty Program as a partnership with the employees who have been injured, with the sole objective of enhancing the recovery of employees to facilitate their return to work in their previous position as soon as possible.

The Employer will make every effort on a case by case basis to accommodate an employee under the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) absent an undue hardship by the Employer.

Benefits of an effective transitional duty program include:

- Greater control and monitoring of worker's compensation claims, and an increased chance for a positive resolution of those claims.

- Retaining the services of trained and valuable employees.
- Avoidance of replacement and training costs of hiring a new employee.
- Faster recovery by injured employees, both physically and psychologically.
- Discouragement of fraudulent claims.
- Enhancement of employee morale.
- Compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) by accommodating disabilities and avoiding costly and unnecessary lawsuits.
- Identification of cross-training opportunities.
- Enhanced awareness of safe work practices and injury prevention.

3. Definitions:

Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA): Federal legislation passed in 1990 that prohibits discrimination against people with disabilities. The ADA makes it unlawful to discriminate against a disabled person in terms of employment opportunities, access to transportation, public accommodations, communications, and government activities. The law prohibits state and local governments from discriminating against the disabled. Employers are required to make reasonable accommodations in order for a disabled person to perform their job function.

Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA): Federal legislation enacted in 1938, and subsequently amended, setting forth the standards for minimum wage requirements, overtime payments, necessary recordkeeping provisions, and child labor in the U.S., which affect those employees working both on a full- time and part-time basis in the federal, state, and local government as well.

Functional Capacity Evaluation (FCE): A series of tests used to evaluate an injured employee's work-related physical abilities. A functional capacity evaluation is designed to be safe and to provide impartial information about an injury or illness. The tests in an FCE are performed by an evaluator certified to conduct these examinations.

Injured Worker (IW): An employee (including persons on probationary, regular, casual or temporary status) of the Employer who, due to an on the job injury or illness, has been rendered temporarily incapable of meeting the physical demands of their usual duties

Job Bank: A listing of the job assignments available to injured employees under the Transitional Duty Program compiled, update and maintained by, the Transitional Duty Coordinator. The assignments may be in ANY department of the Employer, and not necessarily in the department where the injured employee works typically.

Maximum Medical Improvement (MMI): The point at which the Treating Physician determines that (1) the condition resulting from the injury or illness is stable, (2) additional medical treatment or physical therapy will not improve the patient's condition or (3) the patient has reached the medical plateau of recovery.

Meaningful Work: Work assigned under the transitional duty program which in the judgment of the Employer, has a serious, meaningful or useful quality and purpose. A written description of

the work to be performed and the expected outcome shall be provided to each employee assigned meaningful work.

Nurse Case Manager (NCM): The medical professional assigned to each worker's compensation case who, along with the Treating Physician, works with the employee and the Employer in directing the care of the injured employee.

Transitional Duty Assignment: A temporary work assignment that does not exceed an employee's medical work restrictions during a period of recovery from a work-related injury or illness. A transitional duty assignment does not evolve at any time into a permanent position, and the injured employee is returned to work on a regular full-time basis as soon as possible.

Transitional Duty Program Coordinator (TDC): An employee of the Employer who has been duly assigned the responsibility of managing and directing the Transitional Duty Program by the Borough Administrator or governing body of the Employer.

Treating Physician (TPJ): The authorized medical professional assigned to each worker's compensation case by the Employer's insurance professionals who, along with the Nurse Case Manager, works with the employee and the Employer in directing the care of the injured employee. The Treating Physician is ultimately responsible for recommending an injured employee's ability to return to work under the transitional duty policy, and what restrictions should be imposed.

4. Transitional Duty Program Guidelines:

The Employer has established the following guidelines for the Transitional Duty Program:

a. Transitional Duty assignments are temporary in nature, and made at the sole discretion of the Employer Transitional Duty Coordinator (TDC).

b. In order for transitional duty to be offered to an employee, the employee must be qualified to perform the transitional duty assignment. If the employee is not qualified to perform the assignment (or cannot be trained by the Employer to perform the assignment), the transitional duty assignment may be refused by the Employer.

c. Transitional Duty is **temporary**, lasting no more than _ calendar days. This time frame may be extended at the sole discretion of the Employer Transitional Duty Coordinator (TDC). ***(NOTE: THE TYPICAL RANGE IS FROM 45 TO 90 DAYS FOR THE INITIAL ASSIGNMENT, WHICH MAY BE EXTENDED)***

d. All employees who are receiving Workers' Compensation indemnity payments and working Transitional Duty assignments must follow the restrictions imposed by the Treating Physician (TP) while engaging in all activities.

e. The Transitional Duty policy does not affect the rights and privileges of employees under the provisions of the, Fair Labor Standards Act OR Americans with Disabilities Act or other federal or state law or regulations.

f. Refusal of a transitional duty assignment may adversely affect the employee's worker's compensation temporary disability benefits.

g. As long as the assignment involves "meaningful work" (as defined herein), and it falls within the physical restrictions established by the medical professionals, the employees may be assigned transitional duty work in ANY department of the Employer.

h. Employees shall follow the policy of the Employer regarding time off to attend medical appointments and physical therapy sessions which have been scheduled by the Nurse Case Manager. However, the employee is responsible for notifying the Employer when they are unable to report to their transitional duty assignment due to a scheduled medical appointment.

i. Transitional duty assignments are not guaranteed. Each assignment is reviewed on a case by case basis in accordance with the procedure set forth herein.

j. The Employer reserves the right at any time to request a functional capacity evaluation (FCE) of the injured employee to determine their fitness for assignment.

k. Employees will be paid in accordance with applicable policies, salary ordinances, and collective bargaining agreements while on Transitional Duty. Employees participating in Transitional Duty assignments shall receive the full salary as long as they are working a full work day. ***(NOTE: THE EMPLOYER WILL DETERMINE IF THIS PROVISION IS APPLICABLE. TYPICALLY, THE EMPLOYER WILL PAY THE INJURED WORKER THE BALANCE OF HIS/HER FULL SALARY, LESS THE AMOUNT OF TEMPORARY TOTAL DISABILITY BENEFITS PAID IF THE WORKER PARTICIPATES IN THE TD PROGRAM.)*** All overtime assignments must be approved in advance by the department head, and must be in accordance with the transitional duty assignment and limitations set forth by the Treating Physician.

l. The employee's time card or work hours shall be maintained by the department to which the employee is regularly assigned.

5. Creation of the Job Bank:

In order to set up the "Job Bank," the Transitional Duty Coordinator (TDC) will contact all of the department heads in Employer, and encourage each to fill out the Form found in the Appendix entitled, "Possible Transitional Duty Assignments." Based on the input from Department Heads, the TDC will establish a "Job Bank," which will be used for the assignments under the Transitional Duty program. The TDC will update the Job Bank assignments as frequently as necessary. In

addition, the TDC will collaborate with the Nurse Case Manager assigned to the Employer, and formulate brief job descriptions for each of the assignments, including any medical restrictions that may be accommodated (i.e. standing, sitting, lifting, driving, bending, etc.).

6. Transitional Duty Program Procedure:

Transitional duty assignments are the collective responsibility of the employer, (specifically the Transitional Duty Coordinator), along with the Claims Administrator, Treating Physician and Nurse Case Manager. The Transitional Duty Coordinator shall pay particular attention to the following:

- The TDC will make assignments with the goal of returning the employee to full duty as soon as possible. This may require the adjustment or modification of duties in the assignment as the employee's medical condition progresses (or regresses).
- The TDC shall maintain the confidentiality of all medical information related to the transitional duty assignments. Only individuals with an administrative "Need to Know" shall be included in discussions on transitional duty.
- The TDC shall contact upper management and the Claims Administrator if he or she becomes aware that an injured employee may have permanent medical restrictions. Permanent restrictions must be treated differently than temporary restrictions, and must be evaluated in accordance with possible implications under the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA).

The Transitional Duty assignment process is as follows:

A. An initial medical assessment of the injured employee is completed by the Treating Physician in order to determine (1) the work restrictions imposed, and (2) the estimated duration of the recovery period. The results of the written medical assessment are provided to the Nurse Case Manager for review. The Nurse Case Manager will consult the Treating Physician if any clarification is necessary. The Employer will maintain an updated copy of all job descriptions and will forward job descriptions to the Nurse Case Manager for review as part of the assessment process.

B. The NCM will contact the TDC to discuss the results of the initial medical assessment, and whether or not the injured employee is a candidate for a Temporary Duty assignment, and, if so, what Temporary Duty assignments are available. The TDC will consider the employee's skills, knowledge, abilities, risks (if any) to the motoring public or other employees, in addition to the physical limitations set forth by the TP. The following skills may be necessary to participate in a transitional duty assignment:

- a. Sit or stand for some tasks
- b. Understand and follow directions and procedures
- c. Accept direction and function cooperatively
- d. Communicate effectively and coherently using telephone, or when initiating or responding to verbal communication

- e. Read and understand documents
- f. Exercise independent judgment.

If the injured employee is not a candidate for an assignment, the NCM will review the case after each medical appointment with the Treating Physician to determine if the injured worker's status has changed, and if so, the NCM will contact the TDC.

It is extremely important for the TDC to communicate with the NCM regarding the employee's disposition relative to a Temporary Duty assignment.

C. If a work assignment is available, prior to an assignment, the injured worker will meet with the TDC to go over the work assignment, what the expectations are, and any other concerns the injured worker may have. If necessary, the TDC shall arrange for training for the IW. During that meeting, the IW will be given the ***Letter Offering Transitional Duty Assignment***. The IW will be asked to sign the letter acknowledging his/her acceptance OR rejection of the work assignment. If the IW declines the assignment, he/she will be directed to state the reasons in writing on the letter, and the TDC shall notify the IW that failure to accept the TD assignment may adversely affect his/her ability to collect worker's compensation temporary disability benefits. If the injured worker's objection is based on a disagreement with the Treating Physician's or Nurse Case Manager's work-related restrictions, the TDC shall discuss the case with the NCM and, if necessary the TP, prior to making a final decision. The decision of the TDC will be final, and shall be communicated to the IW and NCM.

D. The TDC will review ALL assignments in 14 day intervals, and, if necessary meet with the injured worker. The NCM shall update the TDC on the employee's medical status after each medical visit. If it appears as if the IW will not be able to return to work after the initial ***60 to 90 day (NOTE: CHOICE OF THE EMPLOYER) limit***, the TDC will consult with the NCM, and, if necessary, the TP, to determine whether the assignment should be continued until the employee reaches maximum medical improvement (MMI) OR until the employee can return to work to his/her former position without restrictions. The decision of the TDC will be final.

APPENDIX A

CDL Drug and Alcohol Testing Policy

These sample policies and procedures are not intended to be all-encompassing and are believed to conform to current law and practice at the time of preparation. However, municipalities and authorities are cautioned to seek legal advice from a qualified employment attorney before adopting any employment policies and procedures.

*Please note any information NOT italicized in this policy is **REQUIRED** for compliance with NJDOT regulations. Non-mandatory language is italicized and is optional.*

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SECTION A - GENERAL

This policy and 49 CFR Part 40 Regulations of the U. S. Department of Transportation Procedures For Transportation Workplace Drug And Alcohol Testing Programs and Urine Specimen Collection Guidelines, Office of Drug and Alcohol Policy and Compliance, U.S. Department of Transportation, are integral parts of this Policy and apply to all covered employees. They may be viewed at <http://www.dot.gov/odapc> Collection procedures, laboratory procedures, MRO review, alcohol testing, record keeping and all other procedural requirements shall adhere to 49 CFR Part 40.

The Borough shall test, in accordance with Federal regulations, employees required to have a Commercial Driver's License (CDL) for the use of controlled substances that violate law or Federal regulation and the misuse of alcohol.

PURPOSE 382.101

The purpose of this policy, in addition to meeting Federal regulations, is to establish a program designed to help prevent accidents and injuries resulting from the misuse of alcohol or use of controlled substances by drivers of commercial motor vehicles.

APPLICABILITY 382.103

(a) This policy applies to every person of the Borough of Allendale who operates a commercial motor vehicle in commerce in any State, and is subject to:

- (1) The commercial driver's license requirements of part 383;
- (2) All Drivers Operating Commercial Motor Vehicles for the Borough; or
- (3) The commercial driver's license requirements of the Canadian National Safety Code.

(b) An employer who employs himself/herself as a driver must comply with both the requirements in this policy that apply to employers and the requirements in this policy that apply to drivers. An employer who employs only himself/herself as a driver shall implement a random alcohol and controlled substances testing program of two or more covered employees in the random testing selection pool.

The COVERED EMPLOYEE CERTIFICATE OF RECEIPT contains the name, address, and phone number of the responsible individual(s). The CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES AND ALCOHOL USE AND TESTING POLICY complies with requirements of the Department of Transportation regulations as set forth in 49 CFR § 382 and 49 CFR Part 40. The DER shall be responsible for providing oversight and evaluation on the plan; providing guidance and counseling; reviewing of all discipline applied under this plan for consistency and conformance to human resources policies and procedures; scheduling for types of testing (random, post-accident, reasonable suspicion, etc.); maintaining a locked file system on all test results; and overseeing the referral of employees for evaluation and treatment. The Borough shall ensure that all covered employees are aware of the provisions and coverage of the Borough's CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES AND ALCOHOL USE AND TESTING POLICY and that all employees are notified prior to testing.

BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE SERVICE AGENT CONTACT INFORMATION

DESIGNATED EMPLOYER REPRESENTATIVES (DER)

Borough Administrator

Chief of Police

Department of Public Works Superintendent

This CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES AND ALCOHOL USE AND TESTING POLICY sets forth the requirements of 49 CFR Parts 382 and 40. Those areas of the policy that appear in italic print reflect the Borough of Allendale's independent authority to require additional provisions with regard to drug and alcohol testing procedures. To the extent the Borough's state specific non-DOT Borough Authority Policy supplements, and does not conflict with applicable DOT Regulations, and current agreements, it is to be followed. In the event that DOT Regulations are applicable to the driver's or applicant's particular situation or issue, the DOT Regulations pre-empt conflicting State Laws, Borough of Allendale's non-DOT Policies and all other agreements.

PERIOD OF WORKDAY A DRIVER IS REQUIRED TO BE IN COMPLIANCE

Safety-Sensitive Functions as covered under 49 CFR Part 382: In accordance with 49 CFR 382 drivers who possess CDL licenses are subject to DOT regulated alcohol and drug testing at all times from the time a driver begins to work or is required to be in readiness to work until the time he/she is relieved from work and all responsibility for performing work. Safety-sensitive functions shall include:

- (1) All time at an employer or shipper plant, terminal, facility, or other property, or on any public property, waiting to be dispatched, unless the driver has been relieved from duty by the employer;
- (2) All time inspecting equipment as required by 49 CFR 392.7 and 392.8 or otherwise inspecting, servicing, or conditioning any commercial motor vehicle at any time;
- (3) All time spent at the driving controls of a commercial motor vehicle in operation;
- (4) All time, other than driving time, in or upon any commercial motor vehicle except time spent resting in a sleeper berth (a berth conforming to the requirements of 49 CFR 393.76);
- (5) All time loading or unloading a vehicle, supervising, or assisting in the loading or unloading, attending a vehicle being loaded or unloaded, remaining in readiness to operate the vehicle, or in giving or receiving receipts for shipments loaded or unloaded; and
- (6) All time repairing, obtaining assistance, or remaining in attendance upon a disabled vehicle.

A driver is required to be in compliance with this policy during that period of the workday when they are on-duty performing *safety-sensitive functions* (See Definitions).

DRIVER FITNESS FOR DUTY 391.11

DOT regulations provide that the Borough of Allendale as a DOT regulated employer makes the final determination of who is a qualified individual to drive a commercial motor vehicle. 49 CFR § 391.11(a). the Borough of Allendale shall not permit a person to drive a commercial motor vehicle unless the person meets all DOT minimum qualifications and such other more stringent qualifications and requirements relating to safety of operation and employee safety and health as it may decide in its judgment and discretion. the Borough of Allendale shall use the services of independent Certified Medical Examiners, Occupational Medicine Physicians, Medical Review Officers, as well as other medical and industry professionals to make its final fitness for duty determinations.

TESTING PROCEDURES 382.105

the Borough of Allendale shall ensure that all alcohol or controlled substances testing conducted under this policy complies with the procedures set forth in 49 CFR part 40. The provisions of 49 CFR part 40 that address alcohol or controlled substances testing are made applicable to the Borough of Allendale by 382.105.

DEFINITIONS 382.107

Words or phrases used in this policy are defined in Sections 386.2, 390.5 and 40.3 of Federal regulations, except as provided herein.

Actual knowledge for the purpose of Section B of this policy means actual knowledge by the Borough of Allendale that a driver has used alcohol or controlled substances based on the Borough of Allendale's direct observation of the employee, information provided by the driver's previous employer(s), a traffic citation for driving a CMV while under the influence of alcohol or controlled substances or an employee's admission of alcohol or controlled substance use, except as provided in 382.121. Direct observation as used in this definition means observation of alcohol or controlled substances use and does not include observation of employee behavior or physical characteristics sufficient to warrant reasonable suspicion testing under 382.307.

Alcohol means the intoxicating agent in beverage alcohol, ethyl alcohol, or other low molecular weight alcohol's including methyl and isopropyl alcohol.

Alcohol concentration (or content) means the alcohol in a volume of breath expressed in terms of grams of alcohol per 210 liters of breath as indicated by an evidential breath test under this policy.

Alcohol use means the drinking or swallowing of any beverage, liquid mixture, or preparation, (including any medication), containing alcohol. *[Caution: Certain brands and types of cough medicines contain alcohol.]*

CFR means Code of Federal Regulations.

Commerce means:

- (1) Any trade, traffic or transportation within the jurisdiction of the United States between a place in a State and a place outside of such State, including a place outside of the United States and
- (2) Trade, traffic, and transportation in the United States which affects any trade, traffic, and transportation described in (1) of this definition.

It is the position of the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administrator that the above section (2) language covers all municipal vehicles which fit within the "Commercial Motor Vehicle" definition below, even if that vehicle does not cross state lines.

Commercial driver's license Drug and Alcohol Clearinghouse (Clearinghouse) means the FMCSA database that subpart G of 49 CFR Part 382.701-727 requires employers and service agents to report information to and to query regarding drivers who are subject to the DOT controlled substance and alcohol testing regulations. Effective January 6, 2020, the FMCSA will establish a mandatory database and the following personal information collected and maintained under this part shall be reported to the Clearinghouse:

- (1) A verified positive, adulterated, or substituted drug test result;
- (2) An alcohol confirmation test with a concentration of 0.04 or higher;
- (3) A refusal to submit to any test required by subpart C of this part;
- (4) An employer's report of actual knowledge, as defined at § 382.107;
- (5) On duty alcohol use pursuant to § 382.205;
- (6) Pre-duty alcohol use pursuant to § 382.207;
- (7) Alcohol use following an accident pursuant to § 382.209; and

- (8) Controlled substance use pursuant to § 382.213;
- (9) A substance abuse professional (SAP as defined in § 40.3 of this title) report of the successful completion of the return-to-duty process;
- (10) A negative return-to-duty test; and
- (11) An employer's report of completion of follow-up testing.

Commercial motor vehicle means a motor vehicle or combination of motor vehicles used in commerce to transport passengers or property if the vehicle:

- (1) Has a gross combination weight rating or gross combination weight of 11,794 kilograms or more (26,001 pounds or more), whichever is greater, inclusive of a towed unit(s) with a gross vehicle weight rating or gross vehicle weight of more than 4,536 kilograms (10,000 pounds), whichever is greater; or
- (2) Has a gross vehicle weight rating or gross vehicle weight of 11,794 or more kilograms (26,001 or more pounds), whichever is greater; or
- (3) Is designed to transport 16 or more passengers, including the driver; or
- (4) Is of any size and is used in the transportation of materials found to be hazardous for the purposes of the Hazardous Materials Transportation Act (49 U.S.C. 5103(b)) and which require the motor vehicle to be placarded under the Hazardous Materials Regulations (49 CFR part 172, subpart F).

Confirmation (or confirmatory) drug test means a second analytical procedure performed on a urine specimen to identify and quantify the presence of a specific drug or drug metabolite.

Confirmation (or confirmatory) validity test means a second test performed on a urine specimen to further support a validity test result.

Confirmed drug test means a confirmation test result received by an MRO from a laboratory.

Consortium/Third party administrator (C/TPA) means a service agent that provides or coordinates one or more drug and/or alcohol testing services to DOT-regulated employers. C/TPAs typically provide or coordinate the provision of a number of such services and perform administrative tasks concerning the operation of the employers' drug and alcohol testing programs. This term includes, but is not limited to, groups of employers who join together to administer, as a single entity, the DOT drug and alcohol testing programs of its members (e.g., having a combined random testing pool). C/TPAs are not "employers" for purposes of Federal regulations.

Controlled substances mean those substances identified in 40.85. As of January 1, 2018, the drugs tested for may include all or some of the following: (1) Amphetamines; (2) Cannabinoids; (3) Cocaine; (4) Phencyclidine (PCP); and (5) Opioids.

Designated employer representative (DER) is an individual identified by the Borough of Allendale as able to receive communications and test results from service agents and who is authorized to take immediate actions to remove employees from safety-sensitive duties and to make required decisions in the testing and evaluation processes. The individual must be an employee of the Borough. Service agents cannot serve as DERs.

Disabling damage means damage which precludes departure of a motor vehicle from the scene of the accident in its usual manner in daylight after simple repairs.

- (1) Inclusions. Damage to motor vehicles that could have been driven, but would have been further damaged if so driven.
- (2) Exclusions:
 - i. Damage which can be remedied temporarily at the scene of the accident without special tools or parts.
 - ii. Tire disablement without other damage even if no spare tire is available.
 - iii. Headlight or taillight damage.

iv. Damage to turn signals, horn, or windshield wipers which make them inoperative.

DOT Agency means an agency (or "operating administration") of the United States Department of Transportation administering regulations requiring alcohol and/or drug testing (14 CFR parts 61, 63, 65, 121, and 135; 49 CFR parts 199, 219, 382, 653, and 654) in accordance with 49 CFR part 40.

Driver means any person who operates a commercial motor vehicle. This includes, but is not limited to: Full time, regularly employed Commercial Motor Vehicle drivers; casual, intermittent or occasional drivers; leased drivers and independent owner-operator contractors.

Employer means an entity, *including a municipal employer*, employing one or more employees (including an individual who is self-employed) that is subject to DOT agency regulations requiring compliance with this Federal regulation. The term, as used in this policy, refers to the entity responsible for overall implementation of DOT drug and alcohol program requirements, including individuals employed by the entity who take personnel actions resulting from violations of this policy and any applicable DOT agency regulations. Service agents are not employers for the purpose of Federal regulations.

Licensed medical practitioner means a person who is licensed, certified, and/or registered, in accordance with applicable Federal, State, local, or foreign laws and regulations, to prescribe controlled substances and other drugs.

Negative return-to-duty test means a return-to-duty test with a negative drug result and/or an alcohol test with an alcohol concentration of less than 0.02, as described in § 40.305.

Performing (a safety-sensitive function) means a driver is considered to be performing a safety-sensitive function during any period in which he/she is actually performing, ready to perform, or immediately available to perform any safety-sensitive functions.

Positive alcohol test means an alcohol test with an alcohol concentration of greater than or equal to 0.04.

Positive rate for random drug testing means the number of verified positive results for random drug tests conducted under this part plus the number of refusals of random drug tests required by this part, divided by the total number of random drug tests results (i.e., positives, negatives, and refusals) under this part.

Refuse to submit (to an alcohol or controlled substances test) means that you as a driver:

- (a)(1) Fail to appear for any test (except a pre-employment test) within a reasonable time, as determined by the employer, consistent with applicable DOT agency regulations, after being directed to do so by the employer. This includes the failure of an employee (including an owner-operator) to appear for a test when called by C/TPA (see §40.61(a));
- (2) Fail to remain at the testing site until the testing process is complete. Provided that an employee who leaves the testing site before the testing process commences (see §40.63(c)) for a pre-employment test is not deemed to have refused to test;
- (3) Fail to provide a urine specimen for any drug test required by this part or DOT agency regulations; Provided that an employee who does not provide a urine specimen because he or she has left the testing site before the testing process commences (see §40.63(c)) for a pre-employment test is not deemed to have refused to test;
- (4) In the case of a directly observed or monitored collection in a drug test, fail to permit the observation or monitoring of your provision of a specimen (see §§40.67(l) and 40.69(g));

(5) Fail to provide a sufficient amount of urine when directed, and it has been determined, through a required medical evaluation, that there was no adequate medical explanation for the failure (see §40.193(d)(2));

(6) Fail or decline to take an additional drug test the employer or collector has directed you to take (see, for instance, Sec.40.197 (b));

(7) Fail to undergo a medical examination or evaluation, as directed by the MRO as part of the verification process, or as directed by the DER under Sec. 40.193(d). In the case of a pre-employment drug test, the employee is deemed to have refused to test on this basis only if the pre-employment test is conducted following a contingent offer of employment. If there was no contingent offer of employment, the MRO will cancel the test; or

(8) Fail to cooperate with any part of the testing process (e.g., refuse to empty pockets when directed by the collector, behave in a confrontational way that disrupts the collection process, fail to wash hands after being directed to do so by the collector).

(9) For an observed collection, fail to follow the observer's instructions to raise your clothing above the waist, lower clothing and underpants, and to turn around to permit the observer to determine if you have any type of prosthetic or other device that could be used to interfere with the collection process.

(10) Possess or wear a prosthetic or other device that could be used to interfere with the collection process.

(11) Admit to the collector or MRO that you adulterated or substituted the specimen.

(12) For a breath alcohol test, refusing to sign the certification at Step 2 of the ATF 40.261 (a) (3).

(b) As an employee, if the MRO reports that you have a verified adulterated or substituted test result, you have refused to take a drug test.

(c) As an employee, if you refuse to take a drug test, you incur the consequences specified under DOT agency regulations for a violation of those DOT agency regulations. 40.191

Safety-sensitive function means all time from the time a driver begins to work or is required to be in readiness to work until the time he/she is relieved from work and all responsibility for performing work. Safety-sensitive functions shall include:

- (1) All time at an employer facility, or other property, or on any public property, waiting to be dispatched, unless the driver has been relieved from duty by the employer;
- (2) All time inspecting servicing, or conditioning any commercial motor vehicle at any time;
- (3) All time spent at the driving controls of a commercial motor vehicle in operation;
- (4) All time loading or unloading a vehicle, supervising, or assisting in the loading or unloading, attending a vehicle being loaded or unloaded, using a vehicle for road clearing, snow removal, trash and recycling removal, remaining in readiness to operate the vehicle, and
- (5) All time repairing, obtaining assistance, or remaining in attendance upon a disabled vehicle.

Screening test (or initial test) means:

- (1) In drug testing, a test to eliminate “negative” urine specimens from further analysis or to identify a specimen that requires additional testing for the presence of drugs.
- (2) In alcohol testing, an analytical procedure to determine whether an employee may have a prohibited concentration of alcohol in a breath or saliva specimen.

Service agent means any person or entity, other than an employee of the employer, who provides services to employers and/or employees in connection with DOT drug and alcohol testing requirements. This includes, but is not limited to, collectors, BATs and STTs, laboratories, MROs, substance abuse professionals, and C/TPAs. To act as service agents, persons and organizations must meet DOT qualifications, if applicable. Service agents are not employers for purposes of this part.

Stand-down means the practice of temporarily removing an employee from the performance of safety-sensitive functions based only on a report from a laboratory to the MRO of a confirmed positive test for a drug or drug metabolite, an adulterated test, or a substituted test, before the MRO has completed verification of the test results.

Violation rate for random alcohol testing means the number of 0.04 and above random alcohol confirmation test results conducted under this part plus the number of refusals of random alcohol tests required by this part, divided by the total number of random alcohol screening tests (including refusals) conducted under this part.

PREEMPTION OF STATE AND LOCAL LAWS 382.109

- (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, the Federal regulation requiring this alcohol and controlled substances testing preempts any State or local law, rule, regulation, order to the extent that:
 - (1) Compliance with both the State or local requirement and the Federal regulation is not possible; or
 - (2) Compliance with the State or local requirement is an obstacle to the accomplishment and execution of any requirement of this Federal regulation.
- (b) This policy, and the Federal regulation requiring it, shall not be construed to preempt provisions of State criminal law that impose sanctions for reckless conduct leading to actual loss of life, injury, or damage to property, whether the provisions apply specifically to transportation employees, the Borough of Allendale or the general public.,

OTHER REQUIREMENTS IMPOSED BY THE BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE 382.111

Except as expressly provided in this policy, nothing in the Federal regulation 382 and 49 CFR part 40 shall be construed to affect the authority of the Borough of Allendale or the rights of drivers, with respect to the use of alcohol, or the use of controlled substances, including authority and rights with respect to testing and rehabilitation. *Accordingly, the Borough may adopt, under its own authority, a Non-DOT drug and alcohol testing program.*

REQUIREMENT FOR NOTICE 382.113

Before performing an alcohol or controlled substances test under the Federal regulation, Borough of Allendale shall notify a driver that the alcohol or controlled substances test is required by Federal regulation. Borough of Allendale shall not falsely represent that a test is administered under Federal regulation.

STARTING DATE FOR TESTING PROGRAMS 382.115

- (a) All domestic-domiciled employers must implement the requirements of this policy the date the employer begins commercial motor vehicle operations.
- (b) All foreign-domiciled employers must implement the requirements of this policy on the date the employer begins commercial motor vehicle operations in the United States.

PUBLIC INTEREST EXCLUSION 382.117

Borough of Allendale shall not use the services of a service agent who is subject to a public interest exclusion (PIE) in accordance with 49 CFR part 40, Subpart R. *This is a service agent who has been found by the DOT to be disqualified from providing services to DOT regulated employers.*

EMPLOYEE ADMISSION OF ALCOHOL AND CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE USE 382.121

- (a) Employees who admit to alcohol misuse or controlled substances use are not subject to the referral, evaluation and treatment requirements of this policy and 49 CFR part 40, provided that:
 - (1) The admission is in accordance with Borough of Allendale's written voluntary self-identification program or policy that meets the requirements of paragraph (b) of this section;

- (2) The driver does not self-identify in order to avoid testing under the requirements of this part;
- (3) The driver makes the admission of alcohol misuse or controlled substances use prior to performing a safety sensitive function (i.e., prior to reporting for duty); and
- (4) The driver does not perform a safety sensitive function until Borough of Allendale is satisfied that the employee has been evaluated and has successfully completed education or treatment requirements in accordance with the self-identification program guidelines.

(b) A qualified voluntary self-identification program or policy must contain the following elements:

- (1) It prohibits Borough of Allendale from taking adverse action against an employee making a voluntary admission of alcohol misuse or controlled substances use within the parameters of the program or policy and paragraph (a) of this section;
- (2) It must allow the employee sufficient opportunity to seek evaluation, education or treatment to establish control over the employee's drug or alcohol problem;
- (3) It must permit the employee to return to safety sensitive duties only upon successful completion of an educational or treatment program, as determined by a drug and alcohol abuse evaluation expert, i.e., employee assistance professional, substance abuse professional, or qualified drug and alcohol counselor;
- (4) It must ensure that:
 - (i) Prior to the employee participating in a safety sensitive function, the employee shall undergo a return to duty test with a result indicating an alcohol concentration of less than 0.02; and/or
 - (ii) Prior to the employee participating in a safety sensitive function, the employee shall undergo a return to duty controlled substance test with a verified negative test result for controlled substances use; and
- (5) It may incorporate employee monitoring and include non-DOT follow-up testing.

DRIVER IDENTIFICATION 382.123

- (a) For each alcohol test performed, the Borough shall provide the driver's commercial driver's license number and State of issuance in Step 1, Section B of the Alcohol Testing Form (ATF).
- (b) For each controlled substance test performed under this part, the Borough shall provide the following information, which must be recorded as follows:
 - (i) The driver's commercial driver's license number and State of issuance in Step 1, section C of the Federal Drug Testing Custody and Control Form (CCF).
 - (ii) The employer's name and other identifying information required in Step 1, section A of the ATF.

EMPLOYEE ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

Borough of Allendale's employee assistance program (EAP) is a confidential program designed to assist in the identification and resolution of problems associated with employees impaired by alcohol or drugs, or other personal concerns that may adversely affect employee job performance.

SECTION B - PROHIBITIONS

ALCOHOL CONCENTRATION 382.201

No driver shall report for duty or remain on duty requiring the performance of safety-sensitive functions while having an alcohol concentration of 0.04 or greater. If Borough of Allendale has actual knowledge that a driver has an alcohol concentration of 0.04 or greater, the driver will not be permitted to perform or continue to perform safety-sensitive functions.

ON-DUTY USE 382.205

No driver shall use alcohol while performing safety-sensitive functions. If Borough of Allendale has actual knowledge that a driver is using alcohol while performing safety-sensitive functions, that driver shall not be permitted to perform or continue to perform safety-sensitive functions.

PRE-DUTY USE 382.207

No driver shall perform safety-sensitive functions within four (4) hours after using alcohol. If Borough of Allendale has actual knowledge of a driver who has used alcohol within four (4) hours, that driver will not be permitted to perform or continue to perform safety-sensitive functions.

USE FOLLOWING AN ACCIDENT 382.209

No driver required to take a post-accident alcohol test under 382.303 shall use alcohol for eight (8) hours following the accident or until he/she undergoes a post-accident alcohol test, whichever occurs first.

REFUSAL TO SUBMIT TO A REQUIRED ALCOHOL OR CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES TEST 382.211

No driver shall refuse to submit to a post-accident alcohol or controlled substances test required under 382.303, a random alcohol or controlled substances test required under 382.305, a reasonable suspicion alcohol or controlled substances test required under 382.307, or a follow-up alcohol or controlled substances test required under 382.311. Borough of Allendale shall not permit a driver who refuses to submit to such tests to perform or continue to perform safety-sensitive functions.

DISCLOSURE OF OFF-DUTY DUI AND DRUG OFFENSE ARREST AN/OR CONVICTION 382.111

Safety Rule requiring mandatory reporting by Drivers of off – duty DUI and Drug Offense Arrest and/or Conviction. In accordance with the authority granted to the Borough by the DOT in 49 CFR 382.111 to imposed other requirements to prevent alcohol misuse by Drivers, it is mandatory that Drivers disclose to their supervisor by the end of the business day arrest and/or convictions for all alcohol and/or drug related offenses committed while operating any motor vehicle. This will allow the Borough to immediately remove from safety sensitive functions, Drivers who have engaged in off – duty unsafe behavior related to alcohol or drug misuse (which is directly related to their safety sensitive functions performed for the Borough) to make determinations as follows: 1) if the Driver is fit for duty; 2) if the Driver is still qualified under DOT regulations to operate a CMV for the Borough; 3) if the Driver is still insurable at standard rates under the Borough fleet policy; and 4) if the Driver can still meet the essential job functions for the position of Driver. It is an Essential Job Function of every DOT regulated Driver that they be qualified and licensed to operate a CMV without the use of a judicially ordered interlocking device, or similar device as part of a diversion or conviction for an alcohol related offence.

PRE-DUTY DISCLOSURE OF ANY IMPAIRING EFFECT MEDICATION OR SUBSTANCES 382.213

- (a) No driver shall report for duty or remain on duty requiring the performance of safety-sensitive functions when the driver uses any controlled substance, except when the use is pursuant to the instructions of a licensed medical practitioner, as defined in 382.107, who has advised the driver that the substance will not adversely affect the driver's ability to safely operate a commercial motor vehicle.
- (b) The Borough of Allendale, having actual knowledge that a driver has used a controlled substance, shall not permit the driver to perform or continue to perform a safety-sensitive function.
- (c) The Borough of Allendale may require a driver to inform the Borough of any therapeutic drug use.

All drivers of the Borough of Allendale are required, as a safety rule and under DOT regulations, to pre-duty disclosure that they are taking ANY impairing affect therapeutic drug, prescription medication (including medical marijuana), over-the-counter medication, mind altering synthetic or designer drugs or substances which may have an effect on their ability to safely operate a commercial motor vehicle or the performance of safety-sensitive duties. It is an essential function of every driver's position at the Borough to be able to work in a constant state of alertness and in a safe manner. If the fact that the driver is taking an impairing effect drug, medication or substance is not disclosed pre-duty by a driver, and the driver tests positive or is determined by the MRO to be a potential safety risk due to a drug, medication or substance, that driver will be subject to discipline, up to and including termination for violation of this safety rule. If disclosure is made, the Borough of Allendale, in accordance with its authority under 49 CFR Part 391.11(a), reserves the right to send the driver for a Fitness-for-Duty evaluation to evaluate the medication and its possible adverse effects on the driver's ability to safely operate a commercial motor vehicle or the performance of other safety-sensitive duties. In determining whether the employee has a legally valid prescription so as to constitute a legitimate medical explanation, consistent with the Controlled Substances Act (CSA), the MRO will use the CSA standard when conducting his medical review (49 CFR Part 40.137).

In advance of the operation of a commercial motor vehicle, or the performance of other safety-sensitive duties, or testing, drivers are strongly encouraged (and mandated by DOT Regulations) to have their own doctor make an individualized assessment of any safety related risks of the drug, medication or substance which they are taking, providing the doctor a copy of their job description or specific duties, and having the doctor render an opinion on the safety related risks. The driver need not disclose to their supervisor the drug, medication or substance, or the medical condition involved, to fulfill this pre-duty disclosure obligation of this safety policy, but may do so confidentially to the DER. All information provided will be kept separate from personnel files and in a confidential manner by the DER. The MRO will make the final determination on the driver's ability to safely operate a commercial motor vehicle or the safety related risks of any particular drug, medication or substance, although the Borough of Allendale shall make the final determination on whether the driver is qualified to drive/operate a commercial motor vehicle.

CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES TESTING 382.215

No driver shall report for duty, remain on duty or perform a safety-sensitive function, if the driver tests positive or has adulterated or substituted a test specimen for controlled substances. The Borough of Allendale having actual knowledge that a driver has tested positive or has adulterated or substituted a test specimen for controlled substances, shall not permit the driver to perform or continue to perform safety-sensitive functions. In accordance with 49 CFR Part 40.171, when the MRO has notified the driver that he or she has a verified positive drug test and/or refusal to test because of adulteration or substitution, the driver has 72 hours from the time of notification to request a test of the split specimen.

EMPLOYER RESPONSIBILITIES 382.217

No employer may allow, require, permit or authorize a driver to operate a commercial motor vehicle during any period in which an employer determines that a driver is not in compliance with the return-to-duty requirements in 49 CFR part 40, subpart O, after the occurrence of any of the following events:

- (a) The driver receives a positive, adulterated, or substituted drug test result conducted under part 40;
- (b) The driver receives an alcohol confirmation test result of 0.04 or higher alcohol concentration conducted under part 40;
- (c) The driver refused to submit to a test for drugs or alcohol required under § 382; or
- (d) The driver used alcohol prior to a post-accident alcohol test in violation of § 382.209.

CONSEQUENCES OF CONDUCT PROHIBITED BY SECTION B Any driver who engages in conduct prohibited by Section B of this policy will be subject to disciplinary action up to and including termination.

SECTION C - TESTS REQUIRED

TESTS REQUIRED

Required testing includes pre-employment (controlled substances required, alcohol at option of Borough of Allendale), post-accident, random, and reasonable suspicion. Return-to-duty and follow-up-testing is also required if the ***Entity Name*** allows a "positive" test employee to return to a safety-sensitive function after the required evaluation by a Substance Abuse Professional and the required rehabilitation.

THE BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE RESERVES RIGHT TO CONDUCT NON-DOT DRUG AND ALCOHOL TESTING

In addition to drug and alcohol testing conducted by the Borough of Allendale pursuant to 49 CFR Part 40 and 49 CFR Part 382, The Borough reserves the independent authority to screen and/or test employees under Borough's Policy including, but not limited to, laboratory testing and point of collection test (POCT) devices utilizing alternative body specimens including hair, urine and oral fluid (saliva), for the detection of illegal drugs, prescription and over-the-counter medications or substances which have an impairing affect and/or alcohol, taken by those who are considered safety-sensitive employees, as may be permitted and/or restricted by applicable state or local laws or regulations and applicable collective bargaining agreements. The term "illegal use of drugs" includes any mind altering synthetic or designer drugs as well as any controlled or scheduled substance not used in accordance with a health care provider's lawful prescription for the user. These collections will be performed in addition to, and not as a substitute for, DOT regulated tests and these urine specimens will not be poured from or taken from the same specimen collected for a DOT urine test or alcohol test [40.13] and will not be conducted using DOT forms [40.47, 40.227]. This may also include a "zero tolerance" policy for the use of drugs or alcohol.

PRE-EMPLOYMENT 382.301

(a) Prior to the first time a driver performs safety-sensitive functions for the Borough of Allendale, the driver shall undergo testing for controlled substances as a condition prior to being used, unless the Borough of Allendale uses the exception in paragraph (b) of this section. The Borough of Allendale shall not allow a driver, who the Borough of Allendale intends to hire or use, to perform safety-sensitive functions unless the Borough of Allendale has received a controlled substances test result from the MRO or C/TPA indicating a verified negative test result for that driver. *The Borough of Allendale shall require a re-collection of a urine specimen on any pre-employment, return-to-duty and follow-up drug test if the result is negative-dilute. The MRO has authority to direct the re-collection be observed. If the second test result is also negative-dilute, the Borough of Allendale shall accept the result as a negative test.*

(b) The Borough of Allendale is not required to administer a controlled substances test required by paragraph (a) of this section if:

- (1) The driver has participated in a controlled substances testing program that meets the requirements of this policy within the previous 30 days; and
- (2) While participating in that program, either--
 - (i) Was tested for controlled substances within the past 6 months (from the date of application with the Borough of Allendale), or
 - (ii) Participated in the random controlled substances testing program for the previous 12 months (from the date of application with the Borough of Allendale); and

(3) The Borough of Allendale ensures that no prior employer of the driver of whom the Borough of Allendale has knowledge has records of a violation of this policy or the controlled substances use rule of another DOT agency within the previous six months.

(c) (1) If the Borough of Allendale exercises the exception in paragraph (b) of this section, the Borough of Allendale shall contact the controlled substances testing program(s) in which the driver participates or participated and shall obtain and retain from the testing program(s) the following information:

(i) Name(s) and address(es) of the program(s).

(ii) Verification that the driver participates or participated in the program(s).

(iii) Verification that the program(s) conforms to part 40 of Federal regulations.

(iv) Verification that the driver is qualified under the rules of this policy, including that the driver has not refused to be tested for controlled substances.

(v) The date the driver was last tested for controlled substances.

(vi) The results of any tests taken within the previous six months and any other violations of Section B of this policy.

(2) If the Borough of Allendale who uses, but does not employ a driver more than once a year to operate commercial motor vehicles must obtain the information in paragraph (c)(1) of this section at least once every six months. The records prepared under this paragraph shall be maintained in accordance with 382.401. If the Borough of Allendale cannot verify that the driver is participating in a controlled substances testing program in accordance with this policy and part 40 of Federal regulations, the Borough of Allendale shall conduct a pre-employment controlled substances test.

(d) The Borough of Allendale may, but is not required to, conduct pre-employment alcohol testing under this policy. If the Borough of Allendale chooses to conduct pre-employment alcohol testing, it must comply with the following requirements:

(1) It must conduct a pre-employment alcohol test before the first performance of safety-sensitive functions by every covered employee (whether a new employee or someone who has transferred to a position involving the performance of safety-sensitive functions).

(2) It must treat all safety-sensitive employees performing safety-sensitive functions the same for the purpose of pre-employment alcohol testing (i.e., it must not test some covered employees and not others).

(3) It must conduct the pre-employment tests after making a contingent offer of employment or transfer, subject to the employee passing the pre-employment alcohol test.

(4) It must conduct all pre-employment alcohol tests using the alcohol testing procedures of 49 CFR part 40 of Federal regulation.

(5) It must not allow a covered employee to begin performing safety-sensitive functions unless the result of the employee's test indicates an alcohol concentration of less than 0.04.

POST-ACCIDENT 382.303

(a) As soon as practicable following an occurrence involving a commercial motor vehicle operating on a public road in commerce, the Borough of Allendale shall test for alcohol for each of its surviving drivers:

- (1) Who was performing safety-sensitive functions with respect to the vehicle, if the accident involved the loss of human life; or
- (2) Who receives a citation within 8 hours of the occurrence under State or local law for a moving traffic violation arising from the accident, if the accident involved:
 - (i) Bodily injury to any person who, as a result of the injury, immediately receives medical treatment away from the scene of the accident; or
 - (ii) One or more motor vehicles incurring disabling damage as a result of the accident, requiring the motor vehicle to be transported away from the scene by a tow truck or other motor vehicle.

(b) As soon as practicable following an occurrence involving a commercial motor vehicle operating on a public road in commerce, the Borough of Allendale shall test for controlled substances for each of its surviving drivers:

- (1) Who was performing safety-sensitive functions with respect to the vehicle, if the accident involved the loss of human life; or
- (2) Who receives a citation within thirty-two hours of the occurrence under State or local law for a moving traffic violation arising from the accident, if the accident involved:
 - (i) Bodily injury to any person who, as a result of the injury, immediately receives medical treatment away from the scene of the accident; or
 - (ii) One or more motor vehicles incurring disabling damage as a result of the accident, requiring the motor vehicle to be transported away from the scene by a tow truck or other motor vehicle.

(c) The following table notes when a post-accident test is required to be conducted by paragraphs (a)(1), (a)(2), (b)(1), and (b)(2) of this section:

<u>Type of accident involved</u>	<u>Citation issued to the CMV driver</u>	<u>Test must be performed by the Borough of Allendale</u>
Human fatality	YES	YES
	NO	YES
Bodily injury with immediate medical treatment away from the scene	YES	YES
	NO	NO
Disabling damage to any motor vehicle requiring tow away	YES	YES
	NO	NO

- (d) (1) Alcohol tests. If a test required by this section is not administered within two hours following the accident, the Borough of Allendale shall prepare and maintain on file a record stating the reasons the test was not promptly administered. If a test required by this section is not administered within eight hours following the accident, the Borough of Allendale shall cease attempts to administer an alcohol test and shall prepare and maintain the same record. Records shall be submitted to the FMCSA upon request.
- (2) Controlled substance tests. If a test required by this section is not administered within 32 hours following the accident, the Borough of Allendale shall cease attempts to administer a controlled substances test, and prepare and maintain on file a record stating the reasons the test was not promptly administered. Records shall be submitted to the FMCSA upon request.
- (e) A driver who is subject to post-accident testing shall remain readily available for such testing or may be deemed by the Borough of Allendale to have refused to submit to testing. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require the delay of necessary medical attention for injured people following an accident or to prohibit a driver from leaving the scene of an accident for the period necessary to obtain assistance in responding to the accident, or to obtain necessary emergency medical care.
- (f) The Borough of Allendale shall provide drivers with necessary post-accident information, procedures and instructions, prior to the driver operating a commercial motor vehicle, so that drivers will be able to comply with the requirements of this section.
- (g) (1) The results of a breath or blood test for the use of alcohol, conducted by Federal, State, or local officials having independent authority for the test, shall be considered to meet the requirements of this section, provided such tests conform to the applicable Federal, State or local alcohol testing requirements, and that the results of the tests are obtained by the Borough of Allendale.
- (2) The results of a urine test for the use of controlled substances, conducted by Federal, State, or local officials having independent authority for the test, shall be considered to meet the requirements of this section, provided such tests conform to the applicable Federal, State or local controlled substances testing requirements, and that the results of the tests are obtained by the Borough of Allendale.
- (h) Exception. This section does not apply to:
- (1) An occurrence involving only boarding or alighting from a stationary motor vehicle; or
- (2) An occurrence involving only the loading or unloading of cargo; or
- (3) An occurrence in the course of the operation of a passenger car or a multipurpose passenger vehicle (as defined in 571.3) by the Borough of Allendale unless the motor vehicle is transporting passengers for hire or hazardous materials of a type and quantity that require the motor vehicle to be marked or placarded in accordance with 177.823.

RANDOM 382.305

- (a) The Borough of Allendale shall comply with the requirements of this section. Every driver shall submit to random alcohol and controlled substance testing as required in this section.
- (b) (1) Except as provided in paragraphs (c) through (e) of this section, the minimum annual percentage rate for random alcohol testing shall be 10 percent of the average number of driver positions.
- (2) Except as provided in paragraphs (f) through (h) of this section, the minimum annual percentage rate for random controlled substances testing shall be 25 percent of the average number of driver positions.
- (c) (1) The selection of drivers for random alcohol and controlled substances testing shall be made by a scientifically valid method, such as a random number table or a computer-based random number generator that is matched with drivers' Social Security numbers, payroll identification numbers, or other comparable identifying numbers.
- (2) Each driver selected for random alcohol and controlled substances testing under the selection process used, shall have an equal chance of being tested each time selections are made.
- (3) Each driver selected for testing shall be tested during the selection period.
- (d) (1) To calculate the total number of covered drivers eligible for random testing throughout the year, the Borough of Allendale, must add the total number of covered drivers eligible for testing during each random testing period for the year and divide that total by the number of random testing periods. Covered employees, and only covered employees, are to be in the Borough of Allendale's random testing pool, and all covered drivers must be in the random pool. If the Borough of Allendale conducts random testing more often than once per month (e.g., daily, weekly, bi-weekly) the Borough of Allendale does not need to compute this total number of covered drivers rate more than on a once per month basis.
- (2) The Borough of Allendale may use a service agent (e.g., a C/TPA) to perform random selections and covered drivers may be part of a larger random testing pool of covered employees. However, the Borough of Allendale must ensure that the service agent is testing at the appropriate percentage established for FMCSA and that only covered employees are in the random testing pool
- (e) (1) The Borough of Allendale shall ensure that random alcohol and controlled substances tests conducted under this policy are unannounced.
- (2) The Borough of Allendale shall ensure that the dates for administering random alcohol and controlled substances tests are spread reasonably throughout the calendar year.
- (f) The Borough of Allendale shall require that each driver who is notified of selection for random alcohol and/or controlled substances testing proceeds to the test site immediately; provided, however, that if the driver is performing a safety-sensitive function, other than driving a commercial motor vehicle, at the time of notification, the Borough of Allendale shall instead ensure that the driver ceases to perform the safety-sensitive function and proceeds to the testing site as soon as possible.
- (g) A driver shall only be tested for alcohol while the driver is performing safety-sensitive functions, just before the driver is to perform safety-sensitive functions, or just after the driver has ceased performing such functions.
- (h) If a given driver is subject to random alcohol or controlled substances testing under the random alcohol or controlled substances testing rules of more than one DOT agency for the Borough of Allendale, the driver shall be subject to random alcohol and/or controlled substances testing at the annual percentage rate established for the calendar year by the DOT agency regulating more than 50 percent of the driver's function.

(i) If the Borough of Allendale is required to conduct random alcohol or controlled substances testing under the alcohol or controlled substances testing rules of more than one DOT agency, the Borough of Allendale may--

(1) Establish separate pools for random selection, with each pool containing the DOT-covered employees who are subject to testing at the same required minimum annual percentage rate; or

(2) Randomly select such employees for testing at the highest minimum annual percentage rate established for the calendar year by any DOT agency to which the Borough of Allendale is subject.

REASONABLE SUSPICION 382.307

(a) The Borough of Allendale shall require a driver to submit to an alcohol test when the Borough of Allendale has reasonable suspicion to believe that the driver has violated the prohibitions of Section B of this policy concerning alcohol. The Borough of Allendale's determination that reasonable suspicion exists to require the driver to undergo an alcohol test must be based on specific, contemporaneous, articulable observations concerning the appearance, behavior, speech or body odors of the driver.

(b) The Borough of Allendale shall require a driver to submit to a controlled substances test when there is reasonable suspicion to believe that the driver has violated the prohibitions of Section B of this policy concerning controlled substances. The Borough of Allendale's determination that reasonable suspicion exists to require the driver to undergo a controlled substances test must be based on specific, contemporaneous, articulable observations concerning the appearance, behavior, speech or body odors of the driver. The observations may include indications of the chronic and withdrawal effects of controlled substances.

(c) The required observations for alcohol and/or controlled substances reasonable suspicion testing shall be made by a supervisor or an official of the Borough of Allendale who is trained in accordance with 382.603. The person who makes the determination that reasonable suspicion exists to conduct an alcohol test shall not conduct the alcohol test of the driver. *If the employee insists on driving, the proper local enforcement authority should be notified that an employee, who we believe may be under the influence of a drug or alcohol, is leaving the Borough premises driving a motor vehicle.*

(d) Alcohol testing is authorized by DOT/FMCSA regulations only if the observations required by paragraph (a) of this section are made during, just preceding, or just after the period of the work day that the driver is required to be in compliance with the Federal regulation. A driver may be directed by the Borough of Allendale to only undergo reasonable suspicion alcohol testing while the driver is performing safety-sensitive functions, just before the driver is to perform safety-sensitive functions, or just after the driver has ceased performing such functions.

(e) (1) If an alcohol test required by DOT/FMCSA regulations is not administered within two (2) hours following the determination under paragraph (a) of this section, the Borough of Allendale shall prepare and maintain on file a record stating the reasons the alcohol test was not promptly administered. If an alcohol test required by DOT/FMCSA regulations is not administered within eight (8) hours following the determination under paragraph (a) of this section, the Borough of Allendale shall cease attempts to administer an alcohol test and shall state in the record the reasons for not administering the test.

(2) Notwithstanding the absence of a reasonable suspicion alcohol test under DOT/FMCSA regulations, no driver shall report for duty or remain on duty requiring the performance of safety-sensitive functions while the driver is under the influence of or impaired by alcohol, as shown by the behavioral, speech, and performance indicators of alcohol misuse, nor shall the Borough of Allendale permit the driver to perform or continue to perform safety-sensitive functions, until:

(i) An alcohol test is administered and the driver's alcohol concentration measures less than 0.02; or

(ii) Twenty four (24) hours have elapsed following the determination under paragraph (a) of this section that there is reasonable suspicion to believe that the driver has violated the prohibitions in this policy concerning the use of alcohol.

(3) Except as provided in paragraph (e)(2) of this section, the Borough of Allendale shall take no action under this policy against a driver based solely on the driver's behavior and appearance, with respect to alcohol use, in the absence of an alcohol test. This does not prohibit the Borough of Allendale with independent authority of DOT/FMCSA regulations from taking any action otherwise consistent with law.

(f) A written record shall be made of the observations leading to an alcohol or controlled substances reasonable suspicion test, and signed by the supervisor or an official of the Borough of Allendale who made the observations, with 24 hours of the observed behavior or before the results of the alcohol or controlled substances tests are released, whichever is earlier.

RETURN-TO-DUTY 382.309

The requirements for return-to-duty testing must be performed in accordance with 49 CFR part 40, Subpart O, including that such tests will be collected under direct observation.

FOLLOW-UP 382.311

The requirements for follow-up testing must be performed in accordance with 49 CFR part 40, Subpart O, including that such tests will be collected under direct observation.

SECTION D - HANDLING OF TEST RESULTS, RECORD RETENTION AND CONFIDENTIALITY

RETENTION OF RECORDS 382.401

(a) General requirement. The Borough of Allendale shall maintain records of its alcohol misuse and controlled substances use prevention programs as provided in this section. The records shall be maintained in a secure location with controlled access.

(b) Period of retention. The Borough of Allendale shall maintain the records in accordance with the following schedule:

(1) *Five years.* The following records shall be maintained for a minimum of five years:

- (i) Records of driver alcohol test results indicating an alcohol concentration of 0.02 or greater,
- (ii) Records of driver verified positive controlled substances test results,
- (iii) Documentation of refusals to take required alcohol and/or controlled substances tests,
- (iv) Driver evaluation and referrals,
- (v) Calibration documentation,
- (vi) Records related to the administration of the alcohol and controlled substances testing programs,
- (vii) Records related to the administration of the alcohol and controlled substances testing program, including records of all driver violations, and
- (viii) A copy of each annual calendar year summary required by 382.403.

(2) *Two years.* Records related to the alcohol and controlled substances collection process (except calibration of evidential breath testing devices).

(3) *One year.* Records of negative and canceled controlled substances test results (as defined in part 40 of Federal regulations) and alcohol test results with a concentration of less than 0.02 shall be maintained for a minimum of one year.

(4) *Indefinite period.* Records related to the education and training of breath alcohol technicians, screening test technicians, supervisors, and drivers shall be maintained by the Borough of Allendale while the individual performs the functions which require the training and for two years after ceasing to perform those functions.

(c) Types of records. The following specific records shall be maintained. "Documents generated" are documents that may have to be prepared under a requirement of Federal regulations and this policy. If the record is required to be prepared, it must be maintained.

(1) Records related to the collection process:

- (i) Collection logbooks, if used,
- (ii) Documents relating to the random selection process,
- (iii) Calibration documentation for evidential breath testing devices,

- (iv) Documentation of breath alcohol technician training,
- (v) Documents generated in connection with decisions to administer reasonable suspicion alcohol or controlled substances tests,
- (vi) Documents generated in connection with decisions on post-accident tests,
- (vii) Documents verifying existence of a medical explanation of the inability of a driver to provide adequate breath or to provide a urine specimen for testing and
- (viii) A copy of each annual calendar year summary as required by 382.403.

(2) Records related to a driver's test results:

- (i) The Borough of Allendale's copy of the alcohol test form, including the results of the test,
- (ii) The Borough of Allendale's copy of the controlled substances test chain of custody and control form,
- (iii) Documents sent by the MRO to the Borough of Allendale, including those required by part 40, Subpart G,
- (iv) Documents related to the refusal of any driver to submit to an alcohol or controlled substances test required by this policy and
- (v) Documents presented by a driver to dispute the result of an alcohol or controlled substances test administered under this policy.
- (vi) Documents generated in connection with verifications of prior employers' alcohol or controlled substances test results that the Borough of Allendale:
 - (A) Must obtain in connection with the exception contained in 382.301 of this policy, and
 - (B) Must obtain as required by 382.413.

(3) Records related to other violations of this policy.

(4) Records related to evaluations:

- (i) Records pertaining to a determination by a substance abuse professional concerning a driver's need for assistance and
- (ii) Records concerning a driver's compliance with recommendations of the substance abuse professional.

(5) Records related to education and training:

- (i) Materials on alcohol misuse and controlled substances use awareness, including a copy of the Borough of Allendale's policy on alcohol misuse and controlled substances use,
- (ii) Documentation of compliance with requirements of 382.601, including the driver's signed receipt of education materials,
- (iii) Documentation of training provided to supervisors for the purpose of qualifying the supervisors to make a determination concerning the need for alcohol and/or controlled substances testing based on reasonable suspicion;
- (iv) Documentation of training for breath alcohol technicians as required by 40.213(a), and

(v) Certification that any training conducted under these Federal Regulations complies with requirements for such training.

(6) Administrative records related to alcohol and controlled substances testing:

(i) Agreements with collection site facilities, laboratories, breath alcohol technicians, screening test technicians, medical review officers, and consortia and/or with a C/TPA,

(ii) Names and positions of officials and their role in the Borough of Allendale's alcohol and controlled substances testing program(s),

(iii) Semi-annual laboratory statistical summaries of urinalysis required by 40.111 (a) of Federal regulations and

(iv) The Borough of Allendale's alcohol and controlled substances testing policy and procedures.

(d) Location of records. All records required by this policy shall be maintained as required by 390.31 and shall be made available for inspection at the Borough of Allendale's principal place of business within two business days after a request has been made by an authorized representative of the FMCSA.

REPORTING OF RESULTS IN A MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEM 382.403

(a) The Borough of Allendale shall prepare and maintain a summary of the results of its alcohol and controlled substances testing programs performed under this part during the previous calendar year, when requested by the Secretary of Transportation, any DOT agency, or any State or local officials with regulatory authority over the Borough of Allendale or any of its drivers.

(b) If the Borough of Allendale is notified, during the month of January, of a request by the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration to report the Borough of Allendale's annual calendar year summary information, the Borough of Allendale shall prepare and submit the report to the FMCSA by March 15 of that year. The Borough of Allendale shall ensure that the annual summary report is accurate and received by March 15 at the location that the FMCSA specifies in its request. ***Entity Name*** must use the Management Information System (MIS) form and instructions as required by 49 CFR part 40 (at Sec. 40.26 and appendix H to part 40). The Borough of Allendale may also use the electronic version of the MIS form provided by the DOT. The Administrator may designate means (e.g., electronic program transmitted via the Internet), other than hard-copy, for MIS form submission. For information on the electronic version of the form, see:

<http://www.fmcsa.dot.gov/safetyprogs/drugs/engtesting.htm>.

You must use the form at appendix H to this part. You may also view and download the updated (1.01.2018) instructions at the DOT's website: (<https://www.transportation.gov/odapc>). You must submit the MIS report in accordance with rule requirements (e.g., dates for submission, selection of companies required to submit, and method of reporting) established by the DOT agency regulating your operation.

(c) When the report is submitted to the FMCSA by mail or electronic transmission, the information requested shall be typed, except for the signature of the certifying official. ***Entity Name*** shall ensure the accuracy and timeliness of each report submitted by the Borough of Allendale or a consortium.

(d) If the Borough of Allendale has a covered employee who performs multi-DOT agency functions (e.g., an employee drives a commercial motor vehicle and performs pipeline maintenance duties for the Borough of Allendale), then that employee shall be counted only on the MIS report for the DOT agency under which he or she

is randomly tested. Normally, this will be the DOT agency under which the employee performs more than 50% of his or her duties. The Borough of Allendale may have to explain the testing data for these employees in the event of a DOT agency inspection or audit.

(e) A service agent (e.g., Consortia/Third party administrator as defined in 49 CFR 382.107) may prepare the MIS report on behalf of the Borough of Allendale. However, a Borough of Allendale official (e.g., Designated employer representative) must certify the accuracy and completeness of the MIS report, no matter who prepares it.

ACCESS TO FACILITIES AND RECORDS 382.405

(a) Except as required by law or expressly authorized or required, the Borough of Allendale shall not release driver information that is contained in records required to be maintained under 382.401.

(b) A driver is entitled, upon written request, to obtain copies of any records pertaining to the driver's use of alcohol or controlled substances, including any records pertaining to his/her alcohol or controlled substances tests. The Borough of Allendale will promptly provide the records requested by the driver. Access to a driver's records shall not be contingent upon payment for records other than those specifically requested.

(c) The Borough of Allendale shall permit access to all facilities utilized in complying with the requirements of this policy to the Secretary of Transportation, any DOT agency, or any State or local officials with regulatory authority over the Borough of Allendale or any of its drivers.

(d) The Borough of Allendale and each service agent who maintains records for an employer, must make available copies of all results for DOT alcohol and/or controlled substances testing conducted by the Borough and any other information pertaining to the Borough's alcohol misuse and/or controlled substances use prevention program when requested by the Secretary of Transportation, any DOT agency, or any State or local officials with regulatory authority over the Borough of Allendale or any of its drivers.

(e) When requested by the National Transportation Safety Board as a part of a crash investigation:

(i) The Borough of Allendale must disclose information related to the Borough of Allendale's administration of a post-accident alcohol and/or a controlled substances test administered following the crash under investigation; and

(ii) FMCSA will provide access to information in the Clearinghouse (once established) concerning drivers who are involved with the crash under investigation.

(f) When requested by the National Transportation Safety Board as part of an accident investigation, the Borough of Allendale shall disclose information related to the Borough of Allendale's administration of a post-accident alcohol and/or controlled substances test administered following the accident under investigation.

(g) Records shall be made available to a subsequent employer upon receipt of a written request from a driver. Disclosure by the subsequent employer is permitted only as expressly authorized by the terms of the driver's request.

(h) The Borough of Allendale may disclose information required to be maintained under this policy pertaining to a driver to the decision maker in a lawsuit, grievance, or administrative proceeding initiated by or on behalf of the individual, and arising from a positive DOT drug or alcohol test or a refusal to test (including, but not limited to, adulterated or substituted test results) of this policy (including, but not limited to, a worker's compensation, unemployment compensation, or other proceeding relating to a benefit sought).

(i) The Borough of Allendale shall release information regarding a driver's records as directed by the specific written consent of the driver authorizing release of the information to an identified person. Release of such

information by the person receiving the information is permitted only in accordance with the terms of the employee's specific written consent as outlined in 49 CFR part 40.321(b).

MEDICAL REVIEW OFFICER NOTIFICATIONS TO THE BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE 382.407

The medical review officer shall report the results of controlled substances tests to the Borough of Allendale in accordance with the requirements of 49 CFR part 40, Subpart G.

MEDICAL REVIEW OFFICER RECORD RETENTION FOR CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES 382.409

(a) A medical review officer or third party administrator shall maintain all dated records and notifications, identified by individual, for a minimum of five (5) years for verified positive controlled substances test results.

(b) A medical review officer or third party administrator shall maintain all dated records and notifications, identified by individual, for a minimum of one (1) year for negative and canceled controlled substances test results.

(c) No person may obtain the individual controlled substances test results retained by a medical review officer (MRO as defined in § 40.3) or a consortium/third party administrator (C/TPA as defined in 382.107), and no MRO or C/TPA may release the individual controlled substances test results of any driver to any person, without first obtaining a specific, written authorization from the tested driver. Nothing in this paragraph (c) shall prohibit a MRO or a C/TPA from releasing to the employer, the Clearinghouse (once established), or to the Secretary of Transportation, any DOT agency, or any State or local officials with regulatory authority over the controlled substances and alcohol testing program under this part, the information delineated in part 40, subpart G.

EMPLOYER NOTIFICATIONS 382.411

(a) The Borough of Allendale shall notify a driver of the results of a pre-employment controlled substances test conducted under this policy, if the driver applicant requests such results within 60 calendar days of being notified of the disposition of the employment application. The Borough of Allendale shall notify a driver of the results of random, reasonable suspicion and post-accident tests for controlled substances conducted under this policy if the test results are verified positive. The Borough of Allendale shall also inform the driver which controlled substance or substances were verified as positive.

(b) The designated employer representative (DER) shall make reasonable efforts to contact and request each driver who submitted a specimen under this policy, regardless of the driver's employment status, to contact and discuss the results of the controlled substances test with a medical review officer who has been unable to contact the driver.

(c) The designated employer representative (DER) shall immediately notify the medical review officer that the driver has been notified to contact the medical review officer within 24 hours.

INQUIRIES FOR ALCOHOL AND CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES INFORMATION FROM PREVIOUS EMPLOYERS 382.413

(a) The Borough of Allendale must request alcohol and controlled substances information from previous employers in accordance with the requirements of § 40.25, except that the Borough must request information from all DOT-regulated employers that employed the driver within the previous 3 years and the scope of the information requested must date back 3 years.

(b) As of January 6, 2023, employers must use the Drug and Alcohol Clearinghouse in accordance with § 382.701(a) to comply with the requirements of § 40.25 of this title with respect to FMCSA-regulated employers. **Exception:** When an employee who is subject to follow-up testing has not successfully completed all follow-up tests, employers must request the previous employer's follow-up testing plan directly from the previous employer in accordance with § 40.25(b)(5).

(c) If an applicant was subject to an alcohol and controlled substance testing program under the requirements of a DOT Agency other than FMCSA, the Borough must request the alcohol and controlled substances information required under this section and § 40.25 directly from those employers regulated by a DOT Agency other than FMCSA.

NOTIFICATION TO EMPLOYERS OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES OR ALCOHOL TESTING PROGRAM VIOLATION 382.415

Each person holding a commercial driver's license and subject to the DOT controlled substances and alcohol testing requirements under § 382 who has violated the alcohol and controlled substances prohibitions under part 40 or under § 382 without complying with the requirements of part 40, subpart O, must notify in writing all current employers of such violation(s). The driver is not required to provide notification to the employer that administered the test or documented the circumstances that gave rise to the violation. The notification must be made before the end of the business day following the day the employee received notice of the violation, or prior to performing any safety-sensitive function, whichever comes first.

SECTION E - CONSEQUENCES FOR DRIVERS ENGAGING IN SUBSTANCE USE-RELATED CONDUCT

REMOVAL FROM SAFETY-SENSITIVE FUNCTION 382.501

- (a) Except as provided in Section F of this policy, no driver shall perform safety-sensitive functions, including driving a commercial motor vehicle, if the driver has engaged in conduct prohibited by Section B of this policy or an alcohol or controlled substances rule of another DOT agency.
- (b) The Borough of Allendale shall not permit any driver to perform safety-sensitive functions, including driving a commercial motor vehicle, if the Borough of Allendale has determined that the driver has violated this policy.
- (c) For the purposes of DOT/FMCSA regulations, commercial motor vehicle means a commercial motor vehicle in commerce as defined in 382.107 and a commercial motor vehicle in interstate commerce as defined in part 390.

REQUIRED EVALUATION AND TESTING 382.503

No driver who has engaged in conduct prohibited by Section B of this policy shall perform safety-sensitive functions, including driving a commercial motor vehicle, unless the driver has met the requirements of 49 CFR part 40, Subpart O. The Borough of Allendale shall not permit a driver who has engaged in conduct prohibited by Section B of this policy to perform safety-sensitive functions, including driving a commercial motor vehicle, unless the driver has met the requirements of 49 CFR part 40, Subpart O.

OTHER ALCOHOL-RELATED CONDUCT 382.505

- (a) No driver tested under the provisions of Section C of this policy who is found to have an alcohol concentration of 0.02 or greater but less than 0.04 shall perform or continue to perform safety-sensitive functions for the Borough of Allendale, including driving a commercial motor vehicle, nor shall the Borough of Allendale permit the driver to perform or continue to perform safety-sensitive functions, until the start of the driver's next regularly scheduled duty period, but not less than 24 hours following administration of the test.
- (b) Except as provided in paragraph (a) of this section, the Borough of Allendale shall not take any action under this policy against a driver based solely on test results showing an alcohol concentration less than 0.04. This does not prohibit the Borough of Allendale with authority independent of this policy from taking any action otherwise consistent with law.

The use or possession of alcoholic beverages while on the Borough of Allendale's property, or in any of the Borough of Allendale's vehicles, or on the Borough of Allendale's time, including breaks or lunch, paid or unpaid, on any shift, is strictly prohibited.

Employees who are not at work, but who could be called out are expected to be fit for duty upon reporting for work. If an employee is under the influence of alcohol, the employee must notify the Borough of Allendale's personnel when contacted. Failure to advise the Borough of Allendale of alcohol consumption may result in disciplinary action. If a covered employee is perceived to be under the influence of alcohol when reporting to work after being called in, the employee's supervisor must be notified.

The supervisor must objectively observe the employee's behavior and if possible, substantiate the behavior with a second supervisor. Supervisors must have received training in alcohol and/or substance abuse detection. The supervisor must follow procedures outlined in the policy. If a determination to test for reasonable suspicion is made, the employee is immediately removed from safety-sensitive duties and the DER is contacted.

PENALTIES 382.507

The Borough of Allendale and/or driver who violates the FMCSA requirements of § 382 and/or 49 CFR part 40 shall be subject to the civil and/or criminal penalty provisions of 49 U.S.C. Section 521(b).

SECTION F – ALCOHOL MISUSE AND CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES USE INFORMATION, TRAINING, AND REFERRAL

THE BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE’S OBLIGATION TO PROMULGATE A POLICY ON THE MISUSE OF ALCOHOL AND USE OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES. 382.601

(a) *General requirements.* The Borough of Allendale shall provide educational materials that explain the requirements of this policy and the Borough of Allendale’s policies and procedures with respect to meeting the FMCSA alcohol and drug testing requirements.

(1) The Borough of Allendale shall ensure that a copy of these materials is distributed to each driver prior to the start of alcohol and controlled substances testing under this policy and to each driver subsequently hired or transferred into a position requiring driving a commercial motor vehicle.

(2) The Borough of Allendale shall provide written notice to representatives of employee organizations of the availability of this information.

(b) *Required content.* The materials to be made available to drivers shall include detailed discussion of at least the following:

(1) The identity of the person designated by the Borough of Allendale to answer driver questions about the materials; (*COVERED EMPLOYEE CERTIFICATE OF RECEIPT*)

(2) The categories of drivers who are subject to the provisions of this policy; (*APPLICABILITY*)

(3) Sufficient information about the safety-sensitive functions performed by those drivers to make clear what period of the work day the driver is required to be in compliance with the policy; (*PERIOD OF THE WORK DAY A DRIVER IS REQUIRED TO BE IN COMPLIANCE*)

(4) Specific information concerning driver conduct that is prohibited by this policy; (*SECTION B - PROHIBITIONS*)

(5) The circumstances under which a driver will be tested for alcohol and/or controlled substances under this policy including post-accident testing under 382.303(d); (*SECTION C - TESTS REQUIRED*)

(6) The procedures that will be used to test for the presence of alcohol and controlled substances, protect the driver and the integrity of the testing process, safeguard the validity of the test results, and ensure that those results are attributed to the correct driver, including post-accident information, procedures and instructions required by 382.303(d); (*49 CFR part 40*)

(7) The requirement that a driver submit to alcohol and controlled substances tests administered in accordance with this policy; (*REFUSAL TO SUBMIT TO A REQUIRED ALCOHOL OR CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES TEST*)

(8) An explanation of what constitutes a refusal to submit to an alcohol or controlled substances test and the attendant consequences; (*DEFINITIONS*)

(9) The consequences for drivers found to have violated Section B of this policy, including the requirement that the driver be removed immediately from safety-sensitive functions, and the procedures under 49 CFR part 40, Subpart O; (*CERTIFICATE OF RECEIPT, CONSEQUENCES OF PROHIBITED CONDUCT; and CONSEQUENCES OF CONDUCT PROHIBITED BY SECTION B, and SECTION E*)

(10) The consequences for drivers found to have an alcohol concentration of 0.02 or greater but less than 0.04;
(*OTHER ALCOHOL-RELATED CONDUCT 382.505*)

(11) Information concerning the effects of alcohol and controlled substances use on an individual's health, work, and personal life; signs and symptoms of an alcohol or a controlled substances problem (the driver's or a coworker's); and available methods of intervening when an alcohol or a controlled substances problem is suspected, including confrontation, referral to any employee assistance program and/or referral to management;

(c) The requirement that the following personal information collected and maintained under this part shall be reported to the Clearinghouse (once established):

(1) A verified positive, adulterated, or substituted drug test result;

(2) An alcohol confirmation test with a concentration of 0.04 or higher;

(3) A refusal to submit to any test required by subpart C;

(4) An employer's report of actual knowledge, as defined at § 382.107;

(5) On-duty alcohol use pursuant to § 382.205;

(6) Pre-duty alcohol use pursuant to § 382.207;

(7) Alcohol use following an accident pursuant to § 382.209; and

(8) Controlled substance use pursuant to § 382.213;

(9) A substance abuse professional (SAP as defined in § 40.3 of this title) report of the successful completion of the return-to-duty process;

(10) A negative return-to-duty test; and

(11) An employer's report of completion of follow-up testing.

(d) *Optional provision.* The materials supplied to drivers may also include information on the Borough of Allendale's additional policies with respect to the use or possession of alcohol or controlled substances, including any consequences for a driver found to have a specified alcohol or controlled substances level, that are based on the Borough of Allendale's authority independent of Federal regulation. Any such additional policies or consequences must be clearly and obviously described as being based on independent authority.

(e) *Certificate of receipt.* The Borough of Allendale shall ensure that each driver is required to sign a statement certifying that he/she has received a copy of these materials described in this section. The Borough of Allendale shall maintain the original of the signed certificate and may provide a copy of the certificate to the driver.

TRAINING FOR SUPERVISORS 382.603

The Borough of Allendale shall ensure that all persons designated to supervise drivers receive at least 60 minutes of training on alcohol misuse and receive at least an additional 60 minutes of training on controlled substances use. The training will be used by the supervisors to determine whether reasonable suspicion exists to require a driver to undergo testing under § 382.307. The training shall include the physical, behavioral, speech, and performance indicators of probable alcohol misuse and use of controlled substances. Recurrent training for supervisory personnel is not required.

REFERRAL, EVALUATION, AND TREATMENT 382.605

The requirements for referral, evaluation, and treatment must be performed in accordance with 49 CFR part 40, Subpart O.

SECTION G – REQUIREMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF THE COMMERCIAL DRIVER’S LICENSE DRUG AND ALCOHOL CLEARINGHOUSE

The purpose of the Borough of Allendale Policy update in advance of the Compliance Date of January 6, 2020 as mandated by § 382.601: 1) is part of the Borough’s efforts to meet its *Employer Obligation to Promulgate a Policy on the Misuse of Alcohol and Use of Controlled Substance*; 2) to publish educational materials to drivers about the Clearinghouse and other regulatory changes contained in the Final Rule issued December 5, 2016; and 3) to notify drivers that drug and alcohol test information will be reported to the Clearinghouse beginning January 6, 2020 so as to encourage drivers to seek substance abuse treatment if they currently have a problem with the misuse of alcohol and/or use of controlled substance(s).

DRUG AND ALCOHOL CLEARINGHOUSE 382.701

(a) Pre-employment query required.

(1) Employers must not employ a driver subject to controlled substances and alcohol testing to perform a safety-sensitive function without first conducting a pre-employment query of the Clearinghouse to obtain information about whether the driver has a verified positive, adulterated, or substituted controlled substances test result; has an alcohol confirmation test with a concentration of 0.04 or higher; has refused to submit to a test in violation of § 382.211; or that an employer has reported actual knowledge, as defined at § 382.107, that the driver used alcohol on duty in violation of § 382.205, used alcohol before duty in violation of § 382.207, used alcohol following an accident in violation of § 382.209, or used a controlled substance, in violation of § 382.213.

(2) The Borough of Allendale must conduct a full query under this section, which releases information in the Clearinghouse to an employer and requires that the individual driver give specific consent.

(b) Annual query required.

(1) The Borough of Allendale must conduct a query of the Clearinghouse at least once per year for information for all employees subject to controlled substance and alcohol testing under 382, to determine whether information exists in the Clearinghouse about those employees.

(2) In lieu of a full query, as described in paragraph (a)(2) of 382.701, the Borough of Allendale may obtain the individual driver’s consent to conduct a limited query to satisfy the annual query requirement in paragraph (b)(1) of this section. The limited query will tell the Borough of Allendale whether there is information about the individual driver in the Clearinghouse, but will not release that information to the Borough of Allendale. The individual driver may give consent to conduct limited queries that is effective for more than one year.

(3) If the limited query shows that information exists in the Clearinghouse about the individual driver, the employer must conduct a full query, in accordance with paragraph (a)(2) of 382.701, within 24 hours of conducting the limited query. If the employer fails to conduct a full query within 24 hours, the employer must not allow the driver to continue to perform any safety-sensitive function until the employer conducts the full query and the results confirm that the driver’s Clearinghouse record contains no prohibitions as defined in paragraph (d) of 382.701.

(c) *Employer notification.* If any information described in paragraph (a) of 382.701 is entered into the Clearinghouse about a driver during the 30-day period immediately following an employer conducting a query of that driver's records, FMCSA will notify the employer.

(d) *Prohibition.* No employer may allow a driver to perform any safety-sensitive function if the results of a Clearinghouse query demonstrate that the driver has a verified positive, adulterated, or substituted controlled substances test result; has an alcohol confirmation test with a concentration of 0.04 or higher; has refused to submit to a test in violation of § 382.211; or that an employer has reported actual knowledge, as defined at

§ 382.107, that the driver used alcohol on duty in violation of § 382.205, used alcohol before duty in violation of § 382.207, used alcohol following an accident in violation of § 382.209, or used a controlled substance in violation of § 382.213, except where a query of the Clearinghouse demonstrates:

(1) That the driver has successfully completed the SAP evaluation, referral, and education/treatment process set forth in part 40, subpart O, of this title; achieves a negative return-to-duty test result; and completes the follow-up testing plan prescribed by the SAP.

(2) That, if the driver has not completed all follow-up tests as prescribed by the SAP in accordance with § 40.307 and specified in the SAP report required by § 40.311, the driver has completed the SAP evaluation, referral, and education/treatment process set forth in part 40, subpart O, and achieves a negative return-to-duty test result, and the employer assumes the responsibility for managing the follow-up testing process associated with the testing violation.

(e) *Recordkeeping required.* Employers must retain for 3 years a record of each query and all information received in response to each query made under this section. As of January 6, 2023, an employer who maintains a valid registration fulfills this requirement.

DRIVER CONSENT TO PERMIT ACCESS TO INFORMATION IN THE CLEARINGHOUSE 382.703

(a) No employer may query the Clearinghouse to determine whether a record exists for any particular driver without first obtaining that driver's written or electronic consent. The employer conducting the search must retain the consent for 3 years from the date of the last query.

(b) Before the Borough of Allendale may access information contained in the driver's Clearinghouse record, the driver must submit electronic consent through the Clearinghouse granting the employer access to the following specific records:

(1) A verified positive, adulterated, or substituted controlled substances test result;

(2) An alcohol confirmation test with a concentration of 0.04 or higher;

(3) A refusal to submit to a test in violation of § 382.211;

(4) An employer's report of actual knowledge, as defined at § 382.107, of:

(i) On duty alcohol use pursuant to § 382.205;

(ii) Pre-duty alcohol use pursuant to § 382.207;

(iii) Alcohol use following an accident pursuant to § 382.209; and

(iv) Controlled substance use pursuant to § 382.213;

- (5) A SAP report of the successful completion of the return-to-duty process;
- (6) A negative return-to-duty test; and
- (7) An employer's report of completion of follow-up testing.

(c) No employer may permit a driver to perform a safety-sensitive function if the driver refuses to grant the consent required by paragraphs (a) and (b) of 382.703.

(d) A driver granting consent under 382.703 must provide consent electronically to the Agency through the Clearinghouse prior to release of information to an employer in accordance with § 382.701(a)(2) or (b)(3).

(e) A driver granting consent under this section grants consent for the Agency to release information to an employer in accordance with § 382.701(c).

REPORTING TO THE CLEARINGHOUSE 382.705

(a) *MROs.*

(1) Within 2 business days of making a determination or verification, MROs must report the following information about a driver to the Clearinghouse:

- (i) Verified positive, adulterated, or substituted controlled substances test results;
- (ii) Refusal-to-test determination by the MRO in accordance with 49 CFR 40.191(a)(5), (7), and (11), (b), and (d)(2).

(2) MROs must provide the following information for each controlled substances test result specified in paragraph (a)(1) of this section:

- (i) Reason for the test;
- (ii) Federal Drug Testing Custody and Control Form specimen ID number;
- (iii) Driver's name, date of birth, and CDL number and State of issuance;
- (iv) Employer's name, address, and USDOT number, if applicable;
- (v) Date of the test;
- (vi) Date of the verified result; and
- (vii) *Test result.* The test result must be one of the following:

- (A) Positive (including the controlled substance(s) identified);
- (B) Refusal to test: adulterated;
- (C) Refusal to test: substituted; or

(D) Refusal to provide a sufficient specimen after the MRO makes a determination, in accordance with § 40.193 of this title, that the employee does not have a medical condition that has, or with a high degree of probability could have, precluded the employee from providing a sufficient amount of urine. Under this subpart a refusal would also include a refusal to undergo a medical examination or evaluation to substantiate a qualifying medical condition.

(3) Within 1 business day of making any change to the results report in accordance with paragraph (a)(1) of this section, a MRO must report that changed result to the Clearinghouse.

(b) *Employers.*

(1) Employers must report the following information about a driver to the Clearinghouse by the close of the third business day following the date on which they obtained that information:

- (i) An alcohol confirmation test result with an alcohol concentration of 0.04 or greater;
- (ii) A negative return-to-duty test result;
- (iii) A refusal to take an alcohol test pursuant to 49 CFR 40.261;
- (iv) A refusal to test determination made in accordance with 49 CFR 40.191(a)(1) through (4), (a)(6), (a)(8) through (11), or (d)(1), but in the case of a refusal to test under (a)(11), the employer may report only those admissions made to the specimen collector; and
- (v) A report that the driver has successfully completed all follow-up tests as prescribed in the SAP report in accordance with §§ 40.307, 40.309, and 40.311 of this title.

(2) The information required to be reported under paragraph (b)(1) of this section must include, as applicable:

- (i) Reason for the test;
- (ii) Driver's name, date of birth, and CDL number and State of issuance;
- (iii) Employer name, address, and USDOT number;
- (iv) Date of the test;
- (v) Date the result was reported; and
- (vi) *Test result.* The test result must be one of the following:
 - (A) Negative (only required for return-to-duty tests administered in accordance with § 382.309);
 - (B) Positive; or
 - (C) Refusal to take a test.

(3) For each report of a violation of 49 CFR 40.261(a)(1) or 40.191(a)(1), the employer must report the following information:

- (i) Documentation, including, but not limited to, electronic mail or other contemporaneous record of the time and date the driver was notified to appear at a testing site; and the time, date and testing site location at which the employee was directed to appear, or an affidavit providing evidence of such notification;
- (ii) Documentation, including, but not limited to, electronic mail or other correspondence, or an affidavit, indicating the date the employee was terminated or resigned (if applicable);
- (iii) Documentation, including, but not limited to, electronic mail or other correspondence, or an affidavit, showing that the C/TPA reporting the violation was designated as a service agent for an

employer who employs himself/herself as a driver pursuant to paragraph (b)(6) of this section when the reported refusal occurred (if applicable); and

(iv) Documentation, including a certificate of service or other evidence, showing that the employer provided the employee with all documentation reported under paragraph (b)(3) of this section.

(4) Employers must report the following violations by the close of the third business day following the date on which the employer obtains actual knowledge, as defined at § 382.107, of:

(i) On-duty alcohol use pursuant to § 382.205;

(ii) Pre-duty alcohol use pursuant to § 382.207;

(iii) Alcohol use following an accident pursuant to § 382.209; and

(iv) Controlled substance use pursuant to § 382.213.

(5) For each violation in paragraph (b)(4) of this section, the employer must report the following information:

(i) Driver's name, date of birth, CDL number and State of issuance;

(ii) Employer name, address, and USDOT number, if applicable;

(iii) Date the employer obtained actual knowledge of the violation;

(iv) Witnesses to the violation, if any, including contact information;

(v) Description of the violation;

(vi) Evidence supporting each fact alleged in the description of the violation required under paragraph (b)(4) of this section, which may include, but is not limited to, affidavits, photographs, video or audio recordings, employee statements (other than admissions pursuant to § 382.121), correspondence, or other documentation; and

(vii) A certificate of service or other evidence showing that the employer provided the employee with all information reported under paragraph (b)(4) of this section.

(6) An employer who employs himself/herself as a driver must designate a C/TPA to comply with the employer requirements in paragraph (b) of this section related to his or her own alcohol and controlled substances use.

(c) *C/TPAs*. Any employer may designate a C/TPA to perform the employer requirements in paragraph (b) of this section. Regardless of whether it uses a C/TPA to perform its requirements, the employer retains ultimate responsibility for compliance with this section. Exception: an employer does not retain responsibility where the C/TPA is designated to comply with employer requirements as described in paragraph (b)(6) of 382.705.

(d) *SAPs*.

(1) SAPs must report to the Clearinghouse for each driver who has completed the return-to-duty process in accordance with 49 CFR part 40, subpart O, the following information:

(i) SAPs name, address, and telephone number;

(ii) Driver's name, date of birth, and CDL number and State of issuance;

(iii) Date of the initial substance-abuse-professional assessment; and

(iv) Date the SAP determined that the driver demonstrated successful compliance as defined in 49 CFR part 40, subpart O, and was eligible for return-to-duty testing under 382.

(2) SAP must report the information required by paragraphs (d)(1)(i) through (iii) of this section by the close of the business day following the date of the initial substance abuse assessment, and must report the information required by paragraph (d)(1)(iv) of 382.703 by the close of the business day following the determination that the driver has completed the return-to-duty process.

(e) *Reporting truthfully and accurately.* Every person or entity with access must report truthfully and accurately to the Clearinghouse and is expressly prohibited from reporting information he or she knows or should know is false or inaccurate.

Reporting Entities and Circumstances	
Reporting Entity	When Information Will Be Reported to Clearinghouse
Prospective/Current Employer of CDL Driver	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — An alcohol confirmation test with a concentration of 0.04 or higher — Refusal to test (alcohol) as specified in 49 CFR 40.261 — Refusal to test (drug) not requiring a determination by the MRO as specified in 49 CFR 40.191 — Actual knowledge, as defined in 49 CFR 382.107, that a driver has used alcohol on duty, used alcohol within four hours of coming on duty, used alcohol prior to post-accident testing, or has used a controlled substance. — Negative return-to-duty test results (drug and alcohol testing, as applicable) — Completion of follow-up testing
Service Agent acting on behalf of Current Employer of CDL Driver	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — An alcohol confirmation test with a concentration of 0.04 or higher — Refusal to test (alcohol) as specified in 49 CFR 40.261 — Refusal to test (drug) not requiring a determination by the MRO as specified in 49 CFR 40.191 — Actual knowledge, as defined in 49 CFR 382.107, that a driver has used alcohol on duty, used alcohol within four hours of coming on duty, used alcohol prior to post-accident testing, or has used a controlled substance. — Negative return-to-duty test results (drug and alcohol testing, as applicable) — Completion of follow-up testing
MRO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Verified positive, adulterated, or substituted drug test result — Refusal to test (drug) requiring a determination by the MRO as specified in 49 CFR 40.191
SAP	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Identification of driver and date the initial assessment was initiated — Successful completion of treatment and/or education and the determination of eligibility for return-to-duty testing

**NOTICE TO DRIVERS OF ENTRY, REVISION, REMOVAL, OR RELEASE OF INFORMATION
382.707**

(a) FMCSA must notify a driver when information concerning that driver has been added to, revised, or removed from the Clearinghouse.

(b) FMCSA must notify a driver when information concerning that driver has been released from the Clearinghouse to an employer and specify the reason for the release.

(c) Drivers will be notified by letter sent by U.S. Mail to the address on record with the State Driver Licensing Agency that issued the driver's commercial driver's license. Exception: A driver may provide the Clearinghouse with an alternative means or address for notification, including electronic mail.

DRIVERS' ACCESS TO INFORMATION IN THE CLEARINGHOUSE 382.709

A driver may review information in the Clearinghouse about himself or herself, except as otherwise restricted by law or regulation. A driver must register with the Clearinghouse before accessing his or her information.

CLEARINGHOUSE REGISTRATION 382.711

(a) *Clearinghouse registration required.* Each employer and service agent must register with the Clearinghouse before accessing or reporting information in the Clearinghouse.

(b) *Employers.*

(1) Employer Clearinghouse registration must include:

(i) Name, address, and telephone number;

(ii) USDOT number, except if the registrant does not have a USDOT Number, it may be requested to provide other information to verify identity; and

(iii) Name of the person(s) the employer authorizes to report information to or obtain information from the Clearinghouse and any additional information FMCSA needs to validate his or her identity.

(2) Employers must verify the names of the person(s) authorized under paragraph (b)(1)(iii) of this section annually.

(3) Identification of the C/TPA or other service agent used to comply with the requirements of this part, if applicable, and authorization for the C/TPA to query or report information to the Clearinghouse. Employers must update any changes to this information within 10 days.

(c) *MROs and SAPs.* Each MRO or SAP must provide the following to apply for Clearinghouse registration:

(1) Name, address, telephone number, and any additional information FMCSA needs to validate the applicant's identity;

(2) A certification that the applicant's access to the Clearinghouse is conditioned on his or her compliance with the applicable qualification and/or training requirements in 49 CFR part 40; and

(3) Evidence of required professional credentials to verify that the applicant currently meets the applicable qualification and/or training requirements in 49 CFR part 40.

(d) *C/TPAs and other service agents.* Each consortium/third party administrator or other service agent must provide the following to apply for Clearinghouse registration:

(1) Name, address, telephone number, and any additional information FMCSA needs to validate the applicant's identity; and

(2) Name, title, and telephone number of the person(s) authorized to report information to and obtain information from the Clearinghouse.

(3) Each C/TPA or other service agent must verify the names of the person(s) authorized under paragraph (d)(2) of 382.711 annually.

DURATION, CANCELLATION, AND REVOCATION OF ACCESS 382.713

- (a) *Term.* Clearinghouse registration is valid for 5 years, unless cancelled or revoked.
- (b) *Cancellation.* FMCSA will cancel Clearinghouse registrations for anyone who has not queried or reported to the Clearinghouse for 2 years.
- (c) *Revocation.* FMCSA has the right to revoke the Clearinghouse registration of anyone who fails to comply with any of the prescribed rights and restrictions on access to the Clearinghouse, including but not limited to, submission of inaccurate or false information and misuse or misappropriation of access rights or protected information from the Clearinghouse and failure to maintain the requisite qualifications, certifications and/or training requirements as set forth in part 40 of this title.

AUTHORIZATION TO ENTER INFORMATION INTO THE CLEARINGHOUSE 382.717

- (a) *C/TPAs.* No C/TPA or other service agent may enter information into the Clearinghouse on an employer's behalf unless the employer designates the C/TPA or other service agent.
- (b) *SAPs.* A driver must designate a SAP before that SAP can enter any information about the driver's return-to-duty process into the Clearinghouse.

PROCEDURES FOR CORRECTING INFORMATION IN THE DATABASE 382.17

- (a) Petitions limited to inaccurately reported information.
 - (1) Under this section, petitioners may challenge only the accuracy of information reporting, not the accuracy of test results or refusals.
 - (2) *Exceptions.*
 - (i) Petitioners may request that FMCSA remove from the Clearinghouse an employer's report of actual knowledge that the driver received a traffic citation for driving a commercial motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or controlled substances if the citation did not result in a conviction. For the purposes of this section, conviction has the same meaning as used in 49 CFR part 383.
 - (ii) Petitioners may request that FMCSA remove from the Clearinghouse an employer's report of actual knowledge (other than as provided for in paragraph (a)(2)(i) of this section) if that report does not comply with the reporting requirements in § 382.705(b)(5).
 - (iii) Petitioners may request that FMCSA remove from the Clearinghouse an employer's report of a violation under 49 CFR 40.261(a)(1) or 40.191(a)(1) if that report does not comply with the reporting requirements in § 382.705(b)(3).
- (b) *Petition.* Any driver or authorized representative of the driver may submit a petition to the FMCSA contesting the accuracy of information in the Clearinghouse. The petition must include:
 - (1) The petitioner's name, address, telephone number, and CDL number and State of issuance;
 - (2) Detailed description of the basis for the allegation that the information is not accurate; and
 - (3) Evidence supporting the allegation that the information is not accurate. Failure to submit evidence is cause for dismissing the petition.

(c) *Submission of petition.* The petitioner may submit his/her petition electronically through the Clearinghouse or in writing to: Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration, Office of Enforcement and Compliance, Attention: Drug and Alcohol Program Manager, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, Washington, D.C. 20590.

(d) *Notice of decision.* Within 45 days of receiving a complete petition, FMCSA will inform the driver in writing of its decision to remove, retain, or correct the information in the database and provide the basis for the decision.

(e) *Request for expedited treatment.*

(1) A driver may request expedited treatment to correct inaccurate information in his or her Clearinghouse record under paragraph (a)(1) of this section if the inaccuracy is currently preventing him or her from performing safety-sensitive functions, or to remove employer reports under paragraph (a)(2) of this section if such reports are currently preventing him or her from performing safety-sensitive functions. This request may be included in the original petition or as a separate document.

(2) If FMCSA grants expedited treatment, it will subsequently inform the driver of its decision in writing within 14 days of receipt of a complete petition.

(f) *Administrative review.*

(1) A driver may request FMCSA to conduct an administrative review if he or she believes that a decision made in accordance with paragraph (d) or (e) of this section was in error.

(2) The request must prominently state at the top of the document: “Administrative Review of Drug and Alcohol Clearinghouse Decision” and the driver may submit his/her request electronically through the Clearinghouse or in writing to the Associate Administrator for Enforcement (MC-E), Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration, 1200 New Jersey Ave., SE., Washington, DC 20590.

(3) The driver’s request must explain the error he or she believes FMCSA committed and provide information and/or documents to support his or her argument.

(4) FMCSA will complete its administrative review no later than 30 days after receiving the driver’s request for review. The Associate Administrator’s decision will constitute the final Agency action.

(g) *Subsequent notification to employers.* When information is corrected or removed in accordance with this section, or in accordance with 49 CFR part 10, FMCSA will notify any employer that accessed the incorrect information that a correction or removal was made.

AVAILABILITY AND REMOVAL OF INFORMATION 382.719

(a) Driver information not available. Information about a driver’s drug or alcohol violation will not be available to an employer conducting a query of the Clearinghouse after all of the following conditions relating to the violation are satisfied:

(1) The SAP reports to the Clearinghouse the information required in § 382.705(d);

(2) The employer reports to the Clearinghouse that the driver’s return-to-duty test results are negative;

(3) The driver’s current employer reports that the driver has successfully completed all follow-up tests as prescribed in the SAP report in accordance with §§ 40.307, 40.309, and 40.311 of this title; and

(4) Five years have passed since the date of the violation determination.

(b) Driver information remains available. Information about a particular driver's drug or alcohol violation will remain available to employers conducting a query until all requirements in paragraph (a) of this section have been met.

(c) *Exceptions.*

(1) Within 2 business days of granting a request for removal pursuant to § 382.717(a)(2)(i), FMCSA will remove information from the Clearinghouse.

(2) Information about a particular driver's drug or alcohol violation may be removed in accordance with § 382.717(a)(2)(ii) and (iii) or in accordance with 49 CFR part 10.

(d) *Driver information remains available.* Nothing in this part shall prevent FMCSA from using information removed under this section for research, auditing, or enforcement purposes.

FEES 382.721

FMCSA may collect a reasonable fee from entities required to query the Clearinghouse. **Exception:** No driver may be required to pay a fee to access his or her own information in the Clearinghouse.

UNAUTHORIZED ACCESS OR USE PROHIBITED 382.723

(a) Except as expressly authorized in this subpart, no person or entity may access the Clearinghouse. No person or entity may share, distribute, publish, or otherwise release any information in the Clearinghouse except as specifically authorized by law. No person may report inaccurate or misleading information to the Clearinghouse.

(b) An employer's use of information received from the Clearinghouse is limited to determining whether a prohibition applies to a driver performing a safety-sensitive function with respect to a commercial motor vehicle. No employer may divulge or permit any other person or entity to divulge any information from the Clearinghouse to any person or entity not directly involved in determining whether a prohibition applies to a driver performing a safety-sensitive function with respect to a commercial motor vehicle.

(c) Violations of this section are subject to civil and criminal penalties in accordance with applicable law, including those set forth at § 382.507.

(d) Nothing in this part shall prohibit FMCSA from accessing information about individual drivers in the Clearinghouse for research, auditing, or enforcement purposes.

ACCESS BY STATE LICENSING AUTHORITIES 382.725

(a) In order to determine whether a driver is qualified to operate a commercial motor vehicle, the chief commercial driver's licensing official of a State must obtain the driver's record from the Clearinghouse if the driver has applied for a commercial driver's license from that State.

(b) By applying for a commercial driver's license, a driver is deemed to have consented to the release of information from the Clearinghouse in accordance with this section.

(c) The chief commercial driver's licensing official's use of information received from the Clearinghouse is limited to determining an individual's qualifications to operate a commercial motor vehicle. No chief driver's licensing official may divulge or permit any other person or entity to divulge any information from the Clearinghouse to any person or entity not directly involved in determining an individual's qualifications to operate a commercial motor vehicle.

(d) A chief commercial driver's licensing official who does not take appropriate safeguards to protect the privacy and confidentiality of information obtained under this section is subject to revocation of his or her right of access under this section.

PENALTIES 382.727

An employer, employee, MRO, or service agent who violates any provision of this subpart shall be subject to the civil and/or criminal penalty provisions of 49 U.S.C. 521(b)(2)(C).

INVESTIGATION AND INQUIRIES 391.23

(e) (4) As of January 6, 2023, employers subject to § 382.701(a) of § 382 must use the Drug and Alcohol Clearinghouse to comply with the requirements of this section with respect to FMCSA-regulated employers.

(i) *Exceptions.*

(A) If an applicant who is subject to follow-up testing has not successfully completed all follow-up tests, the employer must request the applicant's follow-up testing plan directly from the previous employer in accordance with § 40.25(b)(5) of Part 40.

(B) If an applicant was subject to an alcohol and controlled substance testing program under the requirements of a DOT mode other than FMCSA, the employer must request alcohol and controlled substances information required under this section directly from those employers regulated by a DOT mode other than FMCSA.

(ii) *[Reserved]*

(f) (1) A prospective motor carrier employer must provide to the previous employer the driver's consent meeting the requirements of § 40.321(b) of Part 40 for the release of the information in paragraph (e) of 391.23. If the driver refuses to provide this consent, the prospective motor carrier employer must not permit the driver to operate a commercial motor vehicle for that motor carrier.

(2) If a driver refuses to grant consent for the prospective motor carrier employer to query the Drug and Alcohol Clearinghouse in accordance with paragraph (e)(4) of 391.23, the prospective motor carrier employer must not permit the driver to operate a commercial motor vehicle.

Attachment A

BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE

Commercial Motor Vehicle Driver's

Certificate of Compliance with DOT Cell-Phone/Texting Bans

MOTOR CARRIERS: The restrictions in 49 CFR Part 392 on using a mobile telephone or texting while driving apply to every operator of a "commercial motor vehicle" as defined in Section 390.5, including interstate vehicles weighing or rated at 10,001 pounds or more, vehicles placarded for hazardous materials, and certain vehicles designed or used for more than 8 passengers (including the driver). In-state operations of vehicles placarded for hazardous materials are also subject to the restrictions. Other in-state-only operations may also be subject, depending on state rules.

DRIVERS: Part 392 of the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations contains restrictions on texting and the use of hand-held mobile telephones while driving a commercial motor vehicle (CMV), including the following:

- **Texting ban (392.80):** You may not manually enter text into or read text from an electronic device while driving a CMV. This includes e-mailing, text messaging, using the internet, pressing more than one button to start or end a phone call, or any other form of text retrieval or entry for communication purposes.
- **Hand-held cell-phone ban (392.82):** You are prohibited from using a hand-held cell phone while driving a CMV. This includes talking on a phone while holding it in your hand (including push-to-talk), pressing more than a single button to dial or answer a cell phone, or leaving your normal, seated driving position to reach for a cell phone.

*Except as prohibited under the Borough policy, you are allowed to use a hands-free phone, a CB radio, a navigation system, a two-way radio, a music player, or a fleet management system for purposes other than texting. Texting and hand-held cell-phone use are **only** allowed if you need to contact emergency services or if you have stopped in a safe location off the road.*

Penalties (383.51, 391.15, 49 CFR 386): CDL and non-CDL drivers can be disqualified for 60 up to 120 days and/or face fines of up to \$2,750 for each violation. The Borough can be fined up to \$11,000 for each violation.

It is understood that the above information is being provided to the employee in an effort by the Borough of Allendale to show good faith efforts to achieve compliance with the above-cited regulations. (49 CFR § 386.81)

BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE EMPLOYEE HANDBOOK

Non-Civil Service Jurisdiction

December 7, 2023

Revised September 4, 2025



EMPLOYEE HANDBOOK – NON-CIVIL SERVICE JURISDICTIONS

DISCLAIMER

The purpose of this Handbook is to acquaint employees with his/her employment for the Borough of Allendale (the “Employer”). The policies and practices contained in this Handbook are only guidelines and may be canceled or changed by the Employer at any time with or without notice. This Handbook is not intended to nor does it create an employment contract between the Employer and any of its employees.

THIS HANDBOOK IS NOT A CONTRACT OF EMPLOYMENT.

Except as otherwise provided by a collective bargaining agreement or applicable law, all employees are employees at-will. This means that any employee may voluntarily terminate his/her employment at any time, for any reason. It also means that the Employer may terminate any employee's employment at any time, with or without good cause. Nothing contained in this Handbook constitutes a contractual right, express or implied. No provision contained in this Handbook or any other policy or procedure may be changed by any oral statement but must be in writing signed by an authorized representative of the Employer.

The Employer retains all rights to discharge or discipline employees. As an employee of the Employer, you agree to conform to all applicable policies, procedures, rules, regulations, statutes and collective negotiations agreements.

This Handbook is not meant to affect, or to be a comprehensive description of local, State or federal statutes, rules or regulations, disciplinary procedures, employment benefits, workers' compensation, leaves from employment, employee compensation, the policies, practices and procedures of the Employer, or collective negotiations. Employees' rights and responsibilities are always governed by existing law and any applicable collective negotiations agreement or established past practice. Nothing in this Handbook provides legal rights in addition to those, if any, provided to employees under local, State or federal statutes, rules, regulations, collective negotiations agreements or established past practice. If any part of this Handbook conflicts with local, State or federal statutes, rules, regulations, executive orders, a collective negotiations agreement or established past practice, the part of the Handbook which conflicts with a local, State or federal statute, rule, regulation, collective negotiations agreement or established past practice will be null and void as it applies to the affected group of employees. Likewise, if at any time, any local, State or federal statutes, rules, regulations, executive orders or collective negotiations agreement should be amended, this Handbook will be deemed to have been likewise amended, even though actual changes to the Handbook have not been made.

The Employer recognizes that many of its employees' terms and conditions of employment are governed by collective negotiations agreements and established past practices. This Handbook does not supersede or affect any term or condition of employment that may exist in any collective negotiations agreement or that may have been established through past practice. If any part of this Handbook conflicts with any term or condition of employment expressly set forth in a collective negotiations agreement or established through past practice, that part of the Handbook will be null and void as it applies to the affected group of employees.

In the event of a declared State of Emergency or otherwise, if any local, State or Federal statute, rule, regulation or Executive Order temporarily amends, alters, suspends or discharges any of the terms

set forth in this Employee Handbook, the terms and provisions herein shall be similarly temporarily amended, altered, suspended and or discharged, without the need for formal written amendment of this Employee Handbook.

Employees in Collective Negotiations Units - Many employees have job titles where the terms and conditions of employment are governed by a collective negotiations agreement between the Employer and the recognized collective negotiations unit(s). If an employee's job title is part of a recognized bargaining unit, the employee should always consult his/ her collective negotiations agreement, if applicable.

Non-Contractual Employees - An employee whose job title is not the subject of a collective negotiations agreement should consult the Municipality's Administrative Code and any applicable local, State or Federal statutes, rules and regulations.

Volunteers - Many of the policies in this handbook shall also apply in equal force to volunteers of the Employer.

This Handbook shall apply to all employees of the Employer, including part-time, seasonal and/or temporary employees.

When changes are made to this Handbook, the Employer will make any corresponding changes to the Personnel Manual that are necessary so that the Manual and Handbook do not conflict.

All employees will be notified when any material changes are made to the policies contained in this Handbook.

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I. ANTI-DISCRIMINATION POLICIES

A. Equal Opportunity

The Employer is committed to providing equal opportunity through its employment practices and through the many activities, programs, and services it provides to the community. The Employer will make all personnel decisions without regard to race, creed, color, national origin, ancestry, religion, age, marital status, civil union status, domestic partnership status, affectional or sexual orientation, familial status, genetic information, sex, gender identity or expression, disability (including perceived disability, physical, mental, and/or intellectual disabilities, AIDS or HIV infection), pregnancy, childbirth, breastfeeding, political affiliation (to the extent protected by law), atypical hereditary cellular or blood trait, or because of the liability for service in the Armed Forces of the United States, veteran status, citizenship status, or any other group status protected by law, unless required by a bona fide occupational qualification.

The Employer will ensure that personnel decisions are made in accordance with principles of Equal Employment Opportunity by imposing only nondiscriminatory job requirements. The Employer will not discriminate with regard to any term, condition or privilege of employment, including compensation. Employer-sponsored training, education, tuition assistance, and social and recreation programs will be administered without discrimination. The Employer has an Affirmative Action Officer (“AAO”), who is assigned overall responsibility of the Affirmative Action Program. Any employee or applicant with a question or grievance should contact the Affirmative Action Officer at:

Alison Altano, Borough Administrator 201-818-4400 ext. 205

alisonaltano@allendalenj.gov

B. Americans with Disabilities Act

In compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act (“ADA”), the ADA Amendments, the New Jersey Law Against Discrimination (“NJLAD”) and the federal Pregnant Workers Fairness Act (“PWFA”), the Employer does not discriminate based on disability, pregnancy, pregnancy-related medical condition, breastfeeding or childbirth. The Employer will endeavor to make every work environment handicap accessible and consider reasonable accommodations, when appropriate. Future construction and renovation of facilities will be in accordance with the ADA Accessibility Guidelines, as well as the ADA Amendments Act.

C. “Whistleblower” Policy

Under the New Jersey Conscientious Employee Protection Act (“CEPA”), N.J.S.A. 34:19-1, it is unlawful for an employer to discharge, suspend, demote, or take other action against an employee because they disclose a policy or practice, they reasonably believe is a violation of law, rule, or regulation pursuant to law. CEPA also protects employees who provide information to a public body conducting an investigation into a violation of a law or rule, or if an employee refuses to participate in any activity that the employee believes is in violation of a law, is fraudulent or criminal, or is against public policy concerning public health, safety or welfare. Reprisals against anyone who makes a complaint under this policy will not be tolerated and violators of the policy will be subject to discipline, up to and including termination, and may be subject to any other liability authorized under applicable law.

II. ANTI-HARASSMENT POLICY

The Employer has committed to a workplace free from harassment that is based on race, creed, color, religion, sex, gender identity or expression, national origin, ancestry, age, marital status, civil union status, domestic partnership status, affectional or sexual orientation, familial status, genetic information, disability (including perceived disability, physical, mental, and/or intellectual disabilities, AIDS or HIV infection), pregnancy, childbirth, breastfeeding, political affiliation (to the extent protected by law), atypical hereditary cellular or blood trait, or because of the liability for service in the Armed Forces of the United States, veteran status, citizenship status or any other group status protected by law. Any such harassment is a violation of federal and State anti-discrimination laws and will not be tolerated by the Employer. This policy applies to all employees as well as to any individuals who may come in contact with employees. Reprisals against anyone who makes a complaint under this policy will not be tolerated and violators of the policy will be subject to discipline, up to and including termination, and may be subject to any other liability authorized under applicable law.

Additionally, it is a violation of this policy to engage in sexual (or gender-based) harassment of any kind, including hostile work environment harassment, quid pro quo harassment, or same-sex harassment. For the purposes of this policy, sexual harassment is defined, as in the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission Guidelines, as unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature when, for example,

- Submission to such conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of an individual's employment;
- Submission to or rejection of such conduct by an individual is used as the basis for employment decisions affecting such individual; or
- Such conduct has the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with an individual's work performance or creating an intimidating, hostile or offensive working environment.

Examples of prohibited behaviors that may constitute sexual harassment and are therefore a violation of this policy include, but are not limited to:

1. Generalized gender-based remarks and comments;
2. Unwanted physical contact such as intentional touching, grabbing, pinching, brushing against another's body or impeding or blocking movement;
3. Verbal, written or electronic sexually suggestive or obscene comments, jokes or propositions including letters, notes, e-mails, text messages, invitations, gestures or inappropriate comments about a person's clothing;
4. Visual contact, such as leering or staring at another's body; gesturing; displaying sexually suggestive objects, cartoons, posters, magazines or pictures of scantily-clad individuals; or displaying sexually suggestive material on a bulletin board, on a locker room wall, or on a screen saver;
5. Explicit or implicit suggestions of sex by a supervisor or manager in return for a favorable employment action such as hiring, compensation, promotion, or retention;

6. Suggesting or implying that failure to accept a request for a date or sex would result in an adverse employment consequence with respect to any employment practice such as performance evaluation or promotional opportunity; or
7. Continuing to engage in certain behaviors of a sexual nature after an objection has been raised by the target of such inappropriate behavior.

Any employee found to have violated any portion or portions of this policy may be subject to appropriate administrative and/or disciplinary action which may include, but which shall not be limited to: referral for training, referral for counseling, written or verbal reprimand, suspension, reassignment, demotion or termination of employment. Referral to another appropriate authority for review for possible violation of federal and State statutes may also be appropriate.

Employee Responsibilities – The Employer cannot address or correct harassing conduct that it is not aware of. Any employee who believes that he/she has been subjected to any form of prohibited discrimination/harassment, or who witnesses others being subjected to such discrimination/harassment, or otherwise has knowledge of others being subjected to such discrimination/harassment is expected to promptly report the incident(s) to a supervisor or directly to the Employer's Equal Employment Opportunity/Affirmative Action Officer or to any other persons designated by the Employer to receive workplace discrimination complaints. Specifically, employees are encouraged to utilize the attached Discrimination Complaint Processing Form.

All employees are expected to cooperate with investigations undertaken pursuant to this section. Failure to cooperate in an investigation may result in administrative and/or disciplinary action, up to and including termination of employment.

Supervisor Responsibilities – Supervisors shall make every effort to maintain a work environment that is free from any form of prohibited discrimination/harassment. Supervisors shall immediately refer allegations of prohibited discrimination/harassment to the Employer's Equal Employment Opportunity/Affirmative Action Officer, or any other individual designated by the Employer to receive complaints of workplace discrimination/harassment. A supervisor's failure to comply with these requirements may result in administrative and/or disciplinary action, up to and including termination of employment.

For purposes of this section, a "supervisor" is defined broadly to include any manager and/or other individual who has authority to control the work environment of any other staff member.

Investigation of Complaints – Any complaint made under this section shall be investigated by the Employer in a manner consistent with the New Jersey State Model Procedures for Internal Complaints Alleging Discrimination in the Workplace. Additionally, all complaints and investigations shall be handled, to the extent possible, in a manner that will protect the privacy interests of those involved. To the extent practical and appropriate under the circumstances, confidentiality shall be maintained throughout the investigatory process. In the course of an investigation, it may be necessary to discuss the claims with the person(s) against whom the complaint was filed and other persons who may have relevant knowledge or who have a legitimate need to know about the matter. All persons interviewed, including witnesses, shall be directed not to discuss any aspect of the investigation with others in light of the important privacy interests of all concerned. Failure to comply with this confidentiality directive may result in administrative and/or disciplinary action, up to and including termination of employment.

III. CONDUCT OF EMPLOYEES

A. Ethical Conduct

Pursuant to the provisions of the Local Government Ethics Law:

1. No employee or member of his or her immediate family will have an interest in a business organization or engage in any business, transaction or professional activity, which is in substantial conflict with the proper discharge of his or her duties in the public interest.
2. No employee should use or attempt to use his or her official position to secure unwarranted privileges or advantages for him or herself or others.
3. No employee should act in his or her official capacity in any matter wherein he or she, a member of his or her immediate family, or business organization in which he or she has an interest, has a direct or indirect personal or financial interest that might reasonably be expected to impair his or her objectivity or independence of judgment.
4. No employee should undertake any employment or service, whether compensated or not, which might reasonably be expected to prejudice his or her independence of judgment in the exercise of his or her official duties.
5. No employee, member of his or her immediate family, or business organization in which he or she has an interest, should solicit or accept any gift, favor, loan, political contribution, service, promise of future employment, or other thing of value based upon an understanding that the gift, favor, loan contribution, service, promise or other thing of value was given or offered for the purpose of influencing him or her directly or indirectly in the discharge of his or her official duties.
6. No employee will use, or allow to be used, his or her public employment, or any information, not generally available to members of the public, which he or she receives or acquires in the course of and by reason of his or her employment, for the purpose of securing financial gain for himself or herself, any member of his or her immediate family, or any business organization with which he or she is associated.
7. No employee or business organization in which he or she has an interest will represent any person or party other than the Employer in connection with any cause, proceeding, application or other matter pending before any agency in the local government in which he or she serves. An employee or members of his or her immediate family may represent himself or herself in proceedings concerning the employee's own interests.

B. Political Activity

Pursuant to New Jersey law governing elections, no holder of a public office or position will demand payment or contribution from another holder of a public office or position for the campaign purpose of any candidate or for the use of any political party.

No employee will directly or indirectly use or seek to use his or her position to control or affect the political action of another person or engage in political activity during working hours. No employee whose principal employment is in connection with a program financed in whole or in part by Federal funds or loans, will engage in any of the following prohibited activities under the "Hatch Act":

1. Using official authority or influence for the purpose of interfering with or affecting the result of an election or a nomination for office;
2. Directly or indirectly coercing, attempting to coerce, commanding or advising an officer or employee to pay, lend, or contribute anything of value to a party, committee, organization, agency, or person for political purposes; or
3. Being a candidate for public office in a partisan election.

The Hatch Act, 5 U.S.C. 1501 et seq., is enforced by the Special Counsel of the United States Merit System Protection Board. Department Heads or supervisors can advise an employee if his/her position is federally-funded.

Nothing in this policy shall be construed as restricting employees from engaging in lawful, political activity while outside of working hours and outside of their official job duties.

IV. CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT

A. Job Description Policy

A job description, including qualifications, shall be maintained for each position. A copy of an employee's job description shall be made available upon request.

B. Hours of Work

The working hours of individuals employed by the Employer are determined by the governing body and in accordance with the requirements of each Department and provisions of any applicable collective negotiations agreement.

a. Overtime

Non-exempt employees may be eligible for overtime. Overtime is scheduled and authorized by an employee's Department Head and/or designated representative for hours worked in excess of forty (40) within a workweek. If an employee is required to work overtime, the employee may be compensated by pay or by compensatory time, in accordance with the applicable collective bargaining unit contract and applicable statutes. All scheduled overtime must be approved in advance by the employee's Department Head or designee. Compensatory time cannot be accumulated and must be utilized within two-weeks. When an employee is unable to utilize their time within two weeks, a written notification must be sent to the Borough Administrator advising them of the time accumulated and approval must be granted to continue to carry the time.

Managerial employees, administrative employees, and professional employees are not legally eligible for compensatory time and/or overtime pay.

b. Attendance and Tardiness

Regular and timely attendance of all employees is essential to ensure that each Department operates at maximum efficiency. When an employee becomes aware that he/she will not be able to report to work or will be late, the employee's immediate supervisor must be advised in accordance with their Department's policy at least one (1) hour prior to the scheduled starting time, unless prevented by specific circumstances.

Repeated or chronic absenteeism, lateness, and/or falsification of time (including misuse and/or fraudulent use of time capturing devices) shall be grounds for disciplinary action up to and including removal from employment.

c. Inclement Weather Policy

Absent a “state of emergency” as declared by the Governor of the State of New Jersey, all employees are expected to report to work every day as scheduled, regardless of weather conditions. Notwithstanding, in the event of unsafe conditions, the Employer may authorize Department operations to close earlier than the normal working hours. Additionally, if conditions exist prior to scheduled openings the Borough Administrator shall notify employees of the delayed opening.

If an employee chooses not to report for work due to inclement weather conditions, he/she may utilize accumulated compensatory time, a vacation day, and/or a personal day.

This provision does not apply to personnel who may be required to assist in an emergency or otherwise designated “essential personnel.”

C. Job Performance Evaluations

Employees will be formally evaluated once each year. Upon completion of this evaluation, each employee shall be notified and will be given the opportunity to review the evaluation, and the development of performance objectives with the supervisor and/or Borough Administrator.

D. Resignation and Reemployment

Employees may resign in good standing by giving their immediate supervisor at least fourteen (14) days advance written notice. The Employer may waive this requirement and consent to a shorter notice. If an employee resigns without giving the required notice, he/she will be considered to have resigned not in good standing.

Employees who resign will be notified by the Employer as to the status of various employee benefits. At times, an exit interview may be held.

Permanent employees who resign in good standing may, within three (3) years of such action, request consideration for reemployment by indicating availability to the Employer.

E. Personnel Records

The contents of individual employee personnel records are strictly confidential and will be disclosed by the Employer only when the information is requested as a matter of inquiry by a law enforcement agency, a representative of the Armed Forces, or as required by court order or any other law. Personnel records may also be available to the Borough Administrator, other members of management, the Employer's legal counsel, and members of the governing body on a need-to-know basis in connection with official duties. Any medical documentation is confidential and shall be maintained in a separate file.

An employee may review the contents of his/her personnel file after first making an appointment with the human resources official. To protect the integrity of the personnel files, the employee will review the personnel file in the presence of the human resources official or his/her designee. Employees will not be permitted to photocopy the contents of their folder, take personnel folders outside of the human resources office or remove any documents from the folder. Additionally, all inquiries and written

requests for references or employment verification from current or former employees, prospective employers of current or former employees, governmental agencies, or other organizations such as a financial or lending institution, should be directed to the human resources official. In a response to a request for information, the Employer will only verify an employee's name, dates of employment, job title, department, status, and salary. No other data or information will be furnished unless: (i) the Employer is required to release the information by law; or (ii) the employee or former employee authorizes the Employer, in writing, to furnish this information and releases the Employer from liability.

F. Appearance Policy

Employees are expected to present themselves in a neat, business-like manner and shall dress appropriately for the work they perform. At the discretion of the Employer, individual Departments may implement specific dress code requirements. Uniforms, where required, shall be worn in accordance with applicable departmental standards.

Employees violating this policy shall be required to take corrective action, or will be sent home without pay.

G. Vehicle Use Policy

Borough vehicles are assigned to employees for use during the performance of official Borough business only. When an employee takes home a Borough vehicle, it is to be utilized only for Borough business. Any employee who utilizes a Borough-assigned vehicle for personal use may be subject to disciplinary action. Additionally, the employee to whom a vehicle is assigned is the party responsible for its security and maintaining it in a safe operating condition. Vehicles may only be taken home with the advance approval of the Employer.

Borough Vehicles shall not be used to transport any individual who is not directly or indirectly related to Borough business. Passengers shall be limited to Borough employees and individuals who are directly associated with Borough work activity. Family members shall not be transported in Borough vehicles. Vehicles should contain only items for which the vehicle is designed. The Borough shall not be liable for the loss or damage of any personal property transported in the vehicle.

Employees driving Borough vehicles shall obey all applicable traffic and parking regulations, ordinances and laws, including, but not limited to, laws regarding cellular telephone usage. Employees who incur parking or other fines in Borough vehicles will generally be personally responsible for a payment of such fines, unless payment of such fines is approved by the Borough Administrator.

Driver's License Policy - Any employee whose work requires the operation of an Employer-assigned vehicle, or the operation of their own vehicle for Employer business, must hold a valid New Jersey State Driver's License. Such employees shall be required to submit to a driving records check by the New Jersey Motor Vehicle Commission as a condition of employment. Periodic checks of employees' drivers' licenses will also be made.

Drivers are required to notify their immediate supervisor in those cases where a license is expired, suspended, or revoked for any reason. Failure to report such an instance subjects the employee to disciplinary action, up to and including termination. Any employee who does not hold a valid New Jersey Driver's License shall not be allowed to operate an Employer-assigned vehicle until such time as a valid license is obtained.

H. Computer Usage

In order to provide a viable data and communication system for the Employer that supports the needs of all departments, security and confidentiality of the information must not be compromised. Security is a major concern throughout every office of the Employer and its employees. This provision shall apply to the day-to-day operations of all the Employer's information and technology equipment, as well as mobile or portable units. Although this policy comprehensively addresses current security concerns, impending and future system developments may require additional security considerations.

Every employee must be cognizant of the potential for civil liability inherent in the dissemination of information obtained through the Employer's information systems. The Employer reserves the right to prosecute, in a civil or criminal manner, as well as discipline in accordance with the Employer's rules and regulations, any employee who violates any section of this provision.

The Employer shall have the express right to access any electronic information device utilizing any administrative or user password for the purpose of troubleshooting, supporting or maintaining the computer network or while investigating an incident or violation of this policy. All electronic information devices, their contents, e-mail or electronic correspondence originating from or arriving on a device owned or authorized on the Employer's computer network, is the property of the Employer and is subject to entry and inspection without notice. Any data or information created or stored on the Employer's computer network becomes the sole property of the Employer. Ownership of said data is forfeited and all rights to ownership are surrendered to the Employer.

In order to ensure that the Employer's electronic network is being used only for legitimate business purposes, the Employer reserves the right to enter or search any computer file, the e-mail system, and/or monitor computer and e-mail use. Accordingly, no employee should have any reasonable expectation of privacy regarding their use of the Employer's computer or when utilizing the Employer's computer network, including, but not limited to, electronic mail. All such documents or information may be subject to the provisions of the Open Public Records Act ("OPRA"), N.J.S.A. 47:1A-1 et seq.

Further, Employer business which is conducted by an employee on his or her personal computer or device is subject to this policy and may be subject to the provisions of OPRA.

I. Social Networking Policy

For purposes of this policy, a social network is defined as a site that uses internet services to allow individuals to construct a profile within that system, define a list of other users with whom they share some connection, and view and access their list of connections and those made by others within that system. The type of network and its design vary from site to site. Examples of the types of internet based social networking activities include: blogging, networking, photo sharing, video sharing, microblogging, podcasting, as well as posting comments on the sites. The absence of, or lack of explicit reference to a specific site or activity does not limit the extent of the application of this provision.

The use of the internet and social networking sites, including but not limited to Snapchat, Facebook, and Twitter, is a popular activity; however, employees must be mindful of the negative impact of inappropriate or unauthorized postings upon the Employer and its relationship with the community. This provision identifies prohibited activities by employees on the internet where posted information is accessible to members of the general public, including, but not limited to, public postings on social networking sites.

Specifically, the Employer reserves the right to investigate postings, private or public, that violate workplace rules, such as the prohibition of sexual harassment and other discriminatory conduct, where such postings lawfully are made available to the Employer by other employees or third parties. Employees should use common sense in all communications, particularly on a website or social networking site accessible to anyone. If you would not be comfortable with your supervisor, coworkers, or the management team reading your words, you should not write them.

Be advised that employees can be disciplined for commentary, content, or images that are defamatory, pornographic, proprietary, harassing, libelous, or that can create a hostile work environment. You can also be sued by agency employees or any individual who views your commentary, content, or images as defamatory, pornographic, proprietary, harassing, libelous or creating a hostile work environment. What you say or post on your site or what is said or posted on your site by others could potentially be grounds for disciplinary action, up to and including termination. However, nothing in this social networking policy is designed to interfere with, restrain, or prevent social media communications during non-working hours by employees engaging in protected concerted activities regarding wages, hours, or other terms and conditions of employment pursuant to the New Jersey Employer-Employee Relations Act or to prevent communications which are protected by the First Amendment freedom of speech clause, unless such communications are made as part of the employees' official job duties.

V. OFF-SITE OFFICE WORK AND REMOTE COMPUTER ACCESS

The ability to work from a remote location has been provided to certain Borough employees in order to allow for easy accessibility and emergency work related situations. The option is only available to the Borough Administrator, Chief Financial Officer, Municipal Clerk and Chief of Police. During instances that these employees need to work from home, a request must be submitted to the Borough Administrator for approval. The Borough has the right to modify this policy under certain circumstances as needed.

As such, the following procedures are being established to ensure that any Borough work performed via computer from a remote (out of office) location complies with Borough policies of record retention and cybersecurity:

- a. If you work outside of the office, all physical documentation prepared on behalf of the Borough must be archived and retained in accordance with all State of New Jersey record retention requirements. This can be accomplished by using Borough assigned laptops configured to your work computer through secure VPN. It is the individual employee's responsibility to comply with the law pertaining to the archiving and retention of Borough records. Only Borough assigned emails are acceptable for compliance.
- b. Working remotely by dialing into your work computer will save files but also requires adherence to confidentiality and cybersecurity protocols. Employees with remote access should:
 - i. Leave your work computer on for access but log off and bring screen to password protected log on window when leaving the computer unattended.
 - ii. Work computers must be set to log off automatically if not used in 30 minutes.
 - iii. Do not save any work directly to the remote computer
 - iv. Use only Borough of Allendale assigned email.

- v. Ensure you maintain all confidentiality and security protocols.
- vi. Be sure to log out of remote connections when not working.
- vii. Do not log in utilizing an unsecure network or public WiFi.

VI. EDUCATIONAL ASSISTANCE AND TRAINING

Subject to sufficient funds in the budget and upon prior approval of the Department Head, Borough Administrator, and the Administration, Finance, & Human Resources committee, the Borough of Allendale will provide costs of educational courses related to eligible employee's work with the Borough of Allendale. The Borough Administrator will be the sole judge of whether a particular course or program is "directly related" to the employee's work.

- a. The Borough will provide costs of educational courses to eligible employees, as approved by the Department Head, Borough Administrator and the Administration, Finance and Human Resources committee.
 - i. The Borough will not provide costs in circumstances where the employee has previously failed to complete or pass a course in which the Borough has already provided the costs therefore.
- b. Employees who attend approved courses and voluntarily leave or are terminated for cause within three (3) years after successful completion of a course must reimburse the Borough the cost of the courses.
 - i. This Section shall explicitly exclude Continuing Education Units (CEUs) for statutory positions.
 - ii. This Section shall explicitly exclude cases of retirement.
- c. Educational costs shall include tuition only and shall not apply to other costs, such as mileage, unless specifically approved by the Borough Administrator.

VII. CONFERENCES AND SEMINARS

Requests to attend a conference or seminar must be approved by the Department Head and the Borough Administrator on behalf of the Administration, Finance and Human Resources Committee. If Department Heads wish to attend a conference or seminar they must get approval from the Administration, Finance and Human Resources Committee. No person shall be entitled to a total of more than five (5) days leave of absence with pay each calendar year for the purpose of attending the State or League of Municipalities Conference or those organizations sanctioned by law. Conference leave is not charged to employees who are attending a seminar as part of their work assignment. Requests shall be made sufficiently in advance to take advantage of discounts for early registration, and must be submitted to the Department Head and Committee Chair at least thirty days before the event. Requests must be in writing including the conference schedule, registration information and estimated costs. The Supervisor or Department Head is responsible for detailing all training requests during the budget formulation process. Approval of any conference or seminar request is conditioned upon the availability of funds. For reimbursement, an itemized statement of expenses with receipts must be submitted to the Finance Officer. Any requests for attendance at out of state conferences are discouraged and shall only be granted approval by the Administration, Finance and Human Resources Committee.

VIII. DRUG- AND ALCOHOL-FREE WORKPLACE POLICY

The possession or use of drugs and the abuse of alcohol pose a threat to the health and safety of all employees. To that end, the Employer has adopted a Drug and Alcohol-Free Workplace Policy and all employees are subject to the rules and regulations set forth in that policy. Specifically, the manufacturing, distribution, dispensing, and/or use of alcohol or drugs on the Employer's premises, or during work hours, by employees is strictly prohibited.

Any employee who is observed by a supervisor or Department Head to be intoxicated or under the influence of alcohol and drugs during working hours, or is under reasonable suspicion of same, shall be immediately tested and is subject to discipline, up to and including termination. Employees who are required to maintain a Commercial Driver's License ("CDL") are subject to random drug testing as required by the federal government. Refusal to submit to testing when requested may result in immediate disciplinary action, including termination.

The full Drug and Alcohol-Free Workplace Policy and the CDL Drug and Alcohol Testing Policy are both available for review in the Employer's Personnel, Policies and Procedures Manual.

IX. COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS

All employees who belong to collective negotiations units are entitled to the compensation and benefits described within the applicable collective negotiations agreement.

Other full-time non-contractual employees may be eligible for the benefits as provided by the Employer, subject to the rules and regulations governing the same, with the understanding that these benefits can be changed at any time by the Employer.

In connection with health benefits, the employer may require employees to re-enroll on an annual basis in order to verify proper coverage for employees and their eligible dependents. Employees shall notify the Employer of any change in circumstances affecting their coverage, e.g., birth, death, divorce, or a covered dependent reaching the age of twenty-six (26). The Employer reserves the right to conduct a coverage audit to verify proper coverage for employees and eligible dependents.

X. PAID AND UNPAID LEAVE

Family leave, military leave, illness, intermittent, and other such leaves of absence shall be granted in accordance with federal and State Laws/regulations, collective negotiations agreements, and any other guidelines that may be established by the Employer.

A. Paid Holidays

All eligible employees shall enjoy holidays with pay, to be observed on the dates specified annually by the Employer, or as otherwise outlined in the applicable collective negotiations agreement. Employees must have accountable time before and after the designated holiday to be eligible for this benefit.

Employees are entitled to the following paid holidays:

- New Year's Day
- President's Day
- Good Friday
- Memorial Day

- Juneteenth
- Independence Day
- Labor Day
- Columbus Day
- Veterans Day
- Thanksgiving Day
- Day after Thanksgiving
- Christmas Day
- Floating Holiday, usage of which should be scheduled with prior Supervisor approval

The Employer reserves the right to change or delete the holidays set forth above.

Weekend Holidays. If a paid holiday falls on a Sunday, it will be observed on the following Monday. If a paid holiday falls on a Saturday, it will be observed on the preceding Friday. Employees who work on weekends will observe the holiday on the actual day.

Eligibility for Holiday Pay. To qualify for holiday pay, employees must be in pay status the scheduled workday immediately preceding and immediately following the holiday. Any employee who is absent without Borough approval on the day before or the day after a holiday shall not receive holiday pay unless the absence was approved in advance. If a paid holiday occurs while an employee is on approved vacation or sick leave, the employee shall not have that holiday charged as sick or vacation time.

Religious Holidays. Employees who wish to observe religious holidays not designated as a holiday by the Employer may do so without loss of pay by using available personal or vacation days, but only to the extent that the employee has not already used up his or her available personal or vacation days.

B. Sick Leave

The Employer permits an employee, pursuant to N.J.S.A. § 34:11D-3(a), to use the earned sick leave accrued for any of the following instances:

- (1) Time needed for diagnosis, care, or treatment of, or recovery from, the employee's own mental or physical illness, injury or other adverse health condition, or for preventive medical care for the employee;
- (2) To aid or care for a family member during diagnosis, care, or treatment of, or recovery from, the family member's mental or physical illness, injury or other adverse health condition, or during preventive medical care for the family member;
- (3) If an employee or a family member are a victim of domestic or sexual violence, and are obtaining services from a designated domestic violence agency or other victim services organization, medical attention, legal services, counseling, or are relocating due to the domestic or sexual violence;
- (4) Closure of an employee's workplace, or of the school or place of care of an employee's child, due to an epidemic or public health emergency, or because of the issuance by a public health authority of a determination that the presence of the employee or their family member in the community would jeopardize the health of others;

(5) During a state of emergency declared by the Governor, or upon the recommendation, direction, or order of a healthcare provider or the Commissioner of Health or other authorized public official, the employee undergoes isolation or quarantine, or cares for a family member in quarantine, as a result of suspected exposure to a communicable disease and a finding by the provider or authority that the presence in the community of the employee or family member would jeopardize the health of others; or

(6) If an employee needs to attend a school-related conference, meeting, function or other event requested or required by an administrator, teacher, or other professional school staff member responsible for the education of the employee's child, or to attend a meeting regarding care provided to the child in connection with the child's health conditions or disability.

In regard to the above, the Employer requires three (3) days' notice for any foreseeable use of leave. If the use of leave is unforeseeable, the employee should notify the Employer as soon as practicable of their need to use same. Should an employee need to use three (3) or more consecutive days of leave, said employee must provide the Employer with reasonable documentation that the leave is being taken for one of the purposes permitted above. Reasonable documentation shall be as defined in N.J.S.A. § 34:11D-3(b).

For new hires, an employee is eligible to use the earned sick leave beginning on the 120th calendar day after the employee starts work. The employee may subsequently use earned sick leave as soon as it is accrued. Employees will not be paid for any unused sick leave, except as expressly required by federal or State laws, or an applicable collective negotiations agreement.

Salaried Employees. Regular salaried employees who have satisfactorily completed their probationary period are entitled to ten (10) working days of sick leave per calendar year. New employees earn .83 sick days per month in the first calendar year of employment. Sick leave is prorated whether you start employment after the first of the year or leave employment before the end of a year. Unused sick days cannot be carried over to subsequent years nor is an employee paid for any days of sick leave that have not been used. Sick leave allowance that is exceeded must be reimbursed to the Borough. A paid work day is the standard work day for each department. Use of sick leave may be reported in fifteen (15) minute increments. Sick leave is to be used only in cases where the employee is ill and unable to work, or in cases of the serious illness of a family member. Employees absent on sick leave for five or more consecutive working days must submit a doctor's verification of illness or injury. If an employee is attending to an immediate family member, including civil union partner, a doctor's verification of that individual's illness is required. After the tenth day of absence on sick leave in one calendar year, the Borough Administrator may require a doctor's verification to be submitted for all sick leave absences, regardless of duration. Prior to the return to work, the Municipality may require an employee to be examined by a physician designated by the municipality to verify fitness to return to normal duties. An employee will not be permitted to return to work until the verification is received.

Part Time Employees. This policy is drafted in accordance with New Jersey's Earned Sick Leave Law and shall apply only to employees who do not receive paid sick leave with full pay pursuant to any other law, rule, or regulation of this State, or who are covered under an applicable collective negotiations agreement. The Borough will comply with all provisions of the NJ Paid Leave Act for all part-time and hourly employees. For every 30 hours worked, an employee shall accrue one hour of sick leave. An

employee may accrue or use in any year, or carry forward from one year to the next, no more than 40 hours of earned sick leave.

In the event of employee retirement, resignation, termination or workforce reduction, an employee is entitled to sick time earned on a pro-rata basis. If an employee has used more than the amount of earned sick leave, he will need to reimburse the Borough.

C. Vacation Leave

Unless otherwise stipulated in any other employment agreement, union contract or collective bargaining agreement vacation is an accrued benefit based on the following schedule:

Regular employees earn vacation time based on calendar years of continuous service. Vacation time may be taken as of January 1st of each year. See paragraph h of this section below for pro rata details.

Each full-time* employee shall be granted vacation time by the following schedule:

Vacation schedule for employees hired prior to June 1, 2010

(Length of Continuous Service)

2 nd through 5 th Year	10 days
6 th and 7 th Year	16 days
8 th and 9 th Year	17 days
10 th and 11 th Year	18 days
12 th and 13 th Year	19 days
14 th through 24 th Year	20 days
25 Years or more	25 days

Vacation Schedule for Employees hired on or after June 1, 2010

(Length of continuous service)

2 nd through 9 th year	10 days
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Effective January 1, 2021, each full-time employee hired on or after June 1, 2010 and shall receive 15 days of vacation each year for their 2nd through 9th year.

10 th through 15 th year	15 days
16 th year	16 days
17 th year	17 days
18 th year	18 days
19 th year	19 days
20 th year	20 days

21st year plus

20 days

Vacation Schedule for Employees hired on or after June 1, 2017

(Length of continuous service)

Effective January 1, 2024, each full-time employee hired on or after June 1, 2017 and shall receive 15 days of vacation each year for their 2nd through 5th year.

6 th through 7 th year	16 days
8 th through 9 th year	17 days
10 th through 11 th year	18 days
12 th through 13 th year	19 days
14 th through 15 th year	20 days
16 th year plus	20 days

During the first calendar year with the Borough, vacation time is calculated at the rate of .83 days for each full month of service from date of hire to a maximum of ten (10) days. Employees may not take vacation until the completion of their probationary period. Employees hired after September 30th are not entitled to vacation in the calendar year in which they are hired.

- a. Employees covered under interlocal agreements or shared services shall receive vacation pursuant to individual contracts and/or agreements.
- b. Regular part-time salaried employees working 20 or more hours a week will receive a pro-rated vacation: From 1-5 years, 5 days. More than 5 years, 10 days
- c. Members of collective bargaining units and contractual employees shall be granted vacation leave in accordance with the provisions of current contracts.
- d. Vacation time must be taken by the end of the year. An employee may request in writing from his or her Department Head and Borough Administrator to take the unused portion by June 30th of the following year except as set forth in Union contracts.
- e. An employee who voluntarily leaves borough employment will be entitled to payment for unused accrued vacation time for each full month of completed service.
- f. Vacation schedules shall be approved in advance by each department supervisor on the basis of seniority and department needs.
- g. In the event of employee retirement, resignation, termination or workforce reduction, an employee is entitled to vacation earned on a pro-rata basis. For example, an employee who leaves June 30 will be entitled to 50% of his vacation allotment. If an employee has used more than the amount of earned vacation, he will need to reimburse the Borough.

*Hourly employees are not entitled to vacation.

Approval of Vacation Leave. An employee's supervisor or Department Head must approve the use of vacation time, in advance. While approval of vacation leave shall not be unreasonably withheld, the use of vacation leave shall be subject to staffing levels as solely determined by the supervisor or Department Head. Employees should submit vacation requests as early as possible to ensure adequate staffing. Absent emergent circumstances, a request to use vacation leave submitted less than three (3) days prior to the day(s) off requested shall be granted only at the discretion of the Department Head.

Employees who have an approved vacation/benefit time scheduled who call in sick the day before or day following a vacation, holiday and/or leave, and/or any other authorized day of absence may be required to submit a physician's statement.

Vacation leave must be taken in the year that it is earned, except that employees who do not take vacation leave that accrues in a given year because of business demands shall be granted that accrued leave only during the next succeeding year, with written approval of the Employer. However, vacation leave not taken in a given year because of duties directly related to a state of emergency declared by the Governor may accumulate at the discretion of the Employer until, pursuant to a plan established by the Employer, the leave is used or the employee or officer is compensated for that leave, which shall not be subject to collective negotiation or collective bargaining.

D. Personal Days

Upon completing the probationary period, regular full-time employees may take personal leave for personal, business, or religious reasons. All non-contractual full-time employees shall receive one (1) personal leave day after each completed four (4) consecutive months of employment prior to the January 1 after their date of hire. All full-time employees shall be granted three (3) personal leave days at the beginning of each calendar year in anticipation of continued employment. Temporary and seasonal employees are not eligible for personal leave benefits. Personal leave must be taken in full, half and quarter day increments.

An employee must apply for personal leave to his/her supervisor, in writing. The employee must provide the reason for the requested leave and apply for it as far in advance as possible, but not less than seventy-two (72) hours prior to the leave. An employee may take personal leave only if his/her supervisor or designee approves and grants the leave. No personal leave will be applied for, approved, or granted immediately before or after any vacation period, holiday period, or weekend, except under extraordinary circumstances.

Employees must take personal leave in the calendar year in which it is earned. Personal leave days cannot be accumulated from year to year. Any employee who exhausts all of his or her personal leave in any one (1) year shall not be credited with additional paid personal leave until the beginning of the next calendar year. An employee who has resigned, was dismissed or has otherwise been separated from employment will not be paid for any unused personal time.

E. Bereavement Leave

All full-time employees shall have up to five (5) days leave in the event of the death of a spouse, child, parent, grandparent, brother, sister, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law,

father-in-law, mother-in-law, grandchild, uncle or aunt of the employee or any other member of the immediate household. Two (2) days leave will be given to attend the funeral services of a spouse's aunt, uncle or grandparent. Permanent part-time employees may be entitled to bereavement leave on a pro-rated basis.

Such leave will not be taken until the immediate supervisor is notified of the instance of bereavement. The Employer may require proof of loss of a decedent whenever such requirement appears reasonable. Bereavement leave is specifically provided to allow employees time to make necessary arrangements and attend funeral services, and shall only be used for the following reasons: (i) date of death; (ii) any day of viewing; (iii) date of interment; and (iv) day of religious or memorial service. In no event shall any part of bereavement leave occur more than fifteen (15) days from the date of death.

Procedure to use bereavement leave:

1. Employees who request bereavement leave must notify their Department Head of their intent to take such leave as soon as possible. Unless impracticable, employees should request bereavement leave in writing.
2. The Department Head or his or her designee shall notify the Borough Administrator that an employee is using bereavement leave.
3. Employees who request an extension of bereavement leave beyond the established number of days shall have such extensions charged to accumulated unused vacation or personal time. If an employee has used all of his or her accrued leave time, extended bereavement leave will be considered as a request for a leave of absence without pay.

F. Family and Medical Leave

The Employer shall provide family and medical leave in accordance with the federal Family and Medical Leave Act ("FMLA") and the New Jersey Family Leave Act ("NJFLA"). The Employer will comply with requirements of the New Jersey and Federal Family Leave laws. The laws have similar and different provisions that may provide different rights and obligations for the employee and/or the Employer. The employee shall be afforded the most favorable rights if there is a conflict in the rights afforded to the employee under the laws.

FMLA Leave – The FMLA entitles eligible employees with up to twelve (12) weeks of unpaid, job-protected leave in a defined twelve (12) month period for the following reasons:

- a. the birth of a child and in order to care for such child;
- b. the placement of a child with the employee for adoption or foster care;
- c. in order to care for the family member of the employee who is suffering from a serious health condition;
- d. for a serious health condition that makes the employee unable to perform the functions of his/her position; or
- e. because of any qualifying exigency arising out of the fact that the employee's family member is a military member on active duty or call to covered active duty status (or has been notified of an impending call or order to covered active duty).

In addition, eligible employees may take up to a combined total of twenty-six (26) unpaid workweeks in a single twelve (12) month period to care for a covered military service member with a serious injury or illness.

FMLA Eligibility – To be eligible for FMLA leave, an employee must have: (i) worked for the Employer for at least twelve (12) months; (ii) worked at least 1,250 hours in the twelve (12) months immediately preceding commencement of the leave; and (iii) be employed at a worksite where the employer has at least fifty (50) employees within seventy-five (75) miles. The twelve (12) months the staff member must have been employed need not be consecutive months pursuant to 29 CFR §825.110(b). The minimum 1,250 hours worked shall be determined according to the principles established under the Fair Labor Standards Act (“FLSA”) for determining compensable hours of work pursuant to 29 CFR §785. Entitlement to FMLA leave taken for the birth of a son or daughter or placement of a son or daughter with the staff member for adoption or foster care shall expire at the end of the twelve (12) month period beginning on the date of such birth or placement.

Pursuant to 29 CFR §825.201(b), married couples both employed by the Employer are limited to a combined total of twelve (12) weeks of leave during the applicable twelve (12) month period if the leave is taken for the birth of a child, or to care for such child after birth; for placement of a child with the staff member for adoption or foster care or in order to care for the child after placement; or to care for the staff member’s parent with a serious health condition.

Returning from FMLA Leave – Upon return from FMLA leave, an employee shall be entitled to the position he/she held when the FMLA leave commenced, or to an equivalent position of like seniority, status, employment benefits, pay, and other conditions of employment. If the Employer experiences a reduction in force or layoff and the employee would have lost his/her position had the staff member not been on family leave as a result of the reduction in force or pursuant to the good faith operation of a bona fide layoff and recall system, including a system under any collective bargaining agreement, the employee shall be entitled to reinstatement to the former or an equivalent position in accordance with applicable statutes, codes, and laws.

Certification of Health Care Provider – The Employer expects that requests for FMLA leave for the purposes of the employee’s own serious health condition, or to care for a family member with a serious health condition, shall be accompanied by a completed Certification of Health Care Provider (attached). Notwithstanding, following submission of a request for FMLA leave, an employee shall have up to fifteen (15) calendar days to provide the Employer with a completed Certification.

Prior to designating an employee for FMLA leave, he/she shall be required to provide the Employer with the attached FMLA Certification of Health Care Provider form, completed by the employee’s and/or employee’s family member’s health care provider. The information contained in the completed Certification shall guide the Employer in appropriate designation of the employee’s leave of absence. The Employer reserves the right to seek additional documentation necessary to initiate/continue an employee’s FMLA leave, in accordance with applicable FMLA regulations.

FMLA Entitlement Period – The method to determine the twelve (12) month period in which the twelve (12) weeks of FMLA leave entitlement occurs will be a “rolling” twelve (12) month period measured backward from the date an employee uses any family leave.

Utilization of Paid Leave. Utilization of Paid Leave. Generally, FMLA leave is unpaid. However, depending upon the circumstances, employees may be entitled to receive short-term disability,

workers' compensation benefits, paid family leave benefits, or other state-sponsored wage replacement benefits which pay a portion of normal compensation. These benefits will run concurrently with the employee's unpaid leave. An employee who is eligible for these benefits may also choose to use accumulated paid leave during their approved unpaid leave. Employees may not receive more than 100% of salary at any time. *[municipality should include one of the following provisions: An employee will be required to use any available accumulated paid leave concurrently with the employee's FMLA leave. OR An employee may choose to use any available accumulated paid leave concurrently with the employee's FMLA leave.]*

Employment While on FMLA Leave – An employee designated for FMLA leave is prohibited from performing any services on a full-time basis for any person for whom the employee did not provide services immediately prior to commencement of the leave. An employee using FMLA leave may commence part-time employment that shall not exceed half the regularly scheduled hours worked for the Employer. The employee may continue the part-time employment that commenced prior to the FMLA leave at the same number of hours that the staff member was regularly scheduled prior to such leave.

NJFLA Leave – The NJFLA entitles eligible employees with up to twelve (12) weeks of unpaid, job-protected leave in a defined twenty-four (24) month period for the following reasons:

- a. the birth of a child and in order to care for such child;
- b. the placement of a child with the employee for adoption or foster care;
- c. in order to care for the family member of the employee who is suffering from a serious health condition;
- d. In the event of a state of emergency declared by the Governor, or when indicated to be needed by the Commissioner of Health or other public health authority, an epidemic of a communicable disease, a known or suspected exposure to the communicable disease, or efforts to prevent spread of a communicable disease, which:
 - (i) requires in-home care or treatment of a child due to the closure of the school or place of care of the child of the employee, by order of a public official due to the epidemic or other public health emergency;
 - (ii) prompts the issuance by a public health authority of a determination, including by mandatory quarantine, requiring or imposing responsive or prophylactic measures as a result of illness caused by an epidemic of a communicable disease or known or suspected exposure to the communicable disease because the presence in the community of a family member in need of care by the employee, would jeopardize the health of others; or
 - (iii) results in the recommendation of a health care provider or public health authority, that a family member in need of care by the employee voluntarily undergo self-quarantine as a result of suspected exposure to a communicable disease because the presence in the community of that family member in need of care by the employee, would jeopardize the health of others; or

NJFLA Eligibility – To be eligible for NJFLA leave, an employee must have: (i) worked for the Employer for at least twelve (12) months; and (ii) worked at least 1,000 hours in the twelve (12) months immediately preceding commencement of the leave. The calculation of the twelve-month period to determine eligibility shall commence with the commencement of the NJFLA leave. NJFLA leave taken

for the birth or adoption of a healthy child may commence at any time within a year after the date of the birth or placement for adoption.

The Employer shall grant a family leave under the NJFLA to more than one employee from the same family at the same time, provided such employees are otherwise eligible for the leave. N.J.A.C. 13:14-1.12.

Employment While on NJFLA Leave – An employee designated for NJFLA leave is prohibited from performing any services on a full-time basis for any person for whom the employee did not provide services immediately prior to commencement of the leave. An employee on NJFLA leave may commence part-time employment that shall not exceed half the regularly scheduled hours worked for the Employer. The employee may continue the part-time employment that commenced prior to the NJFLA leave at the same number of hours that the staff member was regularly scheduled prior to such leave.

NJFLA Entitlement Period – The method to determine the twenty-four (24) month period in which the twelve (12) weeks of NJFLA leave entitlement occurs will be a “rolling” twenty-four (24) month period measured backward from the date an employee uses any leave.

Intermittent and/or Reduced Schedule Leave – Requests for intermittent and/or reduced schedule leave under both the FMLA and the NJFLA shall be reviewed by the Employer on a case-by-case basis and in accordance with the federal and State laws and regulations promulgated thereto.

Relationship to Other Laws – If the employee is eligible for leave for reasons provided under both the FMLA and NJFLA, then the leave time taken shall be concurrent and be applied to both laws. In the event the reason for the family leave is recognized under one law and not the other law, the employee is eligible for each law’s leave entitlements within one twelve (12) month period. For example, an employee may use his/her FMLA leave for a twelve (12) week family leave for their own pregnancy, which is considered a “serious health condition” under FMLA, and upon conclusion of the twelve (12) weeks of FMLA leave, the employee would be eligible for a twelve (12) week NJFLA leave to care for their newborn or any other reasons pursuant to the NJFLA.

During any period of designated FMLA/NJFLA leave, the Employer shall continue an employee’s group health benefits in a manner consistent with that to which the employee received immediately preceding commencement of the FMLA/NJFLA leave. The employee is responsible to make all group health benefits contributions during his/her leave period, in accordance with Chapter 78, P.L. 2011, and any applicable collective negotiations agreement. If an employee does not return to work after his/her FMLA/NJFLA leave expires, the Employer is entitled to recover health insurance costs paid while the employee was on FMLA/NJFLA leave.

Following exhaustion and/or termination of the FMLA/NJFLA leave period, the Employer may continue an employee’s group health benefits, at the employee’s request. In the event that the employee determines to continue his/her group health benefits following a period of designated FMLA/NJFLA leave, he/she shall be solely responsible for the full premium amount due.

During a period of unpaid leave to care for a family member with a serious health condition or a newborn or adopted child or child placed into foster care with the employee, the employee may be eligible for up to twelve (12) weeks of Family Leave Insurance (“FLI”) payments through the State in a twelve (12) month period. FLI is a monetary benefit paid by the State and not a separate leave entitlement, and will thus run concurrently with FMLA and/or FLA leaves.

G. Domestic Violence Leave

The New Jersey Security and Financial Empowerment Act, also known as the "NJ SAFE Act" provides protection for employees and their family members who have been the victim of domestic violence or sexual assault. Employees are entitled to twenty (20) days of unpaid protected leave from work to:

- Seek medical attention for physical or psychological injuries;
- Obtain services from a victim services organization, pursue psychological or other counseling;
- Participate in safety planning for temporary or permanent relocation;
- Seek legal assistance to ensure health and safety of the employee or the employee's relative; or
- Attend, participate in, or prepare for a criminal or civil court proceeding relating to an incident of domestic or sexual violence.

To be eligible for the leave, an employee must meet the following criteria:

- The employee or their family member must be a victim of domestic violence or a sexually violent offense;
- The employee must have worked for the employer for at least twelve (12) months and for at least 1,000 hours during the twelve (12) month period immediately preceding the requested leave; and
- The twenty (20) day leave must be taken within one (1) year of the qualifying event.

Employees may take leave on an intermittent basis but such leave cannot be shorter than one (1) full day. To the extent the leave is foreseeable, employees must provide advance notice. In addition, employees seeking leave must provide proof that they qualify for the leave. Such proof may include a restraining order, letter from a prosecutor, proof of conviction, medical documentation or a certification from an agency or professional involved in assisting the employee.

In certain circumstances, the basis for the leave may also qualify under the federal Family and Medical Leave Act ("FMLA") and/or the New Jersey Family Leave Act ("NJFLA"). If so, the Employer will treat the leave concurrently with the leave under those statutes.

The Employer shall protect the privacy of employees who seek leave by holding the request for leave, the leave itself or the failure to return to work "in the strictest confidence."

The Employer shall not retaliate, harass or discriminate against any employee exercising his/her right to take the leave provided by this policy.

Employees taking such leave may be eligible for Family Leave Insurance benefits through the State.

H. Military Leave

The Employer recognizes that a strong, ready Reserve and National Guard are essential to the defense of this nation in time of national emergency, disaster, domestic violence, or foreign aggression. The Employer also encourages its employees to serve in the Reserve or National Guard and recognizes the great personal and economic sacrifices of the patriotic men and women who may be called to duty in time of crisis.

Military leave with pay will be granted to an employee in accordance with N.J.S.A. 38:23-1, N.J.S.A. 38a:4-4 and the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act (“USERRA”).

I. Jury Duty

All full-time employees required to perform jury duty shall receive full pay from the Employer for all time spent on jury duty. In turn, any jury duty fees received by the employee must be remitted to the Employer. Employees put on “stand by” are required to report for work.

When an employee is called for jury duty and for the duration of such service, the employee shall be entitled to a temporary leave with pay provided that:

- The employee submits a written request with a copy of the summons to his or her Department Head within three (3) business days after receipt of the summons;
- The employee inquires about the anticipated length of service and informs his or her Department Head of the expected duration in advance of accepting service;
- The employee notifies his or her Department Head as soon as possible if the length of jury duty has been extended beyond the original return date;
- The employee communicates with their Department Head to determine when they will report to work at such time as his or her presence as a juror is not required;
- The employee provides his or her Department Head with an appropriate certification or order from the assignment judge, clerk of the court or such other officer as shall be appropriate setting forth the period of such jury duty service to be attached to the weekly time sheet; and
- The employee reimburses the Employer for any payments or fees received as a result of such jury service less any meal or travel expenses.

The Employer will reassign shift workers to the day shift during jury duty leave.

Witness Duty Leave of Absence. The Employer is aware that employees may be subpoenaed to appear as witnesses in trials before the court. The Employer will provide employees with a paid leave of absence for matters stemming from their employment. For personal matters, employees will use available personal days or vacation days.

J. Leaves Without Pay

Other leaves of absence without pay shall be granted in accordance with federal and State regulations, and any other guidelines as may be established by the Employer.

XI. WORKERS’ COMPENSATION

Employees who suffer job-related injuries and illnesses may be entitled to medical expenses, lost income and other compensation under the New Jersey Workers’ Compensation Act (“NJWCL”). The Employer covers workers’ compensation benefits through its membership in a joint insurance fund and/or with a self-insurance plan. Any occupational injury or illness must be immediately reported to the employee’s supervisor or Department Head. All required medical treatment must be performed by a Workers’ Compensation Physician appointed by either the joint insurance fund or the Employer, and payment for unauthorized medical treatment may not be covered pursuant to the NJWCL.

Unless explicitly provided for in a collective negotiations agreement, the Employer will only pay, either directly or through its Workers’ Compensation insurer, those benefits that are specifically provided for under the NJWCL and will not supplement these benefits with additional benefits.

XII. DOMESTIC VIOLENCE POLICY

The Employer hereby adopts the Statewide Domestic Violence Policy for Public Employers released by the New Jersey Civil Service Commission, which is applicable to all public employers pursuant to N.J.S.A. 11A:2-6a. Such policy requires that the Employer designate a Human Resources Officer (“HRO”) to assist employees who are victims of domestic violence. The HRO must receive training on responding to and assisting employees who are domestic violence victims in accordance with the policy. Employees who are victims of domestic violence are encouraged to seek immediate assistance from their HRO. The Employer will develop a plan to identify, respond to, and correct employee performance issues that may be caused by a domestic violence incident.

The full policy is available for review in the Employer’s Personnel, Policies and Procedures Manual.

XIII. PROTECTION AND SAFE TREATMENT OF MINORS

The Employer is fully committed to protecting the health, safety and welfare of minors who interact with officials, employees, and volunteers of the Employer to the maximum extent possible and has adopted a policy which establishes the guidelines for officials, employees, and volunteers who set policy for the Employer or may work with or interact with individuals under 18 years of age, and those who supervise employees, and volunteers who may work with or interact with individuals under 18 years of age, with the goal of promoting the safety and wellbeing of minors. The full policy is available for review in the Employer’s Personnel, Policies and Procedures Manual.

XIV. DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURE

It is the responsibility of the immediate supervisor to enforce and maintain proper discipline. To ensure that employees are informed when infractions or shortcomings are noted, a progressive disciplinary procedure will ordinarily be utilized. In certain severe instances, however, it may be necessary to bypass one or more of the preliminary steps in order to impose suspension or dismissal of an employee.

Grounds for Disciplinary Action – Many types of conduct may be grounds for disciplinary action, up to and including termination. They include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. Incompetency, inefficiency or failure to perform duties;
2. Insubordination;
3. Inability to perform duties;
4. Chronic or excessive absenteeism or lateness;
5. Conviction of a crime;
6. Conduct unbecoming a public employee;
7. Neglect of duty;
8. Misuse of public property, including motor vehicles;
9. Discrimination that affects equal employment opportunity, including sexual harassment;

10. Violation of Federal Regulations concerning drug and alcohol use by employees who perform functions related to the operation of commercial motor vehicles and state and local policies issued thereunder;
11. Violation of residence requirement; and
12. Other sufficient cause.

Major disciplinary action includes termination, disciplinary demotion or suspension or fine exceeding five working days. Minor discipline includes a formal, written reprimand or a suspension or fine of five working days or less. Employees who object to the terms or conditions of the discipline are entitled to a hearing under the applicable grievance procedure. In every case involving employee discipline, employees will be provided with an opportunity to respond to charges either verbally or in writing.

XV. COMPLAINT PROCEDURE

Most employees have incorporated grievance procedures within their collective negotiation's agreements. An employee who wishes to initiate a grievance or complaint concerning wages, hours of work or other terms and conditions of employment, may do so pursuant to the terms of his/ her collective negotiations agreement.

A non-contractual employee should discuss any complaints with his or her immediate supervisor for the purpose of resolving the matter informally. It is the policy of the Employer to maintain open lines of communication with all employees. Any complaints that are not resolved between the employee and the supervisor, may be brought to the attention of the Department Head for additional review and resolution.

**RESOLUTION
BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE
BERGEN COUNTY, NJ**

DATE: 09/04/2025

RESOLUTION# 25-203

Council	Motion	Second	Yes	No	Abstain	Absent
Yaccarino						
O'Toole						
Homan						
Lovisollo						
Daloisio						
O'Connell						
Mayor Wilczynski	-----	-----				

☐ Carried
☐ Defeated
☐ Tabled
☐ Approved on
Consent Agenda

**APPROVAL OF 2025/2026 AGREEMENT CONCERNING THE HIRING AND PLACEMENT
OF TWO CLASS III SPECIAL LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS FOR THE ALLENDALE SCHOOL
DISTRICT**

WHEREAS, the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Allendale (the "Borough") has determined that it is in the best interests of Allendale, The Allendale School District (the "District") Board of Education (the "Board"), and the community at large, to provide for the appointment of two (2) Class III Special Law Enforcement Officers ("SLEO") at the Allendale School District for the 2025/2026 school year; and

WHEREAS, the Public Safety Committee on behalf of Allendale and representatives on behalf of the Board have agreed upon terms for appointment of (two) SLEO for the 2025/2026 school year and wish to memorialize same; and

WHEREAS, Board has advised Allendale that it has sufficient funding to provide for the establishment of such positions in accordance with the written agreement referenced herein, subject to subsequent authorization and appointment by Allendale; and

WHEREAS, Allendale, by adoption of this Resolution, authorizes the approval of said agreement, subject to written agreement and appointment resolution by Board regarding same as well as review and approval by the Borough Attorney.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED by the Governing Body of the Borough of Allendale that it authorizes and approves a contract with the Allendale School District Board of Education for two (2) Class III Special Law Enforcement Officers at the Allendale School District for the 2025/2026 school year, subject to written agreement and appointment resolution by Board regarding same as well as review by the Borough Attorney; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Mayor, the Municipal Clerk, the Chief Financial Officer and the Borough Attorney are authorized to take all appropriate actions so as to implement this Resolution.

I hereby certify the above to be a true copy of a Resolution adopted by the Governing Body of the Borough of Allendale on September 4, 2025.

Linda Louise Cervino, RMC
Municipal Clerk

AGREEMENT
CONCERNING THE HIRING AND PLACEMENT OF SPECIAL LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER III
IN
THE ALLENDALE SCHOOL DISTRICT
BY AND BETWEEN
THE BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE
AND
THE ALLENDALE SCHOOL DISTRICT

WHEREAS, the State of New Jersey has created a new class of Special Police Officers known as Special Police Officer III (SLEO III) specifically and solely for the purpose of school security as outlined in N.J.S.A. 40A:14-146.10, 40A:14-146.11, 40A:14-146.14, and 40A:14-146.16, and other appropriate provisions of New Jersey law; and

WHEREAS, the Borough of Allendale (the “Borough”) and the Allendale School District (the “District”) Board of Education (the “Board”) agree that having security personnel that are Special Police Officers who are specifically trained for school security is a best practice for the safety and security of the students and staff at Brookside and Hillside Schools; and

WHEREAS, the Borough and the Board agree that school security is of the utmost importance to create a safe learning environment for students.

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS AGREED by and between the Borough and the District that the Borough, through the Allendale Police Department (the “Police Department”), shall hire, subject to the terms of this Agreement (“Agreement”), and make available two (2) SLEO III to the Allendale School District, as specified under the following terms and conditions:

- 1) Rate of pay. The rate of pay paid by the Borough for the SLEO III shall be \$39.25 per hour. Such rate of pay shall be reimbursed by the District to the Borough, along with all other costs, as set forth in Paragraph 3 below.
- 2) Classification of SLEO III. The SLEO III shall be classified as an hourly part-time, “at will” employee of the Borough, who is not entitled to pension, health or other benefits from either the Borough or the District. Such officer shall serve at the pleasure of the Borough, and nothing herein is intended to create any contractual right to employment by a SLEO III. Nothing herein is intended to, nor shall it, create any employment relationship between the District and the SLEO III.

In the event that the Borough is required by law to provide any such benefits, as outlined above, such costs shall be reimbursed by the District to the Borough as set forth under Paragraph 3 below.

3) Reimbursement/Payment requirements.

- a. The District agrees to reimburse the Borough for all costs related to the Borough's hiring, training, outfitting and employment of the SLEO III, which shall include, but is not limited to the following:
 - i. Wages and associated payroll costs for the hours worked by the SLEO III;
 - ii. All costs associated with the hiring and equipping of the SLEO III including uniforms, bulletproof vests, Police Department issued equipment, training hours and any other additional costs associated with the employment, training and outfitting of the SLEO III.
 - iii. All pre-employment and post-employment medical and physiological examination costs.
 - iv. Any mandated police training courses, costs associated with attending the same, costs for in house police training mandated by the Attorney General Guidelines, costs of qualifying ammunition, and the costs of any required classes mandated by the Police Training Commission.
- b. The SLEO III assigned to the Allendale School District will turn over time cards signed by the school designee to the Allendale Police Department for processing on a bi-monthly basis.
- c. The Borough shall bill the District for wages and associated payroll costs set forth herein on a semiannual basis in July and January. For the School year 2025-2026, the Borough shall waive the right to any reimbursement of administrative oversight fees.
- d. The District shall reimburse the Borough for all other allowable costs set forth herein as incurred and billed to be paid within thirty (30) days of receipt of a completed invoice from the Borough.

- 4) Vetting of officers. The vetting process for the SLEO III hired by the Borough and assigned to the Allendale School District will be agreed upon by both the Borough and the District prior to appointment of the SLEO III. The Chief of Police shall confer with the District Superintendent during the hiring process. No special law enforcement officer shall be appointed if he/she is not deemed acceptable by the District Superintendent. The Borough will appoint special law enforcement officers sufficient to perform the duties and responsibilities permitted by and in accordance with law. The SLEO III assigned to the Allendale School District shall be under the supervision and direction of the Chief of Police. In the event that the District Superintendent determines that the SLEO III hired by the Borough and assigned to the Allendale School District is not performing the duties to the satisfaction of the Superintendent, or engages in misconduct, the Borough, upon written notice from the Superintendent to the Borough, agrees to institute appropriate procedures to effectuate discipline, which can include up to termination of the SLEO III for cause.
- 5) Policies and procedures. The SLEO III shall be subject to the Rules and Regulations of the Police Department. The Police Department will consult with the District Superintendent regarding any additional policies and procedures governing the use of the SLEO III, but the Borough shall maintain, in its sole discretion, the sole authority as to the adoption of such policies.
- 6) Assignment and duties. Assignment and daily duties at the Allendale School District will be determined by the District Superintendent or his/her designee in accordance with the established Police Department Policies and Procedures and State Law, and in accordance with the terms of this Agreement. The SLEO III shall only serve during school hours, while school is in session, or such events when the school is occupied by students, subject to any required training days.
- 7) Training. Police training for the SLEO III will be scheduled and administered by the Police Department consistent with current policy. All training shall be conducted in consultation with the District to ensure school security is not compromised.
- 8) Uniforms and equipment. The SLEO III will be armed with Police Department service weapons and shall wear uniforms with SLEO III patches as required by State Law. Use of any department issued service weapon shall only be used in accordance with N.J.S.A.40A:14-146.14.
- 9) Insurance. The Borough will name the District an additional insured on its insurance policy with respect to the performance of the SLEO III's work in the District, and will provide the District with proof of having named the District as an additional insured.

- 10) Term of agreement. This Agreement shall be deemed effective as of the start of the 2025-2026 School Year and shall remain in effect until the end of the 2025-2026 School Year. However, nothing herein shall be deemed to exclude from reimbursement under Paragraph 3 any training days ordered by the Borough's Chief of Police. This Agreement may be revoked prior to its expiration, by either the District or the Borough, upon thirty (30) days' written notice.
- 11) Modifications in Writing. Modifications or the waiver of any provisions of this Agreement shall in no event be effective unless the same shall be in writing and signed by the parties hereto, and then such modification or waiver shall be effective only in the specific instance and for the specific purpose for which given.
- 12) Failure to Exercise Rights. Neither any failure nor any delay on the part of either party in exercising any right, power or privilege hereunder shall operate as a waiver thereof, nor shall a single or partial exercise thereof preclude any other or further exercise of any other right, power or privilege.
- 13) Assignment. There shall be no assignment of this Agreement by any party hereto.
- 14) Captions. The section headings contained herein are for reference purposes only and shall not in any way affect the meaning or interpretation of the Agreement.
- 15) Severability. In the event any provision of this Agreement shall be held invalid or unenforceable by any court of competent jurisdiction, such holding shall not invalidate or render unenforceable any other provision hereof.
- 16) Counterparts. This Agreement may be signed in any number of counterparts with the same effect as if the signatures thereto and hereto were upon the same instrument.
- 17) Reservation. Except as otherwise expressly set forth in this Agreement, the Borough and the District reserve all of their respective rights and powers under Federal Law and the laws of the State of New Jersey.
- 18) Entire Agreement. This Agreement and its provisions constitutes the entire understanding and agreement of the parties regarding all matters covered herein, and any prior discussions, representations, understandings and agreements are hereby superseded by this Agreement. The parties agree to be bound hereby and acknowledge that there are no representations, warranties, covenants, or undertakings other than those expressly set forth herein.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have duly executed this Agreement on the day and year first above written.

WITNESS

BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE

Linda Louise Cervino

Borough Clerk

Date _____

Amy E. Wilczynski

Mayor

WITNESS

ALLENDALE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Maria Engeleit

Business Administrator

Date _____

Michael J. Barcadepone, Ed. D.

Superintendent

**RESOLUTION
BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE
BERGEN COUNTY, NJ**

DATE: 09/04/2025

RESOLUTION# 25-204

Council	Motion	Second	Yes	No	Abstain	Absent
Yaccarino						
O'Toole						
Homan						
Lovisollo						
Daloisio						
O'Connell						
Mayor Wilczynski	-----	-----				

☐ Carried
☐ Defeated
☐ Tabled
☐ Approved on
Consent Agenda

**RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING HIRING OF A SPECIAL LAW ENFORCEMENT
OFFICER (SLEO III) – CRAIG SIMKO**

BE IT RESOLVED by the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Allendale, County of Bergen, State of New Jersey, upon recommendation of the Chief of Police and Public Safety Committee, that effective September 1, 2025, Craig Simko is hereby appointed as Class III Special Law Enforcement Officers (SLEO III) of the Allendale Police Department, assigned to the Allendale School District (the "District") at the salary of \$39.25 per hour.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Borough of Allendale is to be reimbursed by the District for all costs related to the Borough's hiring, training, outfitting and employment of SLEO III Craig Simko, subject to a written agreement in accordance with Resolution #25-203 on September 4, 2025.

I hereby certify the above to be a true copy of a Resolution adopted by the Governing Body of the Borough of Allendale on September 4, 2025.

Linda Louise Cervino, RMC
Municipal Clerk

**RESOLUTION
BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE
BERGEN COUNTY, NJ**

DATE: 08/04/2025

RESOLUTION# 25-205

Council	Motion	Second	Yes	No	Abstain	Absent
Yaccarino						
O'Toole						
Homan						
Lovisolo						
Daloisio						
O'Connell						
Mayor Wilczynski	-----	-----				

☐ Carried
☐ Defeated
☐ Tabled
☐ Approved on
Consent Agenda

**APPROVAL OF PAYMENT NO. 4 AND FINAL FOR NJ MA-22 & MA-23
ALLENDALE STREETSCAPE PROJECT PHASE V & VI – A.A. BERMS LLC**

BE IT RESOLVED by the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Allendale, Bergen County, New Jersey that the contract for the MA 22-23 Allendale Streetscape Project – Phases V & VI (NJDOT Funded) is currently in construction by A.A. Berms LLC, PO Box 180, Belleville, New Jersey 07109 in accordance with the Plans and Specifications, as directed by the Project Engineer. The said construction is hereby accepted for Payment No. 4 and Final in the amount of Thirty-One Thousand Five Hundred Twenty-Eight Dollars and Thirty Cents (\$31,528.30) is hereby approved.

This Resolution to take effect immediately.

I hereby certify the above to be a true copy of a Resolution adopted by the Governing Body of the Borough of Allendale on September 4, 2025.

Linda Louise Cervino, RMC
Municipal Clerk



EXPERIENCED
DEDICATED
RESPONSIVE

negliagroup.com

VIA: USPS MAIL & EMAIL

August 25, 2025

Ms. Alison Altano, Borough CFO
Municipal Building/Civic Center
Borough of Allendale, 500 West Crescent Avenue
Allendale, New Jersey 07401

Re: Payment Package #4 & Final
MA 22-23 Allendale Streetscape Project - Phases V & VI (NJDOT Funded)
Borough of Allendale
Bergen County, New Jersey
Neglia File No.: ALLEMUN24.010

Dear Ms. Altano:

Accordingly, enclosed please find the following information with regard to the above reference project, which reflects the work performed to date on West Allendale Avenue.

- Borough of Allendale Payment Voucher No. 4 and Final in the amount of Thirty-One Thousand Five Hundred Twenty-Eight Dollars and Thirty Cents (\$31,528.30).
- Borough of Allendale Engineering Certificate and Payment Resolution No. 4 and Final in the amount of Thirty-One Thousand Five Hundred Twenty-Eight Dollars and Thirty Cents (\$31,528.30).
- Change Order and Change Order Resolution No. 1 and Final for an overall **contract reduction** in the amount of Eighteen Thousand Five Hundred Twenty-Three Dollars and Fifty-Seven Cents (\$18,523.57).
- Maintenance Bond.
- Certified Payrolls.

We trust you will find the above in order. Should you have any questions or require additional information, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned.

Very truly yours,
Neglia Group

David Juzmeski, P.E., P.P.
For the Borough of Allendale
Borough of Allendale

cc: Linda L. Cervino, Brough Clerk, Borough of Allendale (*via email w/ attachments*)
Jason Menzella, Neglia (*via email w/ attachments*)
A.A. Berms LLC (*via email w/ attachments*)

LYNDHURST

34 Park Avenue
PO Box 426
Lyndhurst, NJ 07071
p. 201.939.8805 f. 201.939.0846

MOUNTAINSIDE

200 Central Avenue
Suite 102
Mountainside, NJ 07092
p. 201.939.8805 f. 732.943.7249

DEPARTMENT	DATE
Engineering	8/25/2025
VENDOR NUMBER	

Borough of Allendale
Municipal Building / Civic Center
500 West Crescent Ave
Allendale, NJ 07401

TAX ID#

PURCHASE ORDER NUMBER	
Nº	4 and Final
The above order number must appear on all invoices, packages and correspondence.	
YOUR INVOICE NUMBER	
ALLEMUN24.010	

In connection with P.L. 2004, c.57, no purchase order or payment can be made to a vendor who does not have a Business aRegistration Certificate on file with the Borough.

V
E
N
D
O
R

A.A. Berms LLC
PO Box 180
Bellville, New Jersey 07109

S
H
I
P

T
O

QUANTITY	UNIT	DESCRIPTION OF MATERIALS OR SERVICES	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT
1		For the labor, material and equipment in accordance with the Engineer's Certificate #4 and Final for the project entitled: MA 22-23 Allendale Streetscape Project - Phases V & VI (NJDOT Funded)		\$ 31,528.30

CLAIMANT'S CERTIFICATION AND DECLARATION

I DO SOLEMNLY DECLARE AND CERTIFY UNDER THE PENALTIES OF THE LAW THAT THE WITHIN BILL IS CORRECT IN ALL ITS PARTICULARS; THAT THE ARTICLES HAVE BEEN FURNISHED OR SERVICES RENDERED AS STATED THEREIN; THAT NO BONUS HAS BEEN GIVEN OR RECEIVED BY ANY PERSON OR PERSONS WITHIN THE KNOWLEDGE OF THIS CLAIMANT IN CONNECTION WITH THE ABOVE CLAIM; THAT THE AMOUNT THEREIN STATED IS JUSTLY DUE AND OWING; AND THAT THE AMOUNT CHARGED IS A REASONABLE ONE.

X

OWNER


8/25/2025

VENDOR SIGN HERE AND RETURN FOR PAYMENT

TITLE

DATE

SPACE BELOW TO BE FILLED OUT BY MUNICIPAL OFFICIALS

DEPARTMENT CERTIFICATION	APPROVED AND ORDERED PAID FINANCE - COMMITTEE	APPROPRIATION CHARGED	AMOUNT
I hereby certify from personal knowledge that the goods and services charged for in the above Claim have been received and rendered as stated.			
 8/25/25	FINANCE CHAIR		
CHAIR/DEPARTMENT HEAD	PAYMENT RECORD		
Prices Herein Quoted Are Correct With Contract -Bid -Requisition -Standard -Price In Order Named And This Bill Is Approved:	Check No. _____		
	Date _____		
DEPARTMENT LIASION			

THE NEGLIA GROUP
ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATE N° 4 & FINAL

MUNICIPALITY: Borough of Allendale
PROJECT: MA 22-23 Allendale Streetscape Project - Phases V & VI (NJDOT Funded)
CONTRACTOR: A.A. Berms LLC
PO Box 180
Bellville, New Jersey 07109

SHEET: 1 of 2
DATE: August 25, 2025
NEGLIA FILE: ALLEMUN24.010

BASE BID A

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	CONTRACT QUANTITY	EXTRA OR SUPPL.	REDUCTION	PREVIOUS ESTIMATE(S)	QTY. THIS ESTIMATE	QUANTITY TO DATE	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT THIS EST.	AMOUNT EXTRA	AMOUNT REDUCTION	AMOUNT TO DATE
1	Mobilization	LS	1			1.00		1.00	\$ 10,000.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,000.00
2	Breakaway Barricades	UNIT	25		25.00				\$ 0.01	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 0.25	\$ -
3	Drum	UNIT	25		25.00				\$ 0.01	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 0.25	\$ -
4	Traffic Cone	UNIT	50		50.00				\$ 0.01	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 0.50	\$ -
5	Construction Signs	UNIT	100		100.00				\$ 0.01	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1.00	\$ -
6	Traffic Director, Flagger	HOURS	200			200.00		200.00	\$ 83.28	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,656.00
7	Clearing Site	LS	1			1.00		1.00	\$ 6,000.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,000.00
8	Inlet Filter, Type 1	SF	10		10.00				\$ 0.01	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 0.10	\$ -
9	Tree Protection	LF	435		435.00				\$ 2.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 870.00	\$ -
10	9" X 18" Concrete Vertical Curb	LF	10	104.50		114.50		114.50	\$ 60.00	\$ -	\$ 6,270.00	\$ -	\$ 6,870.00
11	Belgian Block Curb	LF	265		206.50	58.50		58.50	\$ 36.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,434.00	\$ 2,106.00
12	Concrete Sidewalk, Reinforced, 6" Thick	SY	5	6.35		11.35		11.35	\$ 120.00	\$ -	\$ 762.00	\$ -	\$ 1,362.00
13	Concrete Sidewalk with Copthorne Paver Band	SY	330		49.20	280.80		280.80	\$ 145.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,134.00	\$ 40,716.00
14	Concrete Driveway with Copthorne Paver Band	SY	80		39.00	41.00		41.00	\$ 155.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,045.00	\$ 6,355.00
15	Detectable Warning Surface	SY	2			2.00		2.00	\$ 500.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,000.00
16	Reset Existing Casting	UNIT	3		3.00				\$ 100.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 300.00	\$ -
17	Decorative Street Light, Complete (Including Electrification)	UNIT	7			7.00		7.00	\$ 13,400.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 93,800.00
18	Trash Receptable	UNIT	4			4.00		4.00	\$ 1,800.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,200.00
19	Topsoil Spreading, 4" Thick	SY	15			15.00		15.00	\$ 3.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 45.00
20	Fertilizing and Seeding, Type A-3	SY	15			15.00		15.00	\$ 3.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 45.00
21	Straw Mulching	SY	15			15.00		15.00	\$ 3.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 45.00
22	Allowance for Unforeseen Conditions	ALLOW	1			1.00		1.00	\$ 15,000.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,000.00
23	Final Cleanup	LS	1			1.00		1.00	\$ 4,500.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,500.00
TOTAL BASE BID A										\$ -	\$ 7,032.00	\$ 21,785.10	\$ 211,700.00

THE NEGLIA GROUP ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATE N° 4 & FINAL

MUNICIPALITY: Borough of Allendale
PROJECT: MA 22-23 Allendale Streetscape Project - Phases V & VI (NJDOT Funded)
CONTRACTOR: A.A. Berms LLC
PO Box 180
Bellville, New Jersey 07109

SHEET: 2 of 2
DATE: August 25, 2025
NEGLIA FILE: ALLEMUN24.010


BASE BID B

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	CONTRACT QUANTITY	EXTRA OR SUPPL.	REDUCTION	PREVIOUS ESTIMATE(S)	QTY. THIS ESTIMATE	QUANTITY TO DATE	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT THIS EST.	AMOUNT EXTRA	AMOUNT REDUCTION	AMOUNT TO DATE
1	Mobilization	LS	1			1.00		1.00	\$ 20,000.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 20,000.00
2	Breakaway Barricades	UNIT	25			25.00		25.00	\$ 0.01	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 0.25
3	Drum	UNIT	25			25.00		25.00	\$ 0.01	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 0.25
4	Traffic Cone	UNIT	50			50.00		50.00	\$ 0.01	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 0.50
5	Construction Signs	SF	100			100.00		100.00	\$ 0.01	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1.00
6	Traffic Director, Flagger	HOURL	200	154.1911		342.48	11.7076	354.19	\$ 83.28	\$ 975.00	\$ 12,841.03	\$ -	\$ 29,497.03
7	Clearing Site	LS	1			1.00		1.00	\$ 8,000.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,000.00
8	Inlet Filter, Type 1	SF	20		20.00				\$ 0.01	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 0.20	\$ -
9	9" x 18" Concrete Vertical Curb	LF	5			5.00		5.00	\$ 60.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 300.00
10	Belgian Block Curb	LF	475		318.00	157.00		157.00	\$ 36.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,448.00	\$ 5,652.00
11	Concrete Sidewalk, Reinforced, 6" Thick	SY	5		5.00				\$ 120.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 600.00	\$ -
12	Copthorne Pavers (or Equal)	SY	585		44.58	540.42		540.42	\$ 260.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,590.80	\$ 140,509.20
13	Concrete Sidewalk wit Copthorne Paver Band	SY	70		19.50	50.50		50.50	\$ 145.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,827.50	\$ 7,322.50
14	Detectable Warning Surface	SY	1			1.00		1.00	\$ 500.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 500.00
15	Reset Water Valve Box	UNIT	5			5.00		5.00	\$ 50.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 250.00
16	Reset Gas Valve Box	UNIT	2			2.00		2.00	\$ 50.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 100.00
17	Decorative Street Light, Complete (Including Electrification)	UNIT	10	1.00		10.00	1.00	11.00	\$ 11,800.00	\$ 11,800.00	\$ 11,800.00	\$ -	\$ 129,800.00
18	Trash Receptacle	UNIT	4			4.00		4.00	\$ 1,800.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,200.00
19	Deciduous Ornamental Tree, 2" Caliper w/ Watering Bag	UNIT	16		2.00	14.00		14.00	\$ 550.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,100.00	\$ 7,700.00
20	Topsoil Spreading 4" Thick	SY	10	13.00		23.00		23.00	\$ 3.00	\$ -	\$ 39.00	\$ -	\$ 69.00
21	Fertilizing and Seeding Type A-3	SF	10	13.00		23.00		23.00	\$ 3.00	\$ -	\$ 39.00	\$ -	\$ 69.00
22	Straw Mulching	SY	10	13.00		23.00		23.00	\$ 3.00	\$ -	\$ 39.00	\$ -	\$ 69.00
23	Allowance for Unforeseen Conditions	ALLOW	1		0.0481		0.9519	0.95	\$ 20,000.00	\$ 19,038.00	\$ -	\$ 962.00	\$ 19,038.00
24	Final Cleanup	LS	1			1.00		1.00	\$ 8,000.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,000.00
TOTAL BASE BID B										\$ 31,813.00	\$ 24,758.03	\$ 28,528.50	\$ 384,077.73
TOTAL										\$ 31,813.00	\$ 31,790.03	\$ 50,313.60	\$ 595,777.73

Notes:
Contract Allowance for Base Bid A was used for Tree Relocation & Foundation Removal.


CONTRACT PRICE: \$614,301.30
EXTRA & SUPPLEMENTAL: \$31,790.03
TOTAL: \$646,091.33
REDUCTIONS: \$50,313.60
ADJUSTED AMOUNT: \$595,777.73

TOTAL AMOUNT TO DATE: \$595,777.73
LESS 2%:
BALANCE: \$595,777.73
LESS PREVIOUS PAYMENT(S): \$564,249.43
AMOUNT DUE: \$31,528.30

APPROVED:


ENGINEER

8-25-25

CONTRACTOR:


JUAN ALVARADO - AA BERMS LLC

The undersigned CONTRACTOR certifies that (1) all previous progress payments received from OWNER on account of work done under the Contract referred to above have been applied to discharge in full all obligations of CONTRACTOR incurred in connection with Work covered by Prior Payment Estimates; and (2) title to all materials and equipment incorporated in said Work or otherwise listed in or covered by this Payment Estimate will pass to OWNER at time of payment free and clear of all liens, claims, security interests and encumbrances (except such as covered by Bond acceptable to OWNER)

Payroll Certification for Public Works Projects
for Contractor and Subcontractor's Weekly and Final Certification

SUBMIT form via the NJ Wage Hub
(njwages.nj.gov) or use other submission
methods in the portal.

IMPORTANT: For purposes of law,
you must *also* submit this form to
the appropriate public body or lessor,
either via the NJ Wage Hub or other
methods.

Name of <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Contractor or <input type="checkbox"/> Subcontractor			Business Address		Project Name	
AA BERMS LLC			PO BOX 180 BELLEVILLE NJ 07109		ALLENDALE STREETSCAPE PH V&VI	
F.E.I.N. 47-5203811			Project Location		Contract I.D. or Project I.D.	
Payroll No.	Date Wages Due & Paid	Week Ending Date	Contractor Registration #			
11	05/02/2025	04/27/2025 or <input type="checkbox"/> Final Certification				

1. Employee Name and Address	2. Work		3. Demographics			4. Overtime or Straight Time	4. Day and Date							5. Total Hours	6. Hourly Rate of Pay	7.		8.						9. Net Wages Paid for Week	10. Total Fringe Benefit Cost/Hour
	Job Title e.g., apprentice, journeyman, foreman	Work Classification/ Occupational Category e.g., carpenter, mason, plumber	Sex M=Male F=Female N=Non-Binary	Race See Key	Ethnicity H=Hispanic N=Non- Hispanic		SU	MO	TU	WE	TH	FR	SA			This Project	This Week	FICA	Federal Tax	State Tax	Other TAX	(specify) WITH-HOLD	Total Deductions		
							21	22	23	24	25	26													
							Hours worked each day																		
Edgar Solano 3143	JOURNEYMAN	LABORER	M	W	H	S						8		8	50.95		720.64	44.68	67.00	13.39	5.43	10.45	140.95	579.69	39.13
						O																			
Gusman Torres 6622	JOURNEYMAN	LABORER	M	W	H	S						8		8	50.95		1,897.40	117.64	178.00	52.96	14.31	27.51	390.42	1,506.98	39.13
						O																			
Juan D. Alvarado 7399	FOREMAN	LABORER	M	W	H	S						8		8	67.50		2,884.45	178.83	525.00	157.30	21.76	41.83	924.72	1,959.73	26.83
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KEY W= White; B= Black or African American;
A= Asian; N= American Indian or Native Alaskan;
I= Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander; M= 2 or More

See following page for instructions
☐ Check if additional sheets attached
MW-562 (6/23)

I, the undersigned, do hereby state and certify:

- (1) That I pay or supervise the payment of the persons employed by
JUAN ALVARADO
(Contractor or Subcontractor)
on the ALLEDALE STREETScape Allendale
(Project Name & Location)
that during the payroll period beginning on (date) 04/21/25, and
ending on (date) 04/21/25, all persons employed on said project
have been paid the full weekly wages earned, that no rebates have
been or will be made either directly or indirectly to or on behalf of the
aforenamed Contractor or Subcontractor from the full weekly wages
earned by any person and that no deductions have been made either
directly or indirectly from the full wages earned by any person, other
than permissible deductions as defined in the New Jersey Prevailing
Wage Act, N.J.S.A. 34:11-56.25 et seq. and Regulation N.J.A.C.
12:60 et seq. and the Payment of Wages Law, N.J.S.A. 34:11-4.1 et
seq.

- (2) That any payrolls otherwise under this contract required to be submitted for the above period are correct and complete; that the wage rates for laborers or mechanics contained therein are not less than the applicable wage rates contained in any wage determination incorporated into the contract; that the classifications set forth therein for each laborer or mechanic conform with the work he performed.

- (3) That any apprentices employed in the above period are duly registered with the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training and enrolled in a certified apprenticeship program.

- (4) That:
- (a) WHERE FRINGE BENEFITS ARE PAID TO APPROVED PLANS, FUNDS OR PROGRAMS

☒ In addition to the basic hourly wage rates paid to each laborer or mechanic listed in the above-referenced payroll, payments of fringe benefits have been or will be made when due to appropriate programs for the benefit of such employ-ees, as noted in Section 4(c) at right.

- (b) WHERE FRINGE BENEFITS ARE PAID IN CASH

☐ Each laborer or mechanic listed in the above-referenced payroll has been paid as indicated on the payroll, an amount not less than the sum of the applicable basic hourly wage rate plus the amount of the required fringe benefits as listed in the contract, except as noted in Section 4(c) at right.

- (5) N.J.S.A. 12:60-2.1 and 5.1 – The Public Works employers shall submit to the public body or lessor a certified payroll record each pay period within 10 days of the payment of wages.

☒ By checking this box and typing my name below, I am electronically signing this application. I understand that an electronic signature has the same legal effect as a written signature.

Name JUAN ALVARADO

Title OWNER

Date 05/02/25

THE FALSIFICATION OF ANY OF THE ABOVE STATEMENTS MAY SUBJECT THE CONTRACTOR OR SUBCONTRACTOR TO CIVIL OR CRIMINAL PROSECUTION.
- N.J.S.A. 34:11- 56.25 ET SEQ. AND N.J.A.C. 12:60 ET SEQ. AND N.J.S.A. 34:11-4.1 ET SEQ.

4(c) Benefit Program Information in AMOUNT CONTRIBUTED PER HOUR (Must be completed if 4(a) is checked)
To calculate the cost per hour, divide 2,000 hours into the benefit cost per year per employee.

[illegible]

Payroll Certification for Public Works Projects
for Contractor and Subcontractor's Weekly and Final Certification

SUBMIT form via the NJ Wage Hub (njwages.nj.gov) or use other submission methods in the portal.

IMPORTANT: For purposes of law, you must also submit this form to the appropriate public body or lessor, either via the NJ Wage Hub or other methods:

Name of <input type="checkbox"/> Contractor or <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Subcontractor Straight Edge Striping LLC F.E.I.N. 203662885			Business Address 201 Wilton Avenue Middlesex, NJ 08846			Project Name NJDOT MA 20-21 West Allendale Streetscape Phases III & IV Contract I.D. or Project I.D.		
Payroll No. 1	Date Wages Due & Paid 06/27/2025	Week Ending Date 06/22/2025 or <input type="checkbox"/> Final Certification	Project Location Allendale, NJ			Contractor Registration #		

1. Employee Name and Address	2. Work		3. Demographics			ST or OT	4. Day and Date							5. Total Hours	6. Hourly Rate of Pay	7. Gross Amt. Earned		8. Deductions						9. Net Wages Paid for Week	10. Total Fringe Benefit Cost/Hr.
	Job Title <small>e.g., apprentice, journeyman, foreman</small>	Work Classification/ Occupational Category <small>e.g., carpenter, mason, plumber</small>	Sex <small>M=Male F=Female N=Non-Binary</small>	Race <small>See Key</small>	Ethnicity <small>H=Hispanic N=Non-Hispanic</small>		MO	TU	WE	TH	FR	SA	SU			This Project	This Week	FICA	Federal Tax	State Tax	Local Tax	Other	Total Deductions		
							06/16	06/17	06/18	06/19	06/20	06/21	06/22												
							Hours worked each day																		
Alex Baquero 135 La Monte Ave Bound Brook, NJ 08805 xxx-xx-5338	Journeyman	Painter-Line Striping Journeyman 2	M		H	S	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	72.03	72.03	72.03	5.51	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.51	66.52	0.00
						O	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0										
Jesus Munoz 1169 West Front Street Plainfield, NJ 07063 xxx-xx-3560	Journeyman	Painter-Line Striping Journeyman 2	M		H	S	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	72.03	72.03	72.03	5.51	0.00	1.08	0.00	0.31	6.90	65.13	0.00
						O	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0										
Victor Pinto 424 East Union Ave Bound Brook, NJ 08805 xxx-xx-4054	Foreman	Painter-Line Striping Foreman	M		H	S	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	73.03	73.03	73.03	5.59	0.00	1.10	0.00	0.79	7.48	65.55	0.00
						O	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0										
Vinicio Fiallos 1430 Bradford Street Plainfield, NJ 07063 xxx-xx-3892	Journeyman	Painter-Line Striping Journeyman 2	M		H	S	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	72.03	72.03	72.03	5.51	0.00	1.08	0.00	0.78	7.37	64.66	0.00
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KEY W= White; B= Black or African American;
 A= Asian; N= American Indian or Native Alaskan;
 I= Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander; M= 2 or More

[illegible]

Payroll Certification for Public Works Projects
for Contractor and Subcontractor's Weekly and Final Certification

SUBMIT form via the NJ Wage Hub
(njwages.nj.gov) or use other submission
methods in the portal.

IMPORTANT: For purposes of law,
you must *also* submit this form to
the appropriate public body or lessor,
either via the NJ Wage Hub or other
methods.

Name of ☒ Contractor or ☐ Subcontractor

AA BERMS LLC

Business Address

PO BOX 180 BELLEVILLE NJ 07109

Project Name

ALLENDALE STREETSCAPE PH V&VI

Contract I.D. or Project I.D.

F.E.I.N. 47-5203811

Project Location

ALLENDALE STREETSCAPE PROJECT - PHASES V &
VI (Allendale)

Contractor Registration #

Payroll No.

11

Date Wages Due
& Paid

05/02/2025

Week Ending Date
04/27/2025or ☐ Final Certification

1. Employee Name and Address	2. Work		3. Demographics			Over- time or Straight Time	4. Day and Date							5. Total Hours	6. Hourly Rate of Pay	7.		8.						9. Net Wages Paid for Week	10. Total Fringe Benefit Cost/Hour		
	Job Title e.g., apprentice, journeyman, foreman	Work Classification/ Occupational Category e.g., carpenter, mason, plumber	Sex M=Male F=Female N=Non-Binary	Race See Key	Ethnicity H=Hispanic N=Non- Hispanic		SU	MO	TU	WE	TH	FR	SA			This Project	This Week	Deductions									
							21	22	23	24	25	26	FICA					Federal Tax	State Tax	Other TAX	(specify) WITH-HOLD	Total Deductions					
							Hours worked each day																				
Edgar Solano 3143	JOURNEYMAN	LABORER	M	W	H	S						8		8	50.95			720.64	44.68	67.00	13.39	5.43	10.45	140.95	579.69	39.13	
						O																					
Gusman Torres 6622	JOURNEYMAN	LABORER	M	W	H	S						8		8	50.95			1,897.40	117.64	178.00	52.96	14.31	27.51	390.42	1,506.98	39.13	
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Juan D. Alvarado 7399	FOREMAN	LABORER	M	W	H	S						8		8	67.50			2,884.45	178.83	525.00	157.30	21.76	41.83	924.72	1,958.73	26.83	
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A= Asian; N= American Indian or Native Alaskan;
I= Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander; M= 2 or More

See following page for instructions
☐ Check if additional sheets attached

I, the undersigned, do hereby state and certify:

- (1) That I pay or supervise the payment of the persons employed by
JUAN ALVARADO
(Contractor or Subcontractor)
on the ALLEDALE STREETScape Allendale
(Project Name & Location)
that during the payroll period beginning on (date) 04/21/25, and
ending on (date) 04/21/25, all persons employed on said project
have been paid the full weekly wages earned, that no rebates have
been or will be made either directly or indirectly to or on behalf of the
aforenamed Contractor or Subcontractor from the full weekly wages
earned by any person and that no deductions have been made either
directly or indirectly from the full wages earned by any person, other
than permissible deductions as defined in the New Jersey Prevailing
Wage Act, N.J.S.A. 34:11-56.25 et seq. and Regulation N.J.A.C.
12:60 et seq. and the Payment of Wages Law, N.J.S.A. 34:11-4.1 et
seq.

- (2) That any payrolls otherwise under this contract required to be submitted for the above period are correct and complete; that the wage rates for laborers or mechanics contained therein are not less than the applicable wage rates contained in any wage determination incorporated into the contract; that the classifications set forth therein for each laborer or mechanic conform with the work he performed.

- (3) That any apprentices employed in the above period are duly registered with the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training and enrolled in a certified apprenticeship program.

- (4) That:
- (a) WHERE FRINGE BENEFITS ARE PAID TO APPROVED PLANS,
FUNDS OR PROGRAMS

☒ In addition to the basic hourly wage rates paid to each laborer or mechanic listed in the above-referenced payroll, payments of fringe benefits have been or will be made when due to appropriate programs for the benefit of such employ-ees, as noted in Section 4(c) at right.

- (b) WHERE FRINGE BENEFITS ARE PAID IN CASH

☐ Each laborer or mechanic listed in the above-referenced payroll has been paid as indicated on the payroll, an amount not less than the sum of the applicable basic hourly wage rate plus the amount of the required fringe benefits as listed in the contract, except as noted in Section 4(c) at right.

- (5) N.J.S.A. 12:60-2.1 and 5.1 – The Public Works employers shall submit to the public body or lessor a certified payroll record each pay period within 10 days of the payment of wages.

☒ By checking this box and typing my name below, I am electronically signing this application. I understand that an electronic signature has the same legal effect as a written signature.

Name JUAN ALVARADO

Title OWNER

Date (mm/dd/yyyy) 05/02/25

THE FALSIFICATION OF ANY OF THE ABOVE STATEMENTS MAY SUBJECT THE CONTRACTOR OR SUBCONTRACTOR TO CIVIL OR CRIMINAL PROSECUTION.
- N.J.S.A. 34:11- 56.25 ET SEQ. AND N.J.A.C. 12:60 ET SEQ. AND N.J.S.A. 34:11-4.1 ET SEQ.

4(c) Benefit Program Information in AMOUNT CONTRIBUTED PER HOUR (Must be completed if 4(a) is checked)
To calculate the cost per hour, divide 2,000 hours into the benefit cost per year per employee.

[illegible]

MAINTENANCE BOND

Bond No. 015209638M

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, That we, AA Berms, LLC, PO Box 180, Belleville, NJ 07109, as Principal and The Ohio Casualty Insurance Company, 175 Berkley Street, Boston, MA 02116, a corporation duly organized under and by the virtue of the laws of the State of New Hampshire and authorized to become sole surety on bonds in the State of New Jersey, as Surety, are held and firmly bound unto the Borough of Allendale, 500 West Crescent Ave., Allendale, NJ 07401, hereinafter called Obligee, in the just and penal sum of

*****Eighty-Seven Thousand Two Hundred Sixty-Five Dollars and Sixteen Cents (\$87,265.16)*****

lawful money of the United States of America, to the payment of which well and truly to be made the Principal binds itself, its successors and assigns, and the Surety binds itself, its successors and assigns, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.

WHEREAS, the Principal has by means of a written agreement contracted with the Obligee aforesaid, for furnishing all materials and performing all of the work in connection with

MA 22-23 ALLENDALE STREETScape PROJECT -PHASES V & VI (NJDOT FUNDED)

as specifically set forth in said contract for said work, and

WHEREAS, the Principal has completed the said contract in accordance with the plans and specifications thereof, and

WHEREAS, the Obligee has requested the Principal to guarantee said work against defective workmanship or faulty materials for a period of **Two (2)** years from date of acceptance of said work; and

NOW, THEREFORE, THE CONDITION OF THIS OBLIGATION IS SUCH, that if the Principal shall well and truly make good any defects in material or workmanship which may arise in said work within **Two (2)** years from the date of acceptance of said work, then this obligation shall be null and void, otherwise it shall remain in full force and effect.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, we have set our hands and seals this **4th** day of **June**, 2025

AA Berms, LLC (SEAL)

BY 

Juan Alvarado

The Ohio Casualty Insurance Company

BY 

Michael Dugan, Attorney-in-Fact

CORPORATE ACKNOWLEDGMENT

Form 152

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

COUNTY OF ESSEX

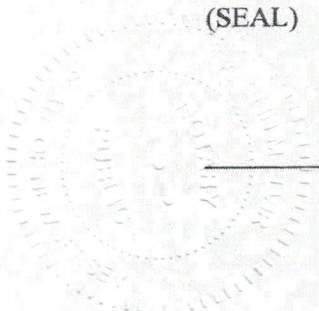
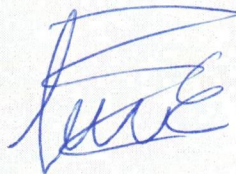
On this 6TH day of JUNE, 2025, before me personally
came JUAN ALVARADO to me known, who, being by me
duly sworn, did depose and say that she/he resides in TWP OF BELLEVILLE
that she/he is the OWNER of the

AA BERMS LLC the corporation

described in and which executed the above instrument that she/he knows the seal of said
corporation; that the seal affixed to said instrument is such corporate seal; that it was so
affixed by order of the Board of Directors of said corporation, and that she/he signed
her/his name thereto by like order.

(SEAL)

KERLIN ELVIR
NOTARY PUBLIC OF NEW JERSEY
COMM # 50158033
My Commission Expires 04/19/26



CORPORATE ACKNOWLEDGMENT

Form 152

STATE OF NEW JERSEY
COUNTY OF BERGEN

On this 4TH day of JUNE, 2025 before me personally came
Michael Dugan to me known, who, being by me duly sworn, did depose and say that she/he
resides in Flanders, New Jersey that she/he is the ATTORNEY IN FACT of the THE OHIO
CASUALTY INSURANCE COMPANY, the corporation described in and which executed the above
instrument that she/he knows the seal of said corporation; that the seal affixed to said instrument is such
corporate seal; that it was so affixed by order of the Board of Directors of said corporation, and that she/
he signed her/his name thereto by like order.

(SEAL)

Susan L. Kozak-Manna

SUSAN L. KOZAK-MANNA
NOTARY PUBLIC, STATE OF NEW JERSEY
MY COMMISSION EXPIRES
MAY 22, 2028





POWER OF ATTORNEY

Liberty Mutual Insurance Company
The Ohio Casualty Insurance Company
West American Insurance Company

Certificate No: 8213319 - 974450

KNOWN ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS: That The Ohio Casualty Insurance Company is a corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of New Hampshire, that Liberty Mutual Insurance Company is a corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of Massachusetts, and West American Insurance Company is a corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of Indiana (herein collectively called the "Companies"), pursuant to and by authority herein set forth, does hereby name, constitute and appoint, Charo J. Rosemond, James Baldassare Jr, John F. Surano, Krista A. DiMezza, Lisa M. Scavetta, Maria L. Spadaccini, Michael Dugan, Nicholas F. Walsh, Sherryanne M. DePirro

all of the city of Saddle Brook state of NJ each individually if there be more than one named, its true and lawful attorney-in-fact to make, execute, seal, acknowledge and deliver, for and on its behalf as surety and as its act and deed, any and all undertakings, bonds, recognizances and other surety obligations, in pursuance of these presents and shall be as binding upon the Companies as if they have been duly signed by the president and attested by the secretary of the Companies in their own proper persons.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this Power of Attorney has been subscribed by an authorized officer or official of the Companies and the corporate seals of the Companies have been affixed thereto this 10th day of March, 2025.



Liberty Mutual Insurance Company
The Ohio Casualty Insurance Company
West American Insurance Company

By: Nathan J. Zangerle
Nathan J. Zangerle, Assistant Secretary

State of PENNSYLVANIA ss
County of MONTGOMERY

On this 10th day of March, 2025 before me personally appeared Nathan J. Zangerle, who acknowledged himself to be the Assistant Secretary of Liberty Mutual Insurance Company, The Ohio Casualty Insurance Company, and West American Insurance Company, and that he, as such, being authorized so to do, execute the foregoing instrument for the purposes therein contained by signing on behalf of the corporations by himself as a duly authorized officer.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name and affixed my notarial seal at Plymouth Meeting, Pennsylvania, on the day and year first above written.



Commonwealth of Pennsylvania - Notary Seal
Teresa Pastella, Notary Public
Montgomery County
My commission expires March 28, 2029
Commission number 1126044
Member, Pennsylvania Association of Notaries

By: Teresa Pastella
Teresa Pastella, Notary Public

This Power of Attorney is made and executed pursuant to and by authority of the following By-laws and Authorizations of The Ohio Casualty Insurance Company, Liberty Mutual Insurance Company, and West American Insurance Company which resolutions are now in full force and effect reading as follows:

ARTICLE IV – OFFICERS: Section 12. Power of Attorney.

Any officer or other official of the Corporation authorized for that purpose in writing by the Chairman or the President, and subject to such limitation as the Chairman or the President may prescribe, shall appoint such attorneys-in-fact, as may be necessary to act in behalf of the Corporation to make, execute, seal, acknowledge and deliver as surety any and all undertakings, bonds, recognizances and other surety obligations. Such attorneys-in-fact, subject to the limitations set forth in their respective powers of attorney, shall have full power to bind the Corporation by their signature and execution of any such instruments and to attach thereto the seal of the Corporation. When so executed, such instruments shall be as binding as if signed by the President and attested to by the Secretary. Any power or authority granted to any representative or attorney-in-fact under the provisions of this article may be revoked at any time by the Board, the Chairman, the President or by the officer or officers granting such power or authority.

ARTICLE XIII – Execution of Contracts: Section 5. Surety Bonds and Undertakings.

Any officer of the Company authorized for that purpose in writing by the chairman or the president, and subject to such limitations as the chairman or the president may prescribe, shall appoint such attorneys-in-fact, as may be necessary to act in behalf of the Company to make, execute, seal, acknowledge and deliver as surety any and all undertakings, bonds, recognizances and other surety obligations. Such attorneys-in-fact subject to the limitations set forth in their respective powers of attorney, shall have full power to bind the Company by their signature and execution of any such instruments and to attach thereto the seal of the Company. When so executed such instruments shall be as binding as if signed by the president and attested by the secretary.

Certificate of Designation – The President of the Company, acting pursuant to the Bylaws of the Company, authorizes Nathan J. Zangerle, Assistant Secretary to appoint such attorneys-in-fact as may be necessary to act on behalf of the Company to make, execute, seal, acknowledge and deliver as surety any and all undertakings, bonds, recognizances and other surety obligations.

Authorization – By unanimous consent of the Company's Board of Directors, the Company consents that facsimile or mechanically reproduced signature of any assistant secretary of the Company, wherever appearing upon a certified copy of any power of attorney issued by the Company in connection with surety bonds, shall be valid and binding upon the Company with the same force and effect as though manually affixed.

I, Renee C. Llewellyn, the undersigned, Assistant Secretary, The Ohio Casualty Insurance Company, Liberty Mutual Insurance Company, and West American Insurance Company do hereby certify that the original power of attorney of which the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of the Power of Attorney executed by said Companies, is in full force and effect and has not been revoked.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seals of said Companies this 4th day of June, 2025.



By: Renee C. Llewellyn
Renee C. Llewellyn, Assistant Secretary



THE OHIO CASUALTY INSURANCE COMPANY
FINANCIAL STATEMENT – DECEMBER 31, 2024

Assets	Liabilities
Cash and Bank Deposits..... \$110,704,223.00	Unearned Premiums..... \$1,582,543,501.00
*Bonds – U.S Government..... \$518,129,663.00	Reserve for Claims and Claims Expense..... \$4,714,731,503.00
*Other Bonds..... \$28,407,780.00	Funds Held Under Reinsurance Treaties..... \$0.00
*Stocks..... \$179,959,936.00	Reserve for Dividends to Policyholders..... \$152,644.00
Real Estate..... \$0.00	Additional Statutory Reserve..... \$0.00
Agents' Balances or Uncollected Premiums.... \$867,331,015.00	Reserve for Commissions, Taxes and Other Liabilities..... \$253,250,570.00
Accrued Interest and Rents..... \$53,636,183.00	Total..... \$6,550,678,218.00
Other Admitted Assets..... \$2,546,903,108.00	Special Surplus Funds..... \$27,864,494.00
Total Admitted Assets..... \$9,437,236,269.00	Capital Stock..... \$4,500,000.00
	Paid in Surplus..... \$738,183,897.00
	Unassigned Surplus..... \$2,116,009,660.00
	Surplus to Policyholders..... \$2,886,558,051.00
	Total Liabilities and Surplus..... 9,437,236,269.00

* Bonds are stated at amortized or investment value; Stocks at Association Market Values.

The foregoing financial information is taken from The Ohio Casualty Insurance Company's financial statement filed with the New Hampshire Department of Insurance.

I, TIM MIKOLAJEWSKI, Assistant Secretary of The Ohio Casualty Insurance Company, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, and correct statement of the Assets and Liabilities of said Corporation, as of December 31, 2024, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of said Corporation at Seattle, Washington, this 8th day of March, 2025.



Timothy A. Mikolajewski

Timothy A. Mikolajewski, Assistant Secretary

**RESOLUTION
BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE
BERGEN COUNTY, NJ**

DATE: 09/04/2025

RESOLUTION# 25-206

Council	Motion	Second	Yes	No	Abstain	Absent
Yaccarino						
O'Toole						
Homan						
Lovisollo						
Daloisio						
O'Connell						
Mayor Wilczynski	-----	-----				

☐ Carried
☐ Defeated
☐ Tabled
☐ Approved on Consent
Agenda

**RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING CHANGE ORDER N^o 1 & FINAL FOR
Reduction of Unused Quantities for Streetscape**

BE IT RESOLVED by the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Allendale, Bergen County, New Jersey upon the recommendation of the Borough Capital Improvements Engineer that the Change Order for the Contract listed below be and is hereby approved.

TITLE OF JOB: NJ MA-22 & MA-23 West Allendale Streetscape Project-Phase V & VI

CONTRACTOR: A.A. Berms, LLC, P.O. Box 180, Bellville, NJ 07109

CHANGE ORDER No.: 1 & Final

AMOUNT OF CHANGE THIS RESOLUTION: \$18,523.57 **Decrease:** -3.02%

This Resolution to take effect upon certification of this Resolution by the Borough Treasurer that sufficient funds are available.

I hereby certify that funds are available _____
Alison Altano, CFO

DATED: _____ **APPROVED:** _____
Amy Wilczynski, MAYOR

ATTEST: _____
Linda L. Cervino, BOROUGH CLERK

I, Linda L. Cervino, hereby certify the above to be a true copy of a Resolution adopted by the Governing Body of the Borough of Allendale on September 4, 2025.

NEW JERSEY DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
STATE AID PROJECTS
CHANGE ORDER NUMBER - 1 & FINAL
Division of Local Aid and Economic Development

Project MA 22-23 Allendale Streetscape Project - Phases V & VI (NJDOT Funded)	NEGLIA Project #: ALLEMUN24.010
Municipality Borough of Allendale	Date: 8/25/2025
County Bergen	
Contractor A.A. Berms LLC, PO Box 180, Bellville, NJ 07109	

In accordance with the project Supplementary Specification, the following are changes in the contract.
 Location and Reason for Change (Attach additional sheets if required) -

Supplemental - Additional work areas to be improved
Extra - Additional Work Based on Site Conditions
Reduction - Reduction of Unused Quantities

Item No.	Description	Quantity(+/-)	Unit	Price	Amount
BASE BID A					
Extra					
10	9" X 18" Concrete Vertical Curb	104.50	LF	\$60.00	\$ 6,270.00
12	Concrete Sidewalk, Reinforced, 6" Thick	6.35	SY	\$120.00	\$ 762.00
Total Extra Base Bid A					\$ 7,032.00

BASE BID B					
Extra					
6	Traffic Director, Flagger	154.1911	HOURL	\$83.28	\$12,841.03
17	Decorative Street Light, Complete (Including Electrification)	1.00	UNIT	\$11,800.00	\$ 11,800.00
20	Topsoil Spreading 4" Thick	13.00	SY	\$3.00	\$39.00
21	Fertilizing and Seeding Type A-3	13.00	SY	\$3.00	\$39.00
22	Straw Mulching	13.00	SY	\$3.00	\$39.00
Total Extra Base Bid B					\$24,758.03


BASE BID A					
Reduction					
2	Breakaway Barricades	25.00	UNIT	\$0.01	\$ 0.25
3	Drum	25.00	UNIT	\$0.01	\$ 0.25
4	Traffic Cone	50.00	UNIT	\$0.01	\$ 0.50
5	Construction Signs	100.00	UNIT	\$0.01	\$ 1.00
8	Inlet Filter, Type 1	10.00	SF	\$0.01	\$ 0.10
9	Tree Protection	435.00	LF	\$2.00	\$ 870.00
11	Belgian Block Curb	206.50	LF	\$36.00	\$ 7,434.00
13	Concrete Sidewalk with Copthorne Paver Band	49.20	SY	\$145.00	\$ 7,134.00
14	Concrete Driveway with Copthorne Paver Band	39.00	SY	\$155.00	\$ 6,045.00
16	Reset Existing Casting	3.00	UNIT	\$100.00	\$ 300.00
Total Reduction Base Bid A					\$ 21,785.10

BASE BID B					
Reduction					
8	Inlet Filter, Type 1	20.00	SF	\$0.01	\$ 0.20
10	Belgian Block Curb	318.00	LF	\$36.00	\$ 11,448.00
11	Concrete Sidewalk, Reinforced, 6" Thick	5.00	SY	\$120.00	\$ 600.00
12	Copthorne Pavers (or Equal)	44.58	SY	\$260.00	\$ 11,590.80
13	Concrete Sidewalk with Copthorne Paver Band	19.50	SY	\$145.00	\$ 2,827.50
19	Deciduous Ornamental Tree, 2" Caliper w/ Watering Bag	2.00	UNIT	\$550.00	\$ 1,100.00
23	Allowance for Unforeseen Conditions	0.0481	ALLOW	\$20,000.00	\$ 962.00
Total Reduction Base Bid B					\$ 28,528.50

Amount of Original Contract	\$ 614,301.30	Extra	\$ 31,790.03
		Supplemental	\$ -
		Reduction	\$ 50,313.60
		Total Change	\$ (18,523.57)

Adjusted Amount Based on Change
Order #1 Final **\$ 595,777.73**

Change in Contract **\$ (18,523.57) -3.02% Decrease** **this C.O.**
Change in Contract **\$ (18,523.57) -3.02% Decrease** **to date**
 [(+) Increase or (-) Decrease]


 (Engineer)

8/25/25
 (Date)

Approved: _____
 (District Manager)
 (Division of Local Aid and Economic Development)

 (Presiding Officer)

(Date)


 (Contractor) **JUAN ALVARADO**

8/25/2025
 (Date)

**RESOLUTION
BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE
BERGEN COUNTY, NJ**

DATE: 09/04/2025

RESOLUTION# 25-207

Council	Motion	Second	Yes	No	Abstain	Absent
Yaccarino						
O'Toole						
Homan						
Lovisolo						
Daloisio						
O'Connell						
Mayor Wilczynski	-----	-----				

☐ Carried
☐ Defeated
☐ Tabled
☐ Approved on
Consent Agenda

**AUTHORIZATION OF 2025 CRESTWOOD LAKE SALARIES
SUPPLEMENT SIX**

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Allendale, County of Bergen, State of New Jersey, that the above salaries are hereby approved for the Crestwood Lake Swim Club 2025 Season.

TITLE	EFFECTIVE DATE	NAME	RATE OF PAY
Sub-Gate	August 26, 2025	Rachel Shulman	\$14.75 per hour

I hereby certify the above to be a true copy of a Resolution adopted by the Governing Body of the Borough of Allendale on September 4, 2025.

Linda Louise Cervino, RMC
Municipal Clerk

**RESOLUTION
BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE
BERGEN COUNTY, NJ**

DATE: 09/4/2025

RESOLUTION# 25-208

Council	Motion	Second	Yes	No	Abstain	Absent
Yaccarino						
O'Toole						
Homan						
Lovisolio						
Daloisio						
O'Connell						
Mayor Wilczynski	-----	-----				

☐ Carried
☐ Defeated
☐ Tabled
☐ Approved on
Consent Agenda

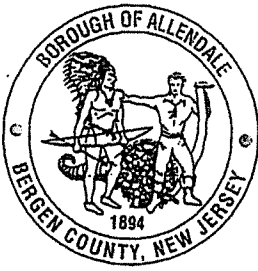
APPROVAL OF SEPTEMBER 4, 2025 LIST OF BILLS

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED by the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Allendale, County of Bergen, State of New Jersey, that it hereby approves the Bill List dated September 4, 2025 in the amounts of:

Bill List Numbers	September 4, 2025
Current Fund	\$ 1,239,423.95
Payroll Account	415,066.63
General Capital	61,869.65
Animal Fund	
Grant Fund	
COAH/Housing Trust	2,931.95
Improvement & Beautification	4,280.01
Trust Fund	13,021.67
Unemployment Fund	
Water Operating	
Water Capital	
Total	\$ 1,736,593.86

I hereby certify the above to be a true copy of a Resolution adopted by the Governing Body of the Borough of Allendale on September 4, 2025.

Linda Louise Cervino, RMC
Municipal Clerk



THE BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE

N E W J E R S E Y

500 WEST CRESCENT AVENUE, ALLENDALE, NJ 07401
WWW.ALLENDALENJ.GOV

OFFICE OF TAX COLLECTOR
OFFICE OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

201-818-4400 EXT 205

I, Alison Altano, Chief Financial Officer of the Borough of Allendale, having reviewed the bill list for the Borough, do hereby certify that funds are available in the accounts so designated.

Certified 9/4/25

Alison Altano
Alison Altano
Chief Financial Officer

**RESOLUTION
BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE
BERGEN COUNTY, NJ**

DATE: 09/04/2025

RESOLUTION# 25-209

Council	Motion	Second	Yes	No	Abstain	Absent
Yaccarino						
O'Toole						
Homan						
Lovisolio						
Daloisio						
O'Connell						
Mayor Wilczynski	-----	-----				

☐ Carried
☐ Defeated
☐ Tabled
☐ Approved on
Consent Agenda

TAX OVERPAYMENTS

BE IT RESOLVED by the Council of the Borough of Allendale that the Tax Collector is hereby authorized to issue the following checks on the properties listed below and charge same to Overpayment of 3rd Quarter of 2025 Taxes:

Block/Lot/Qual Name	Property Location	Amount
104/26 Steven & Rosa Sasso c/o Corelogic Centralized Refunds 3001 Hackberry Rd. Irving, TX 75063-0156	30 Cedar Drive	\$4,769.29
801.01/53 David You & Yukiko Watarai c/o Corelogic Centralized Refunds 3001 Hackberry Rd. Irving, TX 75063-0156	7 Green Way	\$5,830.24
905/7 Elizabeth Salome c/o Corelogic Centralized Refunds 3001 Hackberry Rd. Irving, TX 75063-0156	89 Myrtle Ave	\$2,521.91
909/2 Thomas & Sydney Grueter c/o Corelogic Centralized Refunds 3001 Hackberry Rd. Irving, TX 75063-0156	128 W Crescent Ave	\$17.58
1809/14/C0010 Peter & Ramona Ricciardi c/o Corelogic Centralized Refunds 3001 Hackberry Rd. Irving, TX 75063-0156	10 Allison Ct.	\$3,046.20

I hereby certify the above to be a true copy of a Resolution adopted by the Governing Body of the Borough of Allendale on September 4, 2025.

Linda Louise Cervino, RMC
Municipal Clerk

**RESOLUTION
BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE
BERGEN COUNTY, NJ**

DATE: 09/04/2025

RESOLUTION# 25-210

Council	Motion	Second	Yes	No	Abstain	Absent
Yaccarino						
O'Toole						
Homan						
Lovisollo						
Daloisio						
O'Connell						
Mayor Wilczynski	-----	-----				

☐ Carried
☐ Defeated
☐ Tabled
☐ Approved on
Consent Agenda

**AUTHORIZING THE EXECUTION OF A CONTRACT WITH LECKINGTON ADVISORS
LLC TO PROVIDE AFFORDABLE HOUSING ADMINISTRATIVE AGENT SERVICES**

WHEREAS, the Borough of Allendale ("Borough") is required to comply with the Fair Housing Act and the regulations of the New Jersey Council on Affordable Housing, including the designation of an Administrative Agent to administer and oversee affordable housing units in accordance with the Uniform Housing Affordability Controls (UHAC); and

WHEREAS, the Borough of Allendale has identified the need to retain a qualified Administrative Agent to assist with the oversight, monitoring, and compliance of affordable housing units within the Borough, including services related to technical assistance, review of documents, monitoring of compliance, policy review, and coordination with the Municipal Housing Liaison; and

WHEREAS, Leckington Advisors LLC, with offices located in Trenton, New Jersey, has submitted a proposal dated August 15, 2025, to provide such professional services at the rate of \$185 per hour, not to exceed \$15,000 annually, plus reimbursable expenses as outlined therein; and

WHEREAS, Leckington Advisors LLC is a Certified Administrative Agent in the State of New Jersey and possesses the necessary qualifications, knowledge, and experience to provide the Borough with these specialized services; and

WHEREAS, the Borough Council finds it to be in the best interest of the Borough of Allendale to enter into a contract with Leckington Advisors LLC to provide Affordable Housing Administrative Agent services;

**RESOLUTION
BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE
BERGEN COUNTY, NJ**

DATE: 09/04/2025

RESOLUTION# 25-210

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Allendale, County of Bergen, State of New Jersey, that:

1. The Mayor and Borough Clerk are hereby authorized to execute a contract with Leckington Advisors LLC to serve as one of the Borough's Affordable Housing Administrative Agents for a term of one (1) year, pursuant to the terms and conditions set forth in the proposal dated August 15, 2025.
2. Compensation for services shall be at the hourly rate of \$185 per hour, not to exceed \$15,000 annually, plus approved reimbursable expenses, as provided in the proposal.
3. The specific affordable housing properties and projects to be administered by Leckington Advisors LLC shall be designated by the Borough as needed during the term of the agreement.
4. This Resolution shall take effect immediately upon adoption according to law.

I hereby certify the above to be a true copy of a Resolution adopted by the Governing Body of the Borough of Allendale on September 4, 2025.

Linda Louise Cervino, RMC
Municipal Clerk



PROPOSAL FOR AFFORDABLE HOUSING TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

LECKINGTON ADVISORS LLC

AUGUST 15, 2025

Introduction

Leckington Advisors is pleased to submit this proposal for affordable housing technical assistance and oversight services to the Borough of Allendale in Bergen County. As a small, highly specialized firm with one full-time and two part-time employees, we are well-suited to support the Borough's affordable housing efforts and ensure compliance with existing and future affordable housing projects.

Leckington Advisors does not serve directly as an Administrative Agent for developers. Instead, we work exclusively on behalf of the municipality — remaining laser-focused on the compliance of existing and new affordable housing projects. When necessary, we will work with developers to identify and recommend certified Administrative Agents from our professional network, providing technical guidance throughout the development process and overseeing the work of those Administrative Agents to ensure quality, compliance, and accountability.

Our proposed services include:

- Providing technical assistance to the Borough in connection with planned and existing affordable housing captured in the local Fair Share Plan.
- Monitoring and overseeing the work of Administrative Agents hired by developers.
- Advising the Borough and reviewing project documents to ensure that pricing, bedroom distribution, and marketing comply with the Uniform Housing Affordability Controls (UHAC).
- Reviewing and recommending improvements to existing policies, procedures, and ordinances for compliance and efficiency.
- Troubleshooting and advising on any instances of non-compliance with affordable housing.
- Supporting the Borough in the implementation of its Fourth Round Fair Share Plan.

Our overarching goal is to protect the Borough's interests, maintain the creditworthiness of its affordable housing program, and ensure that developers and their Administrative Agents operate in full compliance with state requirements.

Qualifications & Experience

Leckington Advisors LLC is a small professional consulting firm based in Trenton, NJ. The President, Marc Leckington, will perform services under the proposed scope. Two part-time professionals are also available to assist Mr. Leckington. His career in developing and administering affordable housing began 20 years before the founding of Leckington Advisors LLC in 2019.

Leckington Advisors is also a Certified Administrative Agent in the State of New Jersey, qualified to perform all duties required under the Uniform Housing Affordability Controls (UHAC).

During his 15-year tenure with CGP&H, New Jersey's largest Administrative Agent, Mr. Leckington and his team served as the Administrative Agent for dozens of municipalities in NJ and were responsible for

oversight and administration of over two thousand affordable units. Mr. Leckington is particularly proud of serving as the primary author of ***Understanding UHAC*** – a layman’s guide to the Uniform Housing Affordability Controls, commissioned by the NJ Council on Affordable Housing in 2004. Even twenty years later, ***Understanding UHAC*** is considered a required reading for any affordable housing professional in New Jersey.

Before opening the firm, Mr. Leckington spent seven years in the City of Trenton as the Chief of Housing Production. He and his team managed millions of dollars in federal and state funding for affordable housing development.

The following list of current clients is provided to provide evidence of the firm's experience and reputation in affordable housing and community development initiatives:

- *City of Summit (Union County)*. LA serves as the City of Summit’s Administrative Agent, maintaining compliance for its entire portfolio of affordable housing, including affirmative marketing, income certification, and new development compliance.
- *Borough of Rockaway (Morris County), Borough of Leonia (Bergen)*. LA serves as the Municipal-level Administrative Agent under a similar scope of services being proposed to Allendale.
- *Municipality of Princeton (Mercer County)*. Since their inception into the CDBG program in 2020, LA has been serving as the CDBG administrator, helping identify and administer projects to support existing affordable housing with these valuable HUD funds.
- *City of Newark (Essex)*. The City has developed its own local affordable housing ordinance that creates affordable housing obligations in the dozens of new housing projects underway or planned in the City. LA is helping improve the local ordinance language, drafting a policy manual, and developing a single City-wide application portal where prospective tenants can sign up to a single waiting list and be eligible for consideration in any of the City’s new developments.
- *Township of Irvington (Essex)*. Our work with the Township focuses on technical services related to their CDBG and HOME Investment Partnership allocations from HUD.

References for these and other clients of Leckington Advisors are available upon request.

In addition to serving as President of Leckington Advisors, Mr. Leckington also serves as the Vice President of the Affordable Housing Professionals of New Jersey. Mr. Leckington teaches several classes each semester at the Rutgers Center for Government Services as part of its Affordable Housing Professional certificate required of all Administrative Agents and Municipal Housing Liaisons.

Scope of Services

Leckington Advisors will provide the Borough of Allendale with services that include:

- Technical Assistance – Advising municipal staff and officials on affordable housing regulatory requirements, best practices, and compliance strategies.

- Administrative Agent Selection Support for Developers – Identifying and recommending qualified certified Administrative Agents.
- Oversight of Administrative Agents – Monitoring performance, reviewing reports, and ensuring compliance with UHAC and municipal agreements.
- Document Review – Evaluating developer submissions, marketing plans, deed restrictions, and pricing schedules for compliance.
- Policy & Procedure Review – Assessing and improving the Borough’s affordable housing ordinances, procedures, and monitoring systems.
- Project Monitoring – Attending development meetings, reviewing milestone progress, and flagging potential compliance risks.
- Annual Reporting Assistance – Coordinating with the Municipal Housing Liaison to complete required annual monitoring reports.
- Help identify specialized consultants to administer a local rehabilitation program.

Fee Schedule

All services provided under this agreement will be billed on an hourly basis at a rate of \$185 per hour, in quarter-hour increments. This single hourly rate applies to all tasks performed under the Scope of Services, including technical assistance, Administrative Agent oversight, document review, policy recommendations, project monitoring, and annual reporting.

Invoices will be submitted monthly and will include a detailed breakdown of each task performed, the time spent on each task, and any approved reimbursable expenses. Reimbursable expenses, such as postage, printing, and copying costs, will be billed at actual cost and require prior Borough approval.

Based on review of the existing and proposed projects in the Borough’s Fourth Round Fair Share Plan, services under this agreement are not likely to exceed \$15,000 for a 12-month period.

Reimbursable Expenses

Direct costs include annual mailings to homeowners and regional mailings conducted as part of required affirmative marketing. Fees are capped at \$250 annually.

**BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE
COUNTY OF BERGEN
STATE OF NEW JERSEY**

**AGREEMENT FOR PROFESSIONAL SERVICES
AFFORDABLE HOUSING ADMINISTRATIVE AGENT**

This Agreement made this _____ day of _____, 2025, by and between:

THE BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE, a municipal corporation of the State of New Jersey, located at 500 West Crescent Avenue, Allendale, New Jersey 07401 (hereinafter the “Borough”),

and

LECKINGTON ADVISORS LLC, with offices located at 105 Cadwalader Drive Trenton, New Jersey 08618 (hereinafter the “Consultant”).

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, the Borough requires the services of a qualified Affordable Housing Administrative Agent to assist with the oversight, monitoring, and compliance of affordable housing units within the Borough in accordance with the Uniform Housing Affordability Controls (UHAC) and applicable law; and

WHEREAS, Leckington Advisors LLC has submitted a proposal dated August 15, 2025, to provide such services and has represented that it possesses the necessary qualifications and experience to perform said services; and

WHEREAS, the Borough, by Resolution adopted on _____, 2025, authorized the execution of this Agreement;

NOW, THEREFORE, the parties agree as follows:

1. Scope of Services

Leckington Advisors LLC shall perform Affordable Housing Administrative Agent services as outlined in its proposal dated August 15, 2025, including but not limited to:

- Technical assistance and compliance oversight;
- Review of documents, marketing plans, and pricing schedules;
- Monitoring of Administrative Agents engaged by developers;
- Advising on policies, procedures, and ordinances;

- Assisting the Municipal Housing Liaison with required annual monitoring reports;
- Other related services as reasonably requested by the Borough.

The specific affordable housing properties and projects to be administered under this Agreement shall be designated by the Borough during the contract term.

2. Compensation

The Borough shall compensate Consultant at a rate of **\$185.00 per hour**, billed in quarter-hour increments, not to exceed **\$15,000 annually**, plus approved reimbursable expenses (e.g., postage, printing, copying), in accordance with the proposal. Consultant shall submit itemized invoices monthly.

3. Term

This Agreement shall commence on _____, 2025, and continue for one (1) year, unless sooner terminated by either party upon thirty (30) days written notice.

4. Independent Contractor

Leckington Advisors LLC shall perform services as an independent contractor and not as an employee or agent of the Borough.

5. Compliance with Law

Consultant shall comply with all applicable federal, state, and local laws, regulations, and requirements in the performance of services under this Agreement.

6. Insurance

Consultant shall maintain professional liability insurance and any other insurance required by law, and shall provide certificates of insurance to the Borough upon request.

7. Indemnification

Consultant agrees to indemnify, defend, and hold harmless the Borough, its officers, employees, and agents from any and all claims, liabilities, damages, or expenses arising out of Consultant's performance of services under this Agreement, except to the extent caused by the Borough's sole negligence.

8. Entire Agreement

This Agreement, together with the proposal dated August 15, 2025, constitutes the entire understanding between the parties and may only be amended in writing, signed by both parties.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be executed on the date first above written.

BOROUGH OF ALLENDALE

By: _____
Mayor Amy Wilczynski

Attest: _____
Linda Cervino, Borough Clerk

LECKINGTON ADVISORS LLC

By: _____
Marc Leckington, President

Date: _____